



Published in final edited form as:

Cancer Cell. 2024 June 10; 42(6): 1130–1131. doi:10.1016/j.ccell.2024.05.019.

T-Lymphoblastic Lymphoma Cells Express High Levels of BCL2, S1P1, and ICAM1, Leading to a Blockade of Tumor Cell Intravasation

Hui Feng,
David L. Stachura,
Richard M. White,
Alejandro Gutierrez,
Lu Zhang,
Takaomi Sanda,
Cicely A. Jette,
Joseph R. Testa,
Donna S. Neuberg,
David M. Langenau,
Jeffery L. Kutok,
Leonard I. Zon,
David Traver,
Mark D. Fleming,
John P. Kanki,
A. Thomas Look*

We, the authors of this publication, determined a mechanism that explains why malignant T cells remain localized to the thymus in patients with T-lymphoblastic lymphoma but widely disseminate in patients with acute T-lymphoblastic leukemia. We have recently been made aware of some errors in the figures. The same bright-field image was mistakenly overlaid on the GFP images in both panels of Figures 1K and 1L during initial figure preparation. Unfortunately, we are unable to retrieve the original bright-field images at this time. We have now provided below the revised figure to include only the original GFP images. In Figures 3F and 4A, selected immunoblot lanes from the same blots were assembled next to each other without indicating the cuts between lanes. We have provided both figures below with updated panels to include demarcating lines, indicating that these lanes were not immediately adjacent. These changes do not alter the interpretation of the experiments or the conclusions of the paper. We apologize for any confusion these errors may have caused.

*Correspondence: thomas_look@dfci.harvard.edu.

