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# Asymmetric Total Synthesis of the Iridoid β-Glucoside (+)-Geniposide *via* Phosphine Organocatalysis

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## Abstract



Phosphine catalyzed [3+2] cycloaddition of ethyl-2,3-butadienoate with enone (*S*)-3b occurs with high levels of regio- and stereocontrol to deliver the *cis*-fused cyclopenta[c]pyran 4 characteristic of the iridoid family of natural products. Cycloadduct 4 was converted to the iridoid glycoside (+)-geniposide in 10 steps.

The iridoids are a large family of monoterpenoid natural products structurally characterized by a highly oxygenated *cis*-fused cyclopenta[c]pyran ring system. <sup>1</sup> Members of this class embody a diverse range of biological activities, <sup>1d</sup>, <sup>2</sup> which has made them popular synthetic targets.<sup>3</sup> Despite enormous progress, synthetic approaches to iridoid natural products that incorporate their natural  $\beta$ -glycosides remain rare due to difficulties associated with the glycosidation.<sup>4</sup>

In the course of our studies in the area of phosphine organocatalysis, <sup>5, 6, 7, 8, 9</sup> we explored intramolecular variants of Lu's phosphine catalyzed [3+2] cycloaddition reported in 1995.<sup>5a, 10, 11, 12</sup> Whereas the intermolecular cycloaddition generally provides mixtures of regio- and stereoisomeric adducts, the intramolecular cycloaddition delivers diquinanes in structurally homogenous form. As a regio- and stereocontrolled intermolecular cycloaddition of this type would be of great utility, we explored dipolarophiles possessing  $\gamma$ -heteroatom substitution, as in the case of enones **3**, which are prepared conveniently through the Achmatowicz reaction of furfuryl alcohol. <sup>13</sup> It was postulated that such  $\gamma$ -heteroatom substitution should (a) activate the dipolarophile toward cycloaddition, (b) reinforce the inherent regiochemical bias, and (c) direct the diastereofacial selectivity of cycloaddition.

Here, we report that "Achmatowicz enones" **3** engage in regio- and stereocontrolled intermolecular [3+2] cycloaddition, thus providing direct access to the iridoid ring system **4**. This methodology was applied to the synthesis of the iridoid glycoside (+)-geniposide **1**,<sup>14</sup> which displays antitumor<sup>15</sup> and anti-inflammatory<sup>16</sup> activity. The total asymmetric synthesis of (+)-geniposide **1** constitutes a formal synthesis of its aglycone (+)-genipin **2**,<sup>17, 18</sup> which recently has garnered attention as an effective treatment for type II diabetes (Scheme 1).<sup>19</sup>

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**Supporting Information Available**. Spectral data for all new compounds (<sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR, IR, HRMS). Single crystal X-ray diffraction data for the 4,5-dichlorophthalimide adduct of (*S*)-**3a** and the cycloadduct **4**. This material is available free of charge *via* the internet at http://pubs.acs.org.

Exposure of commercially available furfuryl alcohol to *m*-CPBA in dichloromethane delivered lactol *rac*-**3a** in 78% yield,<sup>12</sup> which was converted to the pivalate *rac*-**3b** in 80% yield. Kinetic resolution of *rac*-**3b** was attempted under the conditions of palladium catalyzed allylic substitution employing *p*-nitrobenzyl alcohol as nucleophile.<sup>20</sup> After careful optimization, it was found that chirally modified palladium catalysts arising from the combination of  $[(\eta^3 - C_3H_5)PdCl]_2$  (1.0 mol %) and the parent Trost ligand (3 mol %) enable recovery of the allylic pivalate (*S*)-**3b** in 92% ee in a satisfactory 70% theoretical isolated yield. Optically pure (*S*)-**3b** is readily achieved upon recrystallization from pentane. The byproduct (*R*)-**3c** was isolated in 96% theoretical isolated yield in 68% ee. Absolute stereochemistry was determined by single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis of 4,5-dichlorophthalimide adduct of (*S*)-**3b** using the anomalous dispersion method, and is consistent with the stereochemical models developed by Trost for related kinetic resolutions (Scheme 2).<sup>21</sup>

With (*S*)-**3b** in hand, the phosphine-catalyzed [3+2] cycloaddition was attempted using ethyl-2,3-butadienoate. Gratifyingly, using triphenylphosphine as catalyst (10 mol %) in toluene (0.2 M) at 110 °C, the desired cycloadduct **4** was obtained in 63% isolated yield after 30 minutes as a single regio- and stereoisomer, as confirmed by single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis. Note that while two equivalents of (*S*)-**3b** are used in the cycloaddition, unreacted (*S*)-**3b** was recovered in 96% isolated yield.

Installation of the  $\alpha$ , $\beta$ -unsaturated methyl ester was accomplished in a stepwise fashion. Cycloadduct **4** was converted to the cyanohydrin, which upon elimination furnished the  $\alpha$ , $\beta$ -unsaturated nitrile **5** in 60% isolated yield over two steps. Chemoselective reduction of the  $\alpha$ , $\beta$ -unsaturated ethyl ester of compound **5** using DIBAL-H delivered the allylic alcohol **6** in 62% yield. Further conversion of nitrile **6** to the methyl ester was made difficult due to the sensitivity of the enol moiety to acid, as well as the base sensitivity of the pivalate. Using the Ghaffer-Parkins catalyst, <sup>22</sup> hydration of nitrile **6** to the primary amide **7** was accomplished in 87% isolated yield. Nitrosation of amide **7** resulted in hydrolysis to furnish the carboxylic acid. <sup>23</sup> During the course of this reaction the primary alcohol was converted to the acetate. Exposure of carboxylic acid to TMS-diazomethane delivered the methyl ester **8** in 74% yield over two steps.

To complete the synthesis of (+)-geniposide **1**, installation of the  $\beta$ -glucoside was required. Quite serendipitously, it was found that upon exposure of methanolic solutions of compound **8** to Otera's catalyst,<sup>24</sup> acetate removal was accompanied by transfer of the pivaloyl moiety to provide lactol **9** in 73% yield as a 5:1 mixture of epimers at the anomeric carbon. Compound **9** was independently prepared from commercially available (+)-genipin **2**, thus corroborating its structural assignment and providing a convenient source of forefront material. Glycosidation of lactol **9** employing the trichloroacetimidate as the glycosyl donor delivered the  $\beta$ -glucoside **10** in 62% yield as a single diastereomer. Global deprotection of **10** using aqueous lithium hydroxide in acetonitrile <sup>25</sup> provided (+)-geniposide **1** in 61% isolated yield, the spectral data of which corresponded to that of previously reported material.<sup>26</sup>

In summary, we report an asymmetric synthesis of the iridoid glucoside (+)-geniposide **1** in 14 steps. A key feature of our synthetic strategy involves rapid construction of the *cis*-fused cyclopenta[c]pyran iridoid ring system employing a phosphine catalyzed intermolecular [3+2] cycloaddition. Unlike typical intermolecular cycloadditions employing acrylates, fumarates and maleates, which provide adducts as mixtures of regio- and diastereoisomers, the unique structural features of  $\gamma$ -heteroatom substituted enones **3** combine high levels of reactivity with excellent regio- and stereocontrol.

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#### Scheme 1.

Retrosynthetic analysis of (+)-geniposide 1 and (+)-genipin 2.

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Kinetic resolution of *rac-3b* using palladium catalyzed allylic substitution.

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