

## CORRECTION

## Correction to “Incidence and risk factors for norovirus-related diarrhea in Japanese geriatric intermediate care facilities: A prospective cohort study”

Suita A, Ohfuji S, Fukushima W, *et al.* Incidence and risk factors for norovirus-related diarrhea in Japanese geriatric intermediate care facilities: A prospective cohort study. *Geriatrics & Gerontology International*. 2023;23:179–187.

On page 182, the following paragraphs in the Discussion section are incorrect:

‘The present cohort study at Japanese geriatric intermediate care facilities demonstrated that the incidence rate of norovirus-related diarrhea is 10.11 per 1000 person-years, and that four characteristics of residents are possible risk factors for norovirus-related diarrhea: care-needs level 3, stroke, hypertension and use of a cane for walking.

The incidence rate of norovirus-related diarrhea in the present study subjects was much lower than that previously reported in a prospective cohort study at care homes in England, which found an incidence rate of 225.2 per 1000 person-years<sup>20</sup>.’

These should be corrected as follows:

‘The present cohort study at Japanese geriatric intermediate care facilities demonstrated that the incidence rate of developing diarrhea is 59.03 per 1000 person-years, and that of norovirus-related diarrhea is 10.11 per 1000 person-years, and that four characteristics of residents are possible risk factors for norovirus-related diarrhea: care-needs level 3, stroke, hypertension and use of a cane for walking.

The incidence rate of developing diarrhea in the present study subjects was much lower than that previously reported in a prospective cohort study at care homes in England, which found an incidence rate of 225.2 per 1000 person-years<sup>20</sup>. As far as we know, the incidence rate of norovirus-related diarrhea was not reported in previous studies, so we could not make a comparison.’

We apologize for these errors.