CORRECTION



Correction: Implications of Oxybate Dosing Regimen for Sleep, Sleep Architecture, and Disrupted Nighttime Sleep in Patients with Narcolepsy: A Commentary

Published online: June 24, 2024 © The Author(s) 2024

Correction to: Neurol Ther (2023) 12:1805–1820

https://doi.org/10.1007/s40120-023-00543-z

In this article Russell Rosenberg is deceased; Chad Ruoff has been denoted as the corresponding author with affiliation 'Division of Pulmonary Medicine, Mayo Clinic, 13400 East Shea Boulevard, Scottsdale, AZ 85259, USA, e-mail: Ruoff.Chad@mayo.edu'.

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1007/s40120-023-00543-z.

Russell Rosenberg passed away after the publication of the commentary.

Rogelio Braceras and Wayne Macfadden are former employees of Jazz Pharmaceuticals.

R. Rosenberg NeuroTrials Research, Inc., Atlanta, GA, USA

R. Braceras \cdot W. Macfadden \cdot S. Candler Jazz Pharmaceuticals, Philadelphia, PA, USA

J. Black Center for Sleep Sciences and Medicine, Stanford University, Palo Alto, CA, USA

J. Black Jazz Pharmaceuticals, Palo Alto, CA, USA

C. Ruoff (⋈) Division of Pulmonary Medicine, Mayo Clinic, 13400 East Shea Boulevard, Scottsdale, AZ 85259,

e-mail: Ruoff.Chad@mayo.edu

number of sleep stage shifts, number of arousals, and patient-reported sleep quality, the values for the REST-ON trial were inadvertently taken from a subgroup analysis of participants taking stimulants presented in Table 2 of the source article [1], rather than from the modified intent-to-treat (mITT) population (reported in Figs. 1–3 of the source article). Additionally, a minus symbol was missing from the value reported for the number of awakenings for the placebo group corresponding to the 6 g dose for SXB trial 2 and values were adjusted to remove "0" after a decimal place where unnecessary for this trial. Table 2 in our Commentary article has been corrected (see next page) to provide the values for the mITT population for the 3 parameters from the REST-ON trial and add the omitted minus symbol and align the decimal places for SXB trial 2.

In Table 2 of this Commentary article, for the

Similarly, in the section "Both Twice-Nightly and Once-Nightly Oxybate Regimens Improve PSG Measures of DNS, With a Similar Magnitude of Effect" of this article, the number of stage shifts was incorrectly given as — 19.6 (the value for the subgroup analysis) instead of — 20.5 (the value for the modified intent-to-treat population). The corrected sentence is as follows: "Following 13 weeks of SXB-ER treatment (titrated to 9 g), total shifts per night from N1/2/3/REM to wake and N2/3/REM to N1 decreased significantly from baseline (LSM, — 20.5); this trial did not report stage shifts

