
The primary structure of *E. coli* RNA polymerase. Nucleotide sequence of the rpoC gene and amino acid sequence of the β' -subunit

Yu.A.Ovchinnikov, G.S.Monastyrskaia, V.V.Gubanov, S.O.Guryev, I.S.Salomatina, T.M.Shubaeva,
V.M.Lipkin and E.D.Sverdlov

M.M.Shemyakin Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry, USSR Academy of Sciences, Moscow, USSR

Received 12 May 1982; Accepted 6 June 1982

ABSTRACT

The primary structure of the *E.coli* rpoC gene (5321 base pairs) coding the β' -subunit of RNA polymerase as well as its adjacent segment have been determined. The structure analysis of the peptides obtained by cleavage of the protein with cyanogen bromide and trypsin has confirmed the amino acid sequence of the β' -subunit deduced from the nucleotide sequence analysis. The β' -subunit of *E.coli* RNA polymerase contains 1407 amino acid residues. Its translation is initiated by codon GUG and terminated by codon TAA. It has been detected that the sequence following the terminating codon is strikingly homologous to known sequences of ρ -independent terminators.

INTRODUCTION

The primary structure determination of *E.coli* DNA-dependent RNA polymerase is necessary for understanding the mechanism of its activity. Recently we determined the complete amino acid sequences of its α -/1/ and β -subunits /2/. The primary structure of the β -subunit containing 1342 amino acid residues was established by using parallel research of the protein amino acid sequence and the nucleotide sequence of its structural gene. Combination of protein and nucleotide chemistry methods greatly enhanced the reliability of the analysis. At present this approach was successfully applied in the sequencing of the β' -subunit of RNA polymerase. The DNA fragments containing the rpoC gene fragments and adjacent sequences were cloned in pBR-322. Their sequences were determined from both complementary chains by the modified Maxam-Gilbert procedure /3/. The amino acid sequence of the β' -subunit deduced from the nucleotide sequence was compared and appeared to be in complete accord with structures of the peptides obtained by cleavage with cyanogen bromide and trypsin. The β' -subunit of *E.coli* RNA polymerase comprises 1407 amino acid residues. The β' -subunit sequence determination completes the study of the primary structure of the *E.coli* RNA polymerase core-enzyme. Recently the sequence of the rpoD gene was also determined /4/. Thus, the primary structure of the whole RNA polymerase holoenzyme is now

available permitting investigation of its function.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

The EcoR I, *Taq* I, *Bsp* I, *Sal* I restriction endonucleases were isolated according to /5/. Endonucleases *Hpa* II, *Alu* I, *Sau3A* I, *Hinf* I were purchased from "P.L. Biochemicals". Polynucleotide kinase was isolated according to /6/. The T4-DNA ligase was from the Institute of Biochemistry and Physiology of Micro-organisms, USSR Academy of Sciences. The *E.coli* strain containing pJC 703 plasmid /7/ was the gift of Dr. J. Collins (FRG). The phage λ rif^d 47 was provided by Prof.R.B. Khesin (IMR, USSR Academy of Sciences, Moscow).

The EcoR I DNA fragment of *E.coli* containing the middle part of the *rpoC* gene was generated by EcoR I endonuclease from λ rif^d 47 phage DNA and isolated by preparative electrophoresis in agarose gel /8/. EcoRI-SalI DNA fragment containing the C-terminal part of the *rpoC* gene was obtained similarly from the pJC703 plasmid. Cloning of the fragments was carried out with plasmid pBR-322 as an acceptor and *E.coli* HB 101 as a host /9/. Recombinants were selected by restriction analysis of isolated plasmids. The first fragment was inserted in pBR-322 split with EcoRI, the second one was inserted in a large fragment of pBR-322 split with EcoRI and SalI. In this case the $\text{Ap}^{\text{r}}\text{Tc}^{\text{s}}$ clones were selected and their plasmids were characterized by splitting with EcoRI and SalI. The recovery of DNA fragments from the corresponding recombinant plasmids, their preparation for structural analysis and the analysis itself were described earlier. The conditions for β' -subunit cleavage with cyanogen bromide, isolation and analysis of the corresponding peptides have also been given /10/. Tryptic hydrolysis of the citraconylated and carboxymethylated β' -subunit and establishment of the peptide structure were carried out by the methods we used for the β -subunit analysis /2,11/.

