

## **Sequences of two genomic fragments containing an identical coding region for a putative egg-shell precursor protein of *Schistosoma mansoni***

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**Submitted June 16, 1987**

Accession no. Y00374

We have sequenced two genomic DNA fragments corresponding to a putative eggshell protein precursor of the human parasite S. mansoni (1). The 1144 bp HindIII-EcoRI and 901 bp EcoRI-EcoRI fragments were isolated from a Liberian strain of S. mansoni. The 635 bp 3' to the translation start point of both fragments are perfectly homologous. 220 bp upstream from the start of translation are also highly conserved (identity indicated by ., differences by \*). Further upstream divergence increases although homology is still discernible. Two overlapping TATA boxes (outlined) place the likely start of transcription (») 40 bp upstream from the start of translation and indicate that there are no introns (compare cDNA (1)).

#### HindIII-EcoRI fragment

1 AAAGCTTGTAAAATTTAACCGGGCTGCAATTCTCTCATGATACTGGTCACACTCAGTCCTTAAATCACTTAAATGTCGATCAACTGATGAGTCCTCCATTCAAAATGAA  
107 AACACTTATCTAGATTCATGCACTGGCTGTTAAAAACCTTCAAATACATGTTAGTGAAAGTTAAGTGCACTTAAATTTAGATAATGATAAGTGGATCAA

#### EcoRI-EcoRI fragments

319 GCTCAACTATCATTAAACG-TTACACAAAAGACAGTCAGTAGAGTGCACTGGTAATATGATTATGACTTGTGAGGCACAACTCTTCAAAT

425 CTATAATC~~AAAAA~~CAAAATATAATGATAAAATCACACTAGTCTACACATCATCACACCCAGTACAACAACACCAACAATTGAAAA ATG AAA CAG TCA CTC

..... C(identical till end)

T L V F 10 L V A I G Y A T A H 20 T T S H D Y S G G Y 30 G G

526 ACA CTC GTC TTC TTA GTA GCC ATT GGT TAC GCC ACC GCC C<sup>1</sup>AC ACC ACA TCA CAT GAC TAT TCG GGT GGG TAC GGT GGC  
49 50

G C Y G S D C D S G Y G D S G Y G G C T G G D C G

604 CGT TCG TAT GGT AGC GAT TGT GAT AGC CCG TAT GGC GAT ACT GGA TAT GGT GGA GGC TGT ACT GGT GGT GAC TGT GTC  
60 70 80

682 G G G Y G G G C S G G D C G M Y G G G G Y G G G D C M G G  
GGC GCC TAT GGT GGA GGT TGC AGT GGT GGA GAT TGT GGT AAT TAC GGT GGT GGC TAT GGT GGT GAT TGC AAT GGT GGA

90 100

760 GAT TGT GGT AAT TAC GGT GGT GGC TAT GGT GGT GGC AAT GGT GGT GGT TCC AGT GGT GGC AAT TGT GGA GGT GGC TTC

110 D E A F P A P Y G G D Y G H G G H G F G K G G G S K G 120 130

838 GAT GAG GCC TTC<sup>c</sup> CCT GCC CCC TAT GGC GGT GAT TAT GGT AAC GGT GGC AAC GGC TTT GGA AAA GGT GGT AGT AAA GGC  
140 150 160

816 AAC ATT TAT CGGAGAAC CGCTTATG CGC CCT ACC CGG TAAAG CGT TAAAG CGT CCT CGC AAA CGT CGC AAA CGC CGG AAA CGT

994 GGC ACT TAC AAA CCC AGC CAT TAT GGA GGC GGT TAC TGA GGCACCACTTGAGTTGATCATTCTAATTGTTGTGTCACACTCTCCA

1084 CTGTCTTATTTCTACACACCTCTCAATTCAACTCACTGTAATATACTCGTGTTCGAATT

Lower case characters indicate ambiguous bases in sequence autoradiograms. Published sequence differences: in

(1)  $\text{I}=\text{T}$ ,  $\text{C}=\text{C}$ ,  $\text{A}=\text{A}$  (point substitutions),  $\text{G}=GGTGGCATATGGT$  (insertion); in (2) 24 bp are missing, whose exact position is ambiguous because of repeats. ' and ' indicate the limits of the 5' and 3' borders respectively.

#### REFERENCES

1. Bobek, L., et al. (1986) PNAS 83, 5544-5548.
  2. Simpson, A.J.G., et al. (1987) Mol. Biochem. Parasitol. 22, 169-176.