

**Immunology.** In the article “Radiometal labeling of recombinant proteins by a genetically engineered minimal chelation site: Technetium-99m coordination by single-chain Fv antibody fusion proteins through a C-terminal cysteinyl peptide” by Andrew J. T. George, François Jamar, Mei-Sheng Tai, Bridget T. Heelan, Gregory P. Adams, John E.

McCartney, L. L. Houston, Louis M. Weiner, Hermann Oppermann, A. Michael Peters, and James S. Huston, which appeared in number 18, August 29, 1995, of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (92, 8358–8362), Fig. 4 was not satisfactorily reproduced. Therefore, a new figure and its legend are shown below.

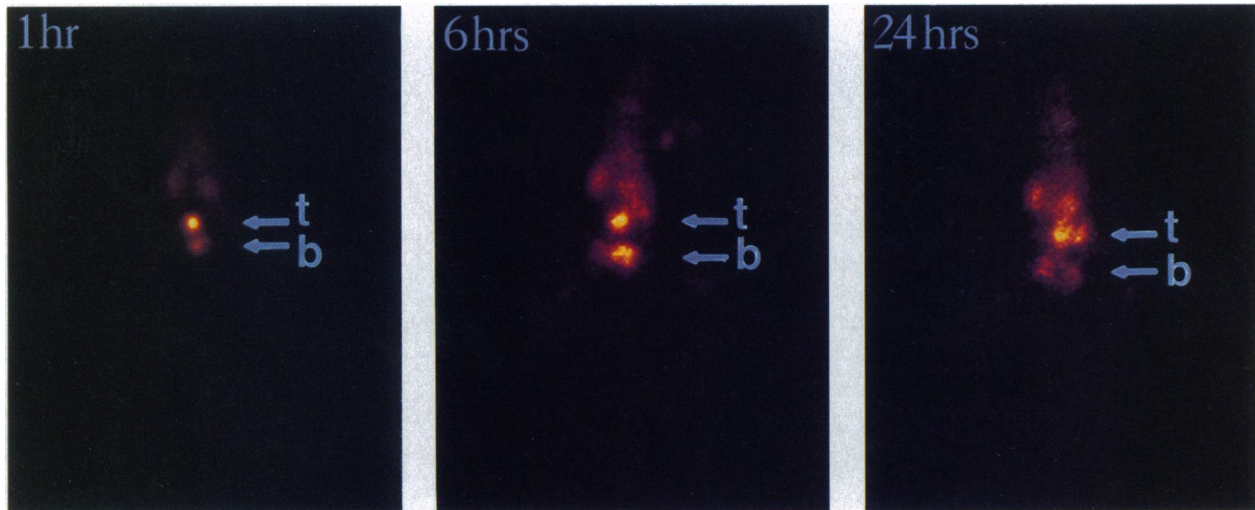


FIG. 4. Imaging of human ovarian tumor xenografts in *scid* mice by  $^{99m}\text{Tc}$ -labeled 741F8-1 anti-c-erbB-2 sFv'.  $\gamma$  camera images were obtained 1, 6, and 24 hr after the i.v. administration of  $^{99m}\text{Tc}$ -labeled 741F8-1 sFv' to *scid* mice bearing SK-OV-3 tumor xenografts. The 20,000-count anterior images from a representative mouse with a 478-mg tumor show radioactivity mainly in the tumor (t) and bladder (b). Kidneys are visible as two patches above the tumor. The moderate bladder and kidney activities detectable at 1 and 6 hr were aided by stimulation of urinary output, which would likewise be effected in a clinical setting. The 24-hr image also shows higher relative activity in the kidneys and bowel; in this imaging experiment, the animal was not positioned flatly on the stage, as in the other panels, resulting in an asymmetric tumor image. Colors indicate high to low levels of  $\gamma$  emission, ranging from yellow, through brownish orange, to brown for the lowest values.

**Genetics.** In the article “An *Escherichia coli* chromosomal “addiction module” regulated by 3',5'-bispyrophosphate: A model for programmed bacterial cell death,” by Einat Aizenman, Hanna Engelberg-Kulka, and Gad Glaser, which appeared in number 12, June 11, 1996, of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (93, 6059–6063), the following should be noted: The title of the paper as printed is technically incorrect and should read, “An *Escherichia coli* chromosomal “addiction module” regulated by guanosine 3',5'-bispyrophosphate: A model for programmed bacterial cell death.” In addition, 3',5'-bispyrophosphate should be corrected to guanosine 3',5'-bispyrophosphate in three additional locations on page 6059: (i) Abstract, line 10; (ii) text, first line of the left column; (iii) Abbreviations.