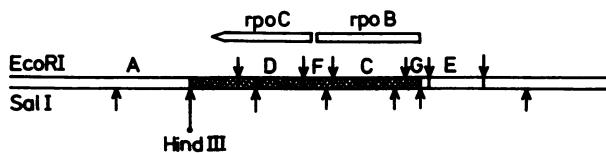


Fig. 1. EcoRI and SalI restriction endonuclease cleavage map of the *E.coli* DNA region containing the structural genes *rpoB* and *rpoC* / of the β and β' subunits of RNA polymerase. The HindIII cleavage region is also denoted in fragment EcoRI. The fragments, for which the primary structure is established, are hatched.

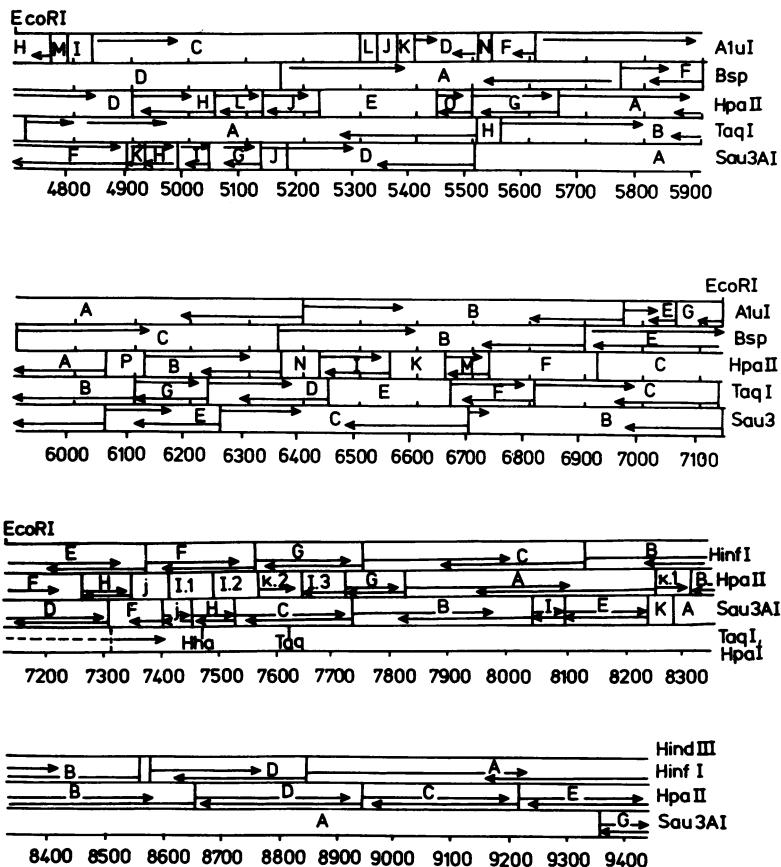


Fig. 2. The scheme for determining the sequences of fragments EcoRI- and EcoRI-A - HindIII. The restriction subfragments are represented by rectangles. The arrows designate lengths of the determined subfragments of complementary chains.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The *rpoBC* operon coding for β - and β' -subunits of *E.coli* RNA polymerase is located near 88 min on the genetic map of the bacterium. The positions of the splitting sites of several restriction endonucleases on the DNA in this region were established and given in Fig 1. We determined the primary structures of the EcoRI-G, EcoRI-C and EcoRI-F fragments containing the complete *rpoB* (β -subunit) gene and a proximal part of the *rpoC* (β' -subunit) gene [2]. For sequencing the rest of the operon, the fragments EcoRI-A - SalI and EcoRI-D were cloned in pBR-322 plasmid. The recombinant plasmid, containing the first of them, was split with EcoRI and HindIII to obtain

