

Correspondence

Online Access to CGH Data of DNA Sequence Copy Number Changes

To the Editor-in-Chief:

We have combined and updated tables on DNA copy number amplifications and losses detected in human neoplasms by comparative genomic hybridization (CGH), reported in our recent reviews.^{1,2} Listing of the chromosomal locations of recurrent DNA copy number changes in 73 tumor types from 283 reports available at the end of last year can be accessed online at http://www.helsinki.fi/~lgl_www/CMG.html.

When reviewing the CGH literature, we encountered several problems, mainly the following:

1. Different CGH systems (software applications) had been used.

2. There were no consensus criteria for thresholds of losses, gains, and amplifications. In our compilation, we chose to apply an intensity ratio of 1.5 or higher as the threshold value for amplifications.

3. The results, with some exceptions, had not been confirmed using other techniques.

Thus, one should be careful in comparing the original paper and our data file.

The online files include a figure constructed from the composite profiles of the listed recurrent DNA copy number sequence changes (Figure 1). Major data updates of the files are scheduled for July and December 2000. In the meantime, occasional reports will be added to the compilation.

Sakari Knuutila
Kirsi Autio
Yan Aalto

Haartman Institute and Helsinki University Hospital
Helsinki, Finland

References

1. Knuutila S, Bjorkqvist A-M, Autio K, Tarkkanen M, Wolf M, Monni O, Szymanska J, Larramendy ML, Tapper J, Pere H, El-Rifai W, Hemmer S, Wasenius V-M, Vidgren V, Zhu Y: DNA copy number amplifications in human neoplasms: review of comparative genomic hybridization studies. *Am J Pathol* 1998, 152:1107–1123
2. Knuutila S, Aalto Y, Autio K, Bjorkqvist A-M, El-Rifai W, Hemmer S, Huhta T, Kettunen E, Kiuru-Kuhlefelt S, Larramendy ML, Lushnikova T, Monni O, Pere H, Tapper J, Tarkkanen M, Varis A, Wasenius V-M, Wolf M, Zhu Y: DNA copy number losses in human neoplasms. *Am J Pathol* 1999, 155:683–694

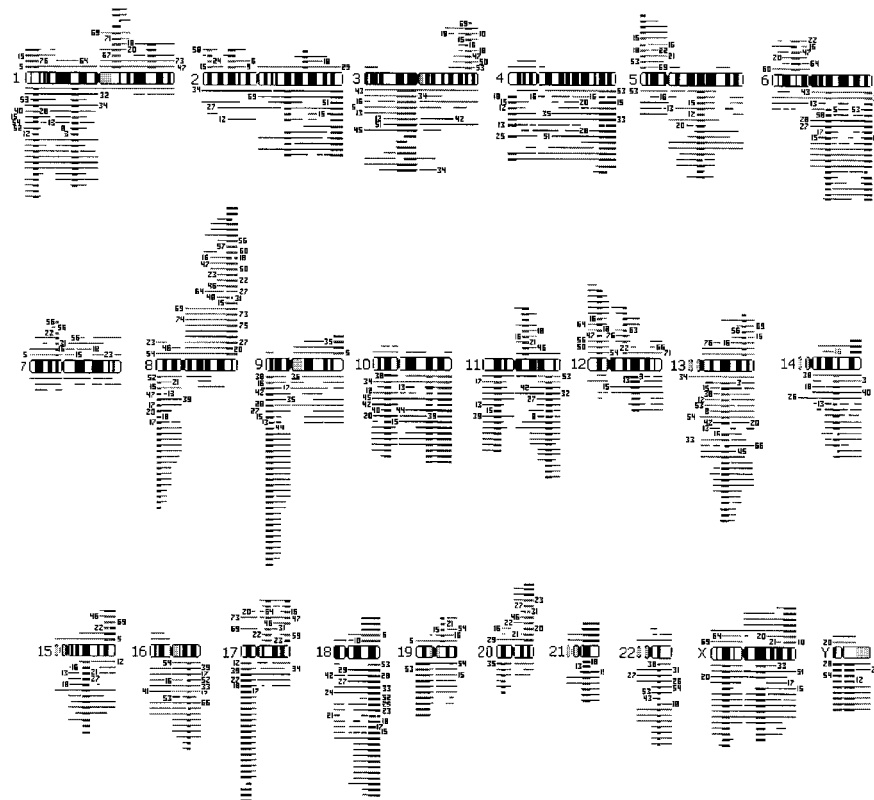


Figure 1. Recurrent DNA sequence copy number amplifications (above the chromosome) and losses (under the chromosome) among 73 human neoplasia subtypes. Each line represents a single tumor entity in which a particular amplicon or loss has been observed recurrently (for amplifications in $\geq 5\%$ of cases and in at least three cases if numbered, $< 5\%$ if not numbered; for losses in $\geq 30\%$ of cases if numbered, in ≥ 10 but $< 30\%$ if not numbered). The numbers have been assigned to the tumor entities in the tabulation available on our web site, [http://www.helsinki.fi/~lgl-\[lowhy\]www/CMG.html](http://www.helsinki.fi/~lgl-[lowhy]www/CMG.html). Areas in bold indicate recurrent changes seen in a great variety of tumor entities (the minimal overlapping area in different tumor entities).

Correction

In the article entitled *Bone Marrow in Polycythemia Vera, Chronic Myelocytic Leukemia, and Myelofibrosis Has an Increased Vascularity* (Volume 157, Pages 15–19) the author affiliations should have read as follows:

Lars Göran Lundberg,* Richard Lerner,‡
Pär Sundelin,† Rick Rogers,§ Judah Folkman,¶
and Jan Palmblad‡

From the Departments of Medicine and Clinical Pathology,†
Stockholm Söder Hospital, Stockholm, Sweden; the Department of
Hematology,‡ Huddinge University Hospital, Stockholm, Sweden;
the Department of Environmental Health,§ Harvard School of
Public Health, Boston, Massachusetts; and Children's Hospital,¶
Harvard School of Medicine, Boston, Massachusetts*