Correction. In the article "Channel protein engineering: Synthetic 22-mer peptide from the primary structure of the voltage-sensitive sodium channel forms ionic channels in lipid bilayers" by Shigetoshi Oiki, Waleed Danho, and Mauricio Montal, which appeared in number 7, April 1988, of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (**85,** 2393–2397), the stereoview (Fig. 5) was unfortunately misaligned at the final printing stage of journal production. The corrected Fig. 5 and its legend are printed here.

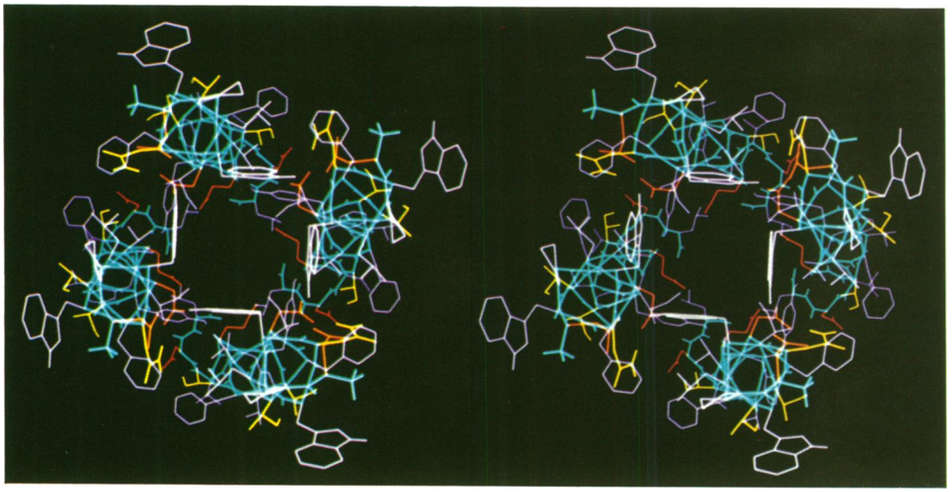

FIG. 5. A bundle of four amphipathic α-helices is a plausible structure for the synthetic channel peptide. Stereoviews of a computer-generated molecular model of the pore-forming structure (see text). Orthographic projection of the assembly (N-terminal view) showing the α-carbon backbone of the four helices (light blue), the acidic (red), basic (blue), polar-neutral (yellow), and lipophilic (purple) residues. Dimension of the central pore is 4 Å × 4 Å.