Table 2 Effects of oxybate treatment on PSG measures of DNS

	Twice-nightly oxybat	Once-nightly oxybate (SXB-ER)			
	SXB trial 1	SXB trial 2	Pediatric SXB trial	SXB trial 3	REST-ON trial
PSG measures of DNS	Median change from baseline to 8 weeks	Median change from baseline to 4 weeks (6 g) or 8 weeks (9 g)	Median change from baseline to end of study (individual doses)	Mean at 4 weeks (4.5 g), 6 weeks (6 g), 8 weeks (7.5 g), or 10 weeks (9 g)	LSMD vs placebo at week 3 (6 g), week 8 (7.5 g), or week 13 (9 g)
TST, min	Increased	Not significant	-	Not significant	-
	Placebo: 0.3	Placebo: - 5.5		(4.5 g decreased)	
	SXB 4.5 g: 0	SXB 6 g: - 5		Baseline: 383.4	
	SXB 6 g: 13.0	Placebo: - 0.5		SXB 4.5 g: 364.8*	
	SXB 9 g: 18.0 [†]	SXB 9 g: - 4.5		SXB 6 g: 363.0	
				SXB 7.5 g: 374.1	
				SXB 9 g: 380.8	
WASO, min	Decreased	-	-	-	-
	Placebo: 2.0				
	SXB 4.5 g: - 5.8				
	SXB 6 g: - 3.8				
	SXB 9 g: -22.0^{\dagger}				
N1, min	Decreased	Decreased	Decreased	Not significant	Decreased
(except pediatric	Placebo: - 2.3	Placebo: 3.25	SXB-naive: - 4.6%	Baseline: 74.8	SXB-ER 6 g: -5.9^{\dagger}
data)	SXB 4.5 g: - 9.5	SXB 6 g: - 9.5 Placebo: 1.5 SXB 9 g: - 16 ^{†††}	Taking SXB at study entry: — 0.6%	SXB 4.5 g: 72.3	SXB-ER 7.5 g: $-11.0^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$
	SXB 6 g: $-13.5^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$			SXB 6 g: 68.1	SXB-ER 9 g: $-13.4^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$
	SXB 9 g: $-22.5^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$			SXB 7.5 g: 69.4	
				SXB 9 g: 62.6	
N2, min	Not significant	Not significant	No change	Not significant	Not significant
	Placebo: 3.5	Placebo: - 5.25	Values not reported	Baseline: 217.8	SXB-ER 6 g: - 6.6
	SXB 4.5 g: 9.5	SXB 6 g: 0.5		SXB 4.5 g: 216.9	SXB-ER 7.5 g: 3.6
	SXB 6 g: 13.0	Placebo: - 8.25		SXB 6 g: 216.9	SXB-ER 9 g: - 13.5
	SXB 9 g: 31.5	SXB 9 g: 3.5		SXB 7.5 g: 224.1	
				SXB 9 g: 238.0	
SWS, min	Increased	Increased	Increased SXB-naive: 12.6% Taking SXB at study entry: — 1.0%	Increased	Increased SXB-ER 6 g: 22.1 ^{†††} SXB-ER 7.5 g: 26.8 ^{†††} SXB-ER 9 g: 38.4 ^{†††}
(except pediatric	Placebo: 0	Placebo: 0		Baseline: 3.0 (1st half),	
data)	SXB 4.5 g: 3.0 [†]	SXB 6 g: 11 [†]		0.6 (2nd half)	
	SXB 6 g: 21.0 ^{†††}	Placebo: 0		SXB 4.5 g: 3.5 (1st half), 0.7 (2nd half)	
	SXB 9 g: 52.5 ^{†††}	SXB 9 g: 43.5 ^{†††}		SXB 6 g: 5.5 (1st half),	
				4.5 (2nd half)	
			SXB 7.5 g: 9.8 (1st half), 4.5* (2nd half)		
				SXB 9 g: 14.2 (1st half), 12.6* (2nd half)	

Table 2 continued

	Twice-nightly oxyba	Once-nightly oxybate (SXB-ER)			
	SXB trial 1	SXB trial 2	Pediatric SXB trial	SXB trial 3	REST-ON trial
REM, min (except pediatric data)	Decreased	Decreased	Decreased	Decreased	Decreased
	Placebo: - 1.0 SXB 4.5 g: - 6.0 SXB 6 g: - 7.0 SXB 9 g: - 22.0 [†]	Placebo: 6.25 SXB 6 g: - 14.5 ^{††} Placebo: 10 SXB 9 g: - 38.5 ^{†††}	SXB-naive: — 6.0% Taking SXB at study entry: not reported	Baseline: 31.2 (1st half), 56.0 (2nd half) SXB 4.5 g: 29.7 (1st half), 43.5* (2nd half) SXB 6 g: 26.3 (1st half), 42.7*** (2nd half) SXB 7.5 g: 31.3 (1st half), 34.9*** (2nd half) SXB 9 g: 22.9 (1st half),	SXB-ER 6 g: $-16.7^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$ SXB-ER 7.5 g: $-27.2^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$ SXB-ER 9 g: $-24.5^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$
OLIC C	D 1	D 1		30.5*** (2nd half)	D 1
Shifts from N2/N3/ REM to N1/wake	(LSM change from baseline in shifts per hour)	Decreased (LSM change from baseline in shifts per night)	-	-	Decreased (LSMD change from baseline in shifts per night to wake or N1 from N1, N2, N3, and REM)
	Placebo: - 0.8	Placebo: -0.6 SXB 9 g: $-16.5^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$			SXB-ER 6 g: $-11.0^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$
	SXB 4.5 g: -1.7				SXB-ER 7.5 g: $-17.7^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$
	SXB 6 g: -2.7^{\dagger}				SXB-ER 9 g: $-22.6^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$
Cl.:C	SXB 9 g: $-4.4^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$				
Shifts from N2/N3 to N1/wake	Decreased (LSM change from baseline in shifts per hour) Placebo: — 0.3	_	-	-	
	SXB 4.5 g: - 0.9				
	SXB 6 g: -1.7^{\dagger} SXB 9 g: $-3.1^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$				
Shifts from	Decreased	Decreased	-	-	
REM to N1/wake	(LSM change from baseline in shifts per hour)	(LSM change from baseline in shifts per night)			
	Placebo: - 1.9	Placebo: - 0.6			
	SXB 4.5 g: - 3.8	SXB 9 g: $-6.0^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$			
	SXB 6 g: - 5.0				
	SXB 9 g: -7.6^{\dagger}				