4130-4210 CTG CTG TCG GGT TAA AAC CCG GCA GCG GAT TGT GCT AAC TCC GAC GGG AGC AAA TCC GTG AAA GAT TTA TTA AAC TTT CTG
9-8 Met-Lys-Asp-Leu-Leu-Lys-Phe-Leu-

4211-4291 AAA GCG CAG ACT AAA ACC GAA GAG TTT GAT GCG ATC AAA ATT GCT CTG GCT TCG CCA GAC ATG ATC CGT TCA TGG TCT TTC
9-35 Lys-Ala-Gln-Thr-Lys-Thr-Glu-Glu-Phe-Asp-Ala-Ile-Lys-Ile-Ala-Leu-Ala-Ser-Pro-Asp-Met-Ile-Arg-Ser-Trp-Ser-Phe-

4292-4372 GGT GAA GTT AAA AAC CCG GAA ACC ATC AAC TAC CGT AGC TTC AAA CCA GAA CGT GAC GGC CTT TTC TGC GCC CGT ATC TTT
36-62 Gly-Glu-Vai-Lys-Lys-Pro-Glu-Thr-Ile-Asn-Tyr-Arg-Thr-Phe-Lys-Pro-Glu-Arg-Asp-Gly-Leu-Phe-Cys-Ala-Arg-Ile-Phe-

4373-4453 GGG CGC GTA AAA GAT TAC GAG TGC CTG TGC GGT AAA GAG TAC AAC CGC CTG AAA CAC CGT GAC GGC GTC ATC TGT GAG AAC TGC GGC
63-89 Gly-Pro-Val-Tyr-Glu-Cys-Lys-Tyr-Lys-Arg-Leu-Lys-Nis-Arg-Gly-Val-Ile-Cys-Glu-Lys-Tys-Gly-

4454-4534 GTT GAA GTG ACC CAG ACT AAA GTA CGC CGT GAG CGT ATG GGC AAC ATC GAA CGT TCC CCG ACT CGG CAC ATC TGG TTC
90-116 Val-Glu-Vai-Thr-Gln-Thr-Lys-Val-Arg-Arg-Glu-Arg-Met-Gly-His-Ile-Glu-Leu-Ala-Ser-Pro-Thr-Ala-His-Ile-Trp-Phe-

4535-4615 CTG AAA TCG CTG CCG TCC CGT ATC GGT CTG CTG CTC GAT ATC CCG CTG CGC GAT ATC GAA CGC GTC CTG TCA TTT GAA TCC
117-143 Leu-Lys-Ser-Leu-Pro-Ser-Arg-Ile-Gly-Leu-Leu-Asp-Met-Pro-Leu-Arg-Asp-Ile-Glu-Arg-Ser-Leu-Tyr-Phe-Gly-His-Gly-

4616-4696 TAT GTG GTT ATT GAA GGC GGT ATG ACC AAC TAC CGT GAA CGT CAG CAG ATC CTG ACT GAA GAG CAG TAT CTG GAC GGC CTG GAA
144-170 Tyr-Glu-Vai-Ile-Glu-Gly-Het-Thr-Glu-Glu-Arg-Gin-Gin-Ile-Leu-Ile-Glu-Glu-Gly-His-Asn-Asp-Leu-Ala-Asp-Glu-

4697-4777 GAG TTC GGT GAC GAA TTC GAC GGG GCG GAA GCA ATC GGT GCT CTG AAG ACC ATG GAT CTG GAG CAA GAG
171-197 Glu-Phe-Gly-Asp-Glu-Phe-Asp-Ala-Lys-Met-Gly-Ala-Glu-Ala-Ile-Gln-Ala-Leu-Lys-Ser-Met-Asp-Leu-Glu-Gln-Glu-

