

# Mutations in *PRDM5* in Brittle Cornea Syndrome Identify a Pathway Regulating Extracellular Matrix Development and Maintenance

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In the original version of this paper, there was a misalignment of numbering of individuals of family BCS-001 in Table 1, affecting individuals IV:7 (unaffected), IV:8 (heterozygous), and IV:10 (homozygous). The corrected table appears below. The authors regret the error.

**Table 1. Phenotypic Characteristics of Individuals with *PRDM5* Mutations from Families BCS-001 and BCS-002**

	BCS-001					BCS-002								
	IV:4	IV:6	IV:9	IV:10	IV:8	V:2	V:3	V:5	V:6	IV:6	V:1	V:4	V:5	IV:3
Homozygous/heterozygous	hom	hom	hom	hom	het	het	het	het	het	hom	hom	hom	hom	het
Corneal rupture	+	+	+	+										
Myopia	+	+	+	+	+						+	+	+	
Blue sclera	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Keratoconus	+	+	+	+	+						+			
Keratoglobus	+	+	+	+										
Megalocornea														
Poor healing/abnormal scarring											+			
Soft skin/easy bruising	+	+	+	+										
Treatment for DDH	+										+	+		
Femoral epiphyseal changes		+	+	+										
Scoliosis	+													
Small joint hypermobility	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Fractures										+		+	+	
Myalgia	+	+								+				
Abnormal gait	+	+	+	+						+		+		
Deafness	+	+	+	+						+	+	+	+	
Hypercompliant TMs	+	+	+	+						+	+	+		
Other features	P									LD	H	LD	LD CLP PKU	
CCT less than 400 microns	+	+	+	+						+	+	+	+	
CCT 400 to 550 microns					+	+	+	+	+					+

Affected, homozygous, individuals in each family are indicated. + indicates present; and empty box indicates not present. N/A indicates data not available. The following abbreviations are used: DDH, developmental dysplasia of the hip; TM, tympanic membrane; CCT, central corneal thickness. P, primiparous cervical incompetence; LD, learning disability; H, hernia (inguinal, umbilical or epigastric); CLP, cleft lip and palate; PKU, phenylketonuria.

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