Table 2 continued

	Twice-nightly oxyba	Once-nightly oxybate (SXB-ER)			
	SXB trial 1	SXB trial 2	Pediatric SXB trial	SXB trial 3	REST-ON trial
Arousals	-	-	Decreased SXB-naive: - 43.0 Taking SXB at study entry: - 1.0	-	Decreased SXB-ER 6 g: - 11.3 [†] SXB-ER 7.5 g: - 19.4 ^{†††} SXB-ER 9 g: - 23.7 ^{†††}
Awakenings	Decreased Placebo: -0.5 SXB 4.5 g: -5.0 SXB 6 g: $-8.0^{\dagger\dagger}$ SXB 9 g: $-12.0^{\dagger\dagger}$	Decreased Placebo: -0.5 SXB 6 g: -1 Placebo: -0.5 SXB 9 g: $-6^{\dagger\dagger}$	No change SXB-naive: — 4.0 awakenings Taking SXB at study entry: 1.5 awakenings	Decreased Baseline: 50.2 SXB 4.5 g: 50.0 SXB 6 g: 45.1 SXB 7.5 g: 37.3*** SXB 9 g: 37.8**	-
Patient- reported sleep quality	Improved (4-point Likert scale) ^a Placebo: -0.10 SXB 4.5 g: -0.41^{\dagger} SXB 6 g: -0.31^{\dagger} SXB 9 g: $-0.46^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}$	Improved (LSM change from baseline on question 6 of the PSQI) Placebo: — 0.07 SXB 9 g: — 0.52 ^{†††}		Improved (Self-reported degree of change) Baseline: 0% (much), 14% (somewhat) SXB 4.5 g: 19% (much), 57% (somewhat) SXB 6 g: 24% (much), 67% (somewhat) SXB 7.5 g: 24% (much), 62% (somewhat) SXB 9 g: 24% (much), 57% (somewhat)	Improved (Visual analog scale from 0–100) ^b SXB-ER 6 g: 7.0 ^{†††} SXB-ER 7.5 g: 9.9 ^{†††} SXB-ER 9 g: 10.4 ^{†††}

DNS disrupted nighttime sleep, LSM least squared mean, LSMD least squared mean difference, N1/2 stage 1/2 non-rapid eye movement sleep, ns not significant, PSG polysomnography, REM rapid eye movement, S3/S4 stage 3/4, SWS slow-wave sleep, SXB sodium oxybate, SXB-ER sodium oxybate for extended release, TST total sleep time, WASO wake after sleep onset

broken down by sleep stage as were reported in SXB trials 1 and 2 [20]."

These corrections do not impact the conclusions of this Commentary article.

The original article has been corrected.

Open Access. This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-Non-Commercial 4.0 International License, which permits any non-commercial use, sharing,

adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not

^aAssessed with 4-point Likert-type scale (0, excellent; 1, good; 2, fair; 3, poor)

^bBaseline scores were 53.8 and 55.9 in ON-SXB and placebo groups, respectively

 $^{^{\}dagger}P < 0.05$ vs placebo. $^{\dagger\dagger}P < 0.01$ vs placebo. $^{\dagger\dagger}P < 0.001$ vs placebo. $^{\star}P < 0.05$ vs baseline. $^{\star\star}P < 0.01$ vs baseline. $^{\star\star\star}P < 0.005$ vs baseline.

permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/.

REFERENCE

1. Roth T, Dauvilliers Y, Thorpy MJ, et al. Effect of FT218, a once-nightly sodium oxybate formulation, on disrupted nighttime sleep in patients with narcolepsy: results from the randomized phase III REST-ON trial. CNS Drugs. 2022;36(4):377–87.