4778-4858 TGC GAA CAG CTG CGT GAA GAG CGC ACC AAC TCC GAA ACC GAG CGT AAA AAG CGT ACC AAG CGT ATC AAA CTG CTG
198-224 Cys-Gly-Gln-Gly-Leu-Arg-Glu-Gly-Het-Thr-Asn-Ser-Glu-Thr-Lys-Arg-Lys-Tyr-Gly-Leu-Thr-Lys-Arg-Ile-Gly-Leu-

4859-4939 GAA GCG TCC GTT GAC TCT GGT AAC AAA CCA GAG TGG ATG ATC CTG ACC GTT CTG CCG GTC GAA CTC CCA GAT CTG CGT CCG
225-251 Glu-Ala-Phe-Val-Gln-Ser-Gly-Asn-Lys-Pro-Glu-Trp-Met-Ile-Leu-Thr-Val-Leu-Pro-Val-Leu-Pro-Asp-Leu-Arg-Pro-

4940-5020 CTG GTT CCC CTG GAT GGT GGT CGT TTC GCG ACT TCT GAC GAT CTG TAT ATT AAC CGT AAC AAC CGT
252-278 Leu-Lys-Arg-Pro-Val-Asp-Arg-Ala-Ala-Asp-Pro-Ile-Val-Arg-Gly-Asn-Gly-Arg-His-Asn-Asp-Asn-Asp-Ala-

5021-5101 CTG AAA GGT CTG CTG GAT CGT GCG CGG GAC GTC ATC GTC GAA CGT AAC GAA AAA CGT ATG CTG CAG GAA GGG GTC ATT AAC CGT
279-305 Leu-Lys-Arg-Leu-Leu-Asp-Arg-Ala-Ala-Asp-Pro-Ile-Val-Arg-Gly-Asn-Gly-Arg-His-Asn-Asp-Asn-Asp-Ala-

5102-5182 CTG CTG GAT AAC GGT CGT GGC GGT CGT GCG ATC ACC GGT TCT AAC AAC CGT CGT CCT CGT AAA TCT TTG GGC GAC ATG ATC AAA
306-332 Leu-Leu-Asp-Asn-Gly-Arg-Arg-Gly-Arg-Ala-Ile-Thr-Gly-Ser-Asn-Lys-Arg-Pro-Leu-Lys-Ser-Leu-Ala-Asp-Met-Ile-Lys-

5183-5263 GGT AAA CAG CGT CGT TTC CGT CAG AAC CTG CTC GGT AAA CGT GTC GAA GAC TAC TCC GGT CGT TCT GTC GTC ATC ACC GAA GGT CCA
333-359 Gly-Lys-Gln-Gly-Arg-Phe-Arg-Gly-Gln-Asn-Asn-Gly-Leu-Leu-Asp-Val-Asp-Tyr-Ser-Gly-Arg-Ser-Val-Ile-Thr-Val-Gly-Pro-

5264-5344 TAC CTC CGT CTG CAT CAG TGC GGT CTG CCG AAG AAA ATG GCA CTG GAG CGT CTG TTC AAA CGG TTC ATC TAC GGC AAG CTG GAA
360-386 Tyr-Leu-Arg-Leu-His-Gln-Cys-Gly-Leu-Pro-Lys-Lys-Met-Ala-Leu-Glu-Leu-Phe-Lys-Pro-Phe-Ile-Tyr-Gly-Lys-Leu-Glu-

5345-5425 CTG CGT GGT CCT GCT GAC ACC ATT AAA GCT GGC GAG AAA ATG GTT GAG CGC GAA GAA GCT GTC GTT GTC GAT ATC CTG GAC
387-413 Leu-Cys-Gly-Leu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Lys-Ala-Ala-Lys-Met-Val-Glu-Gly-Ala-Ala-Val-Val-Trp-Asp-Ile-Leu-Asp-