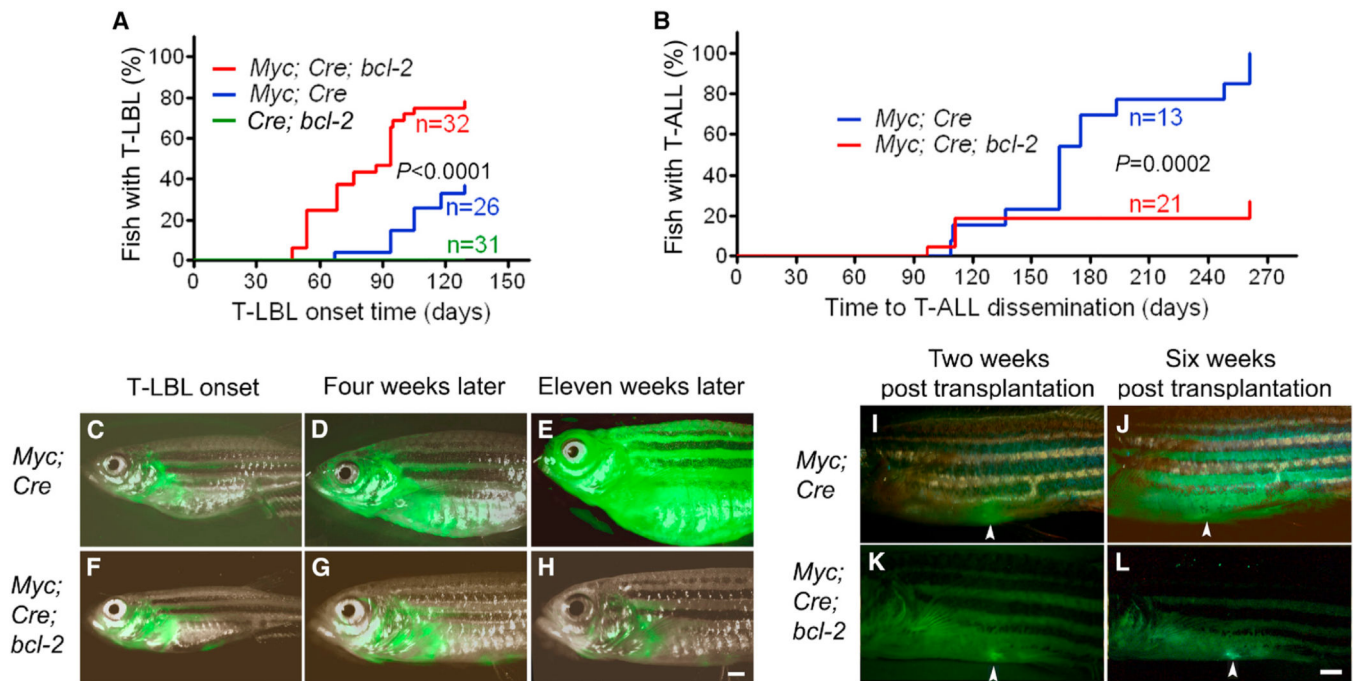


Figure 1.
Bcl-2 Promotes Onset but Inhibits the Progression of *Myc*-Induced T-LBL in Zebrafish
 (corrected)

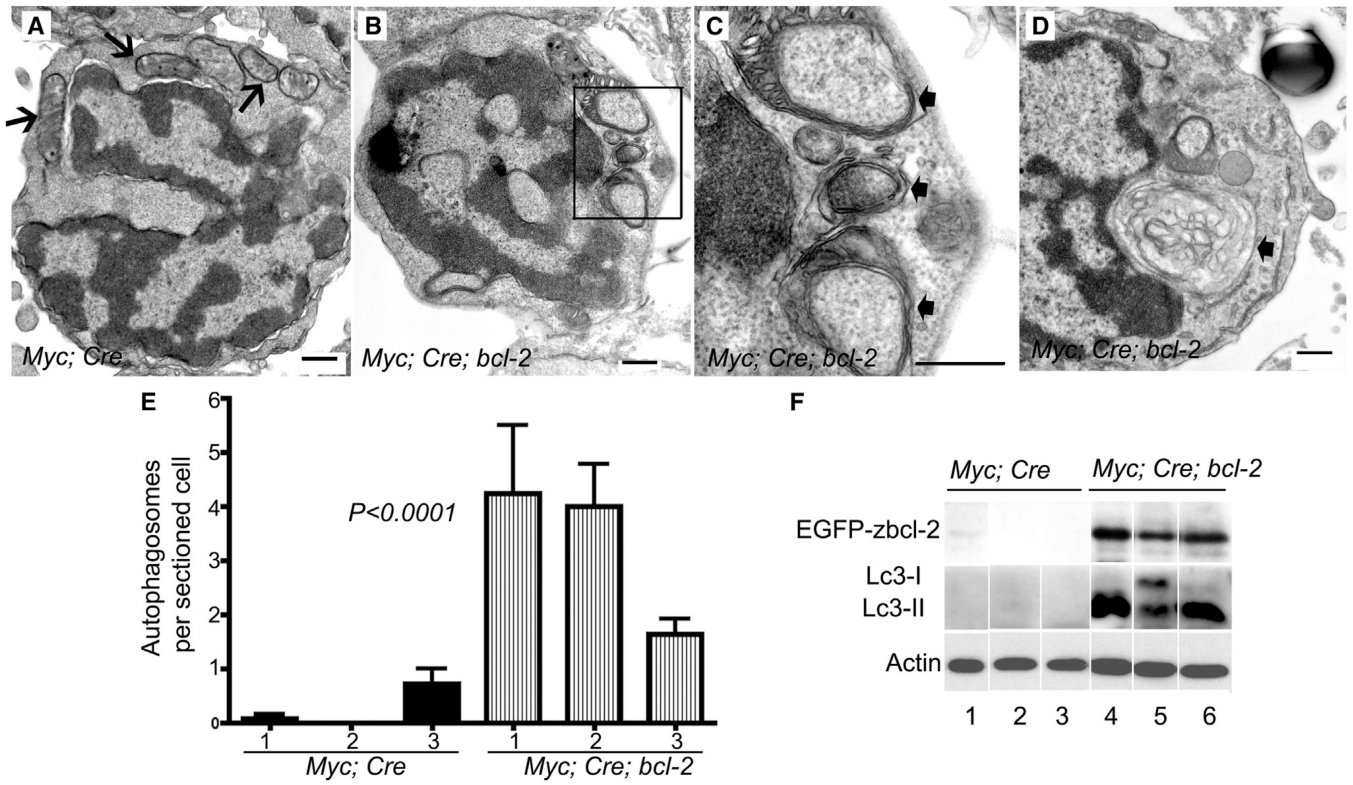


Figure 3.
Zebrafish Lymphoblasts Overexpressing *Myc* and *bcl-2* Undergo Autophagy (corrected)

