Video Article Title Cell Encapsulation by Droplets

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Abstract

Protocol

NIH3T3 cells preparation:

A. Cells for Ejection

- 1. Trypsinize cells, then dilute 1:1 with cell media, and transfer from a T75 flask to a 15 mL Falcon tube
- 2. Spin down cells into a pellet by centrifuging, aspirate supernatant and wash cells with DPBS
- 3. Spin down cells into a pellet again, and aspirate supernatant
- 4. Resuspend cells in media
- 5. Determine cell density with hemocytometer (~200 X 10⁴ cells/mL per T75 flask)
- 6. Centrifuge cell solution, aspirate supernatant, and resuspend in appropriate amount of media for varying cell concentrations

B. Cell ejection

- 1. Vortex cells before using for ejection
- 2. Transfer 200 µL of cell solution into syringe
- 3. Set appropriate mode on pulse generator
 - 1. For ejecting single droplets and multiple droplets (bursts), set pulse generator to "E. BUR" mode
 - 2. For continuous droplet ejection, set pulse generator to "NORM" mode
- 4. Change signal settings
 - 1. Set high level and low level output voltage: HIL to 5 V and LOL to 0 V and make sure the"LIM"LED is on
 - 2. Set signal as a square pulse
 - 3. Change the amount of time the solenoid valve is open for droplet ejection by changing the value for "WID" or changing duty cycle ("DUTY")
 - 4. Change the frequency of ejection by changing the value for "PER"
 - 5. Change the number of droplets ejected in a burst by changing the value for "BUR"
- 5. Eject cell solution onto prepared substrate for imaging with microscope

C. Staining

- 1. Make up dye solution with 0.5 µL calcein-AM and 2 µL ethidium homodimer per mL of DPBS
- 2. Immerse prepared substrate in dye solution
- 3. Allow sample to incubate for 10 minutes at 37°C before imaging

Experiment Validation

- 1. On a Nikon Eclipse TE-2000 U Fluorescent Microscope
 - 1. Spot advanced software (Diagnostics, Inc.)
 - 2. Live/Dead Assay

References