5426-5506 GAA GTT ATC CGC GAA CAC CCG GTC CTG CTG AAC CGT GCA ECG ACT CTG CAC CGT CTG GGT ATC CGA GCA TTT GAA CGG GTC
414-440 Glu-Vai-Ile-Arg-Glu-Gly-Pro-Val-Leu-Leu-Asn-Arg-Ala-Pro-Trp-Thr-His-Asn-Asp-Asn-Asp-His-Glu-Pro-Val-

5507-5587 CTG ATC GAA GGT AAA GCT ATC CGC CTG CAC CGC TCT GGT TGT GGG GCA TAT AAC GGC GAC TTC GAT GGT GAC CAG ATC GTC
441-467 Leu-Ile-Glu-Gly-Lys-Ala-Ile-Gln-Leu-His-Pro-Leu-Val-Cys-Ala-Ala-Asp-Phe-Asp-Gly-Asp-Gln-Met-Ala-

5588-5668 GTT CGC GTC CGG CTG ACC CGC GAA CCG CAG TCC GAA CGG CGT GGG CTG ATG ATC TGT ACC AAC AAC ATC CTG TCC CCG GGC
468-494 Val-His-Val-Pro-Leu-Thr-Leu-Glu-Ala-Gln-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Asp-Ala-Met-Met-Val-Thr-Asn-Ile-Leu-Ser-Pro-Ala-

5669-5749 AAC GGG GAA CCA ATC ATC GTT CCG TCT CAG GAC GTT GTC CTG GGT TAC TAC ATG ACC CGT GAC TGT GTT AAC GCC AAA
495-521 Asn-Gly-Glu-Pro-Ile-Ile-Lys-Pro-Val-Ser-Gln-Asp-Val-Val-Val-Tyr-Tyr-His-Asp-Asp-Cys-Val-Ala-Lys-

5750-5830 GGC GAA GGC ATC ATG GTG CTG ACT GGC CGG AAA GAA GCA GAA CGT CTG TAT CGC TCT GGT GTC GCT TCT CGT CAT CGC CGC
522-548 Gly-Glu-Gly-Het-Val-Val-Thr-Gly-Pro-Lys-Glu-Ala-Glu-Arg-Leu-Tyr-Arg-Ser-Gly-Leu-Ala-Ser-Leu-His-Ala-Arg-Val-

5831-5911 AAA GTG CGT ATC ACC GAG TAT GAA AAA GAT GCT AAC GGT GAA TTA GTC GGG AAA ACC AGC CTG AAA GAC CGC ACC ATG GTC
549-575 Lys-Val-Arg-Ile-Thr-Glu-Tyr-Glu-Asp-Ala-Asn-Gly-Glu-Leu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Thr-Ser-Leu-Lys-Arg-Phe-Asp-Thr-Val-Gly-

5912-5992 CGT GCC ATT CTG TGG ATT ATC GTC CGG AAA GGT CGT CCT TAC TCC ATC GTC AAC CGC GGG CTG GGT AAA AAA GCA ATC TCC
576-602 Arg-Ala-Ile-Leu-Trp-Met-Ile-Val-Pro-Lys-Gly-leu-Pro-Phe-Ser-Ile-Val-Asn-Gln-Ala-Leu-Gly-Lys-Ala-Ile-Ser-

5993-6073 AAA ATC CTG AAC ACC TGC TGC CGC ATT CTC GGT CTG AAA CGG ACC GTC ATT ATT TTT GGG GAC CAG ATC ATG TAC ACC GGC TTC
603-629 Lys-Met-Leu-Ala-Thr-Cys-Tyr-Ala-Asn-Asp-Arg-Ala-Asn-Asp-Val-Asp-Asn-Asp-His-Asn-Ile-Thr-Asn-Ile-Leu-Ser-