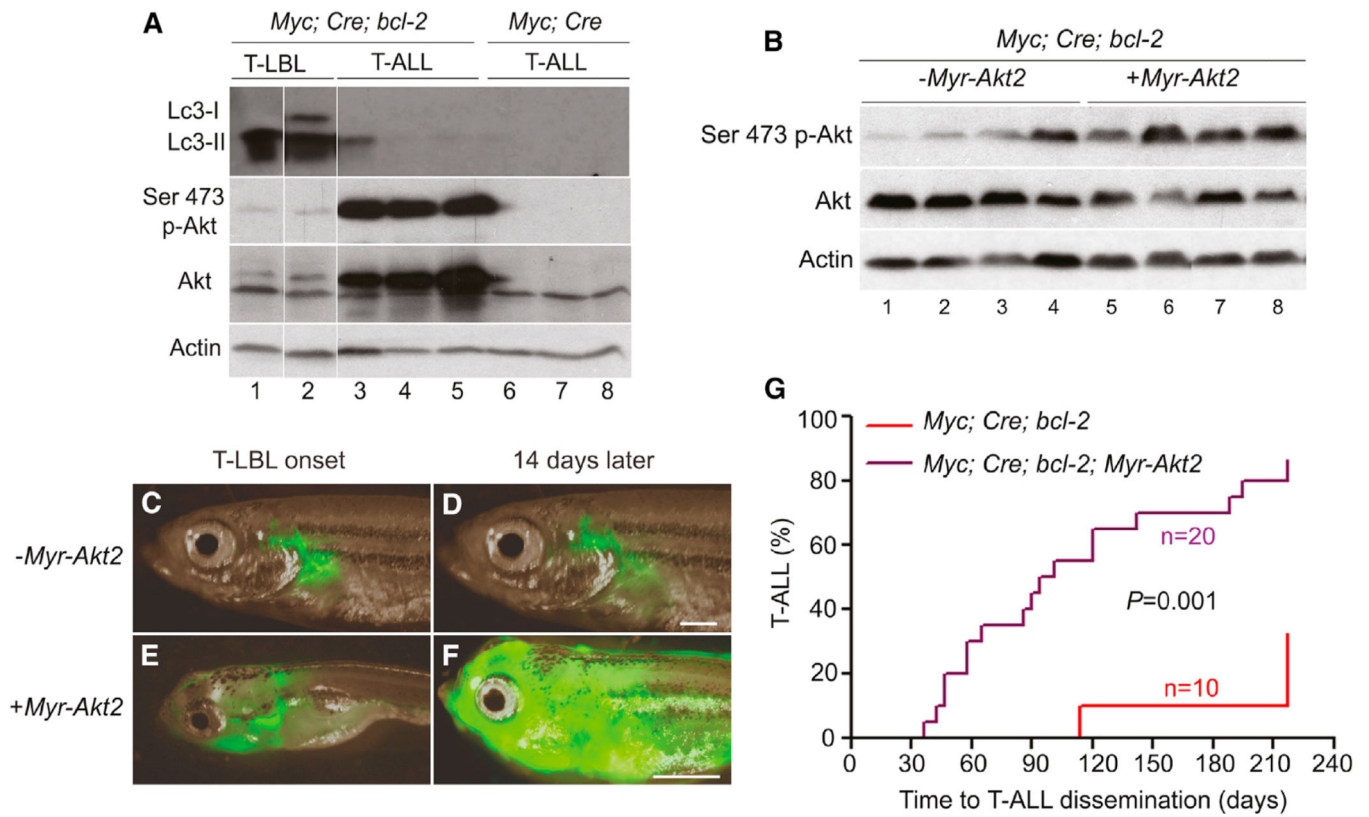


Figure 4. Akt Activation Promotes the Progression of T-LBL to T-ALL in *Myc;Cre;bcl-2* Transgenic Fish (corrected)