

CORRECTION



Correction: Performance of *Pf*HRP2-RDT for malaria diagnosis during the first year of life in a high malaria transmission area in Burkina Faso

Hamtandi Magloire Natama¹ · Tiampam Edwig Traoré¹ · Toussaint Rouamba¹ · M. Athanase Somé¹ ·
Serge Henri Zango¹ · Eduard Rovira-Vallbona² · Hermann Sorgho¹ · Pieter Guetens³ · Maminata Coulibaly-Traoré¹ ·
Innocent Valéa¹ · Halidou Tinto¹ · Anna Rosanas-Urgell³

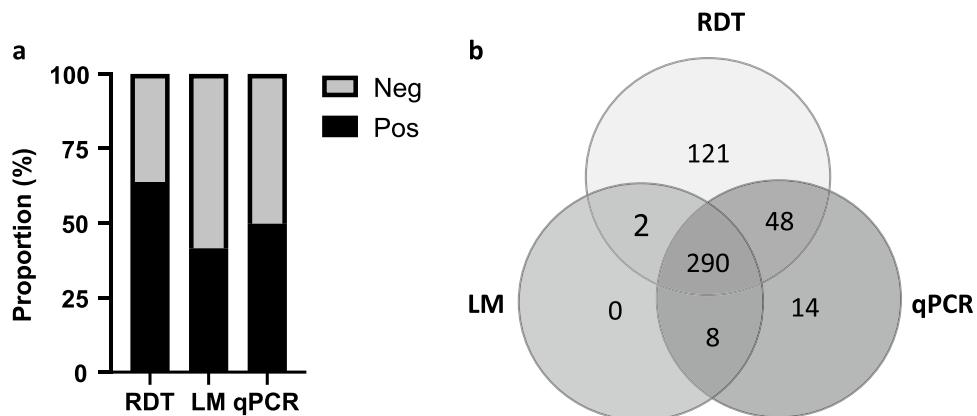
Accepted: 8 February 2023 / Published online: 22 February 2023
© Indian Society for Parasitology 2023

Correction to: Journal of Parasitic Diseases
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s12639-023-01566-x>

Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

In this article, the format of Fig. 2[a and b] was published incorrectly; the Fig. 2 should have appeared as shown below.

Fig. 2 Malaria diagnosis by RDT, LM and qPCR. (a) Stacked bar chart showing the relative proportion of positive samples per diagnostic tool; (b) Venn diagram showing matched and discrepancy positive results between SD-Bipline Malaria RDT P.f®, LM and qPCR



The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12639-023-01566-x>.

✉ Hamtandi Magloire Natama
natamagloire@yahoo.fr

¹ Institut de Recherche en Sciences de La Santé (IRSS), Unité de Recherche Clinique de Nanoro, Nanoro, Burkina Faso

² Universitat de Barcelona, Barcelona Institute for Global Health (ISGlobal), Barcelona, Spain

³ Department of Biomedical Sciences, Institute of Tropical Medicine, Antwerp, Belgium