Chicken histone H3.3B cDNA sequence confirms unusual 3' UTR structure

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We previously described (1,2) two H3.3 replacement variant chicken histone genes, H3.3A and H3.3B, which code for identical polypeptides but which otherwise differ extensively. Two cDNA clones have been isolated from a chicken liver λ gtll cDNA library which together contain a nearly complete H3.3B cDNA. The cDNA sequence confirms the splice sites previously determined (2), but indicates that the putative poly(A) site estimated from the AATAAA near 1493 was incorrect. In fact, polyadenylation occurs at 1732, downstream from an ATTAAA sequence giving a 3' untransat 1732, downstream from an ATTAAA sequence giving a 3' untrans-lated region (UTR) of 569 nucleotides (nt). A human H3.3 cDNA (similar to H3.3A) was shown (3) to have a 3' UTR of 520 nt and terminate shortly after two ATTAAA blocks, despite an upstream AATAAA sequence. It appears that the chicken H3.3A poly(A) site may also have been misplaced (4) and this gene should also code for a 3' UTR of 520 nt and use an ATTAAA signal sequence. These results support the proposal (4) that an unusual 3' RNA processing mechanism of functional significance is used for H3.3 genes since the approximate length (>500 nt) of the 3' UTR and genes since the approximate length (>500 nt) of the 3' UTR and the use of the ATTAAA signal sequence have been conserved over the several hundred million years that the H3.3A and H3.3B sequences have been separated.

11 GETAGTIGCG TICGGAGTIG GTIGTIGTIG GAGCAGCGCA GECTICGGIG CGCGGCGATA TCGGCGCTGG TGCGTCCTTT TTCTCTGGGA GTAAGTGAG 579 580 AAAAAATGGC COSTACAAAG CAGACCECCC GCAAGTCCAC CEGEGEGAAG GCTCCECECA AGCAECTEGC CACCAAGECE GCCCEGEAAAA GCECTCCCTC 679 680 TACCEGECEGE STCAAGAAGE CTCACCECTA CAGECCEGEC ACCETCECCE TCCETCEAGAT CCETCECTAC CAGAAGTCCA CEGAECTECT GATCCECCAAE 859 860 CTGCCCTTCC AGCGGCTGGT CAGGGAAATC GCCCAGGATT TCAAAACGGA CTTGAGGTTC CAGAGCGCGG CCATCGGTGC GCTGCAGGAG GCGAGCGAAG 1047 1048 CETATCTEGT GEGTCTETTT GAAGACACAA ACCTETECEC CATCCATECC AAGAGACTCA CCATCATECC CAAGACATACC GCAEGATACE 1147 1148 GGGAGAGAGA GCTTAAGTGA AGGCTGTTTT TATGGTGTTT TGTAGTAAAT TCTGTAAAAT ACTTTGGTTT TAATTTGTGA CTTTTTTGTA AGAAATTGTT 1247 1248 TATAATATGT TGCATTTGTA CTTAAGTCAT TCCATCTTTC ACTCAGGATG AATGCTAAAA GTGACTGTTC ACATAAACCT CAGTGATGTG AGCCTTGTTG 1347 1348 CTCAGGAGTG ACAAGTTGCT AATATGCAGA AGGGATGGGT GATCTTTCTT GCTTCTCATG CATGTTTCTG TATGTTAATG ACTTGTTGGG TAGCTAAACT 1447 1448 TGTAAGGTAC TAGAATTGAT ATAAATGTGT ACAGGGTCCT TTTGCAATAA AACTGGTTAT GACTTGATCC AAGTGTTTAA CAATTGGGGC TGTTAGTCTG 1547 1548 ACCATACATC ACTGTGATCA AATGTGGACT TTTTCAGAGG GTGAAACTAC AACTCTTAAC CACAGTGTAA CTTGCAGTTT CCTAAAAACG TAAACCTGGC 1647 1648 ASCTATAGAA TACACTATGT GCATTTATAA TAGCTATTTT ATATATTGTA GTGTCAACAT TTTTAAATTA AATGTTTTAC ATTCAAAA

Chicken Legend. histone H3.3B cDNA sequence. Numbering corresponds to the genomic sequence described previously (2). Asterisks indicate splice sites between nt 101-571, 712-793, and 946-1035 and the poly(A) site at 1732. The coding region is underlined and the ATTAAA sequence is doubly underlined.

References:

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