6074-6154 GCC TAT GCA GCG CGT TCT GGT GCA TCT GTT GGT ATC GAT GAC ATG GTC ATC CGC GAG AAA AAC CAC GAA ATC ATC TCC GAG
630-656 Ala-Tyr-Ala-Ala-Arg-Ser-Gly-Ala-Ser-Val-Gly-Ile-Asp-Phe-Asp-Met-Ile-Glu-Glu-Lys-Lys-His-Glu-Ile-Ser-Glu-

6155-6235 GCA GAA GCA GAA GGT GCT GAA ATT CAG GAG CAG TCC CAG TCT GGT CTG GTC ACT GCG GGC GAA CGC TAC AAC AAA GTC
657-683 Val-Ala-Glu-Ala-Glu-Ala-Glu-Ile-Gln-Glu-Gly-Phe-Gln-Ser-Gly-Leu-Val-Thr-Ala-Gly-Glu-Arg-Tyr-Asn-Lys-Vai-Ile-

6236-6316 GAT ATC TGG CGT GGC GGC AAC GAT CGT GTC TCC AAA CGG ATG ATG GAT AAC CTG CAA ACT GAA AGC CGC ATT AAC CGT GAC
684-710 Asp-Ile-Trp-Ala-Ala-Ala-Asn-Asp-Arg-Ala-Asn-Asp-Val-Asp-Asn-Asp-His-Asn-Asp-Asn-Asp-His-Gly-Asp-

6317-6397 GGT CAG GAA GAG CGG CAG GTT TCC AAC AGC ATC TAC ATG ATG GTC GCC GAC TCC GGT GCG CGT GGT TCT GCG GCA CAG ATT
711-737 Gly-Gln-Glu-Glu-Lys-Gln-Val-Ser-Phe-Asn-Ser-Ile-Tyr-Net-Met-Ala-Asp-Asp-Ser-Gly-Ala-Arg-Gly-Ser-Ala-Ala-Gln-Ile-

6398-6478 CGT CGC CTT GGT CGT GGT ATC CGT GTC ATG GGC AGG CAG GTC TCC ATC ATC GAA ACC CGC CCA ATC ACC GGG AAC TTC CGT
738-764 Arg-Gln-Leu-Ala-Gly-Met-Arg-Phe-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-

6479-6559 GAA GGT CTC AAC GTC CTC CAG TAC TTC ATC JCC ACC CAC GGT GCT CGT AAA GGT CTG GCG GAT ACC GCA CTG AAA ACT CGG
765-791 Glu-Gly-Leu-Ala-Ala-Asn-Asn-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-

6560-6640 AAC TCC GGT TAC CTG ACT CGT CGT GTC GAT GCG GGG CAG GAC CGC CTG GTG GTT ACC GAA GAC GAT TGT GGT ACC CAT GAA
792-818 Asn-Ser-Gly-Tyr-Leu-Thr-Arg-Arg-Leu-Val-Asp-Val-Ala-Gln-Rsp-Leu-Val-Val-Thr-Glu-Asp-Asp-Cys-Gly-Thr-His-Glu-

6641-6721 GGT ATC ATG ATG CGC GGT ATT ATC GAG GGT GGT GAC GTT AAA GAG CGG CTG CGC GAT CGC GTC CTG GGT CGT GTC ACT GCT
819-845 Gly-Ile-Met-Met-Thr-Pro-Val-Ile-Glu-Gly-Cys-Asp-Asp-Lys-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-

6722-6802 GAA GAC GTT CTG AAC CGG GGT ACT GCT GAT ATC CTC GTC GTT CGC CGE AAC AGC CGC CTC CTG CAC GAA GAC TGG TGT GAC CTG
846-872 Glu-Asp-Val-Leu-Lys-Pro-Gly-Tre-Ala-Asp-Ile-Leu-Val-Pro-Arg-Asn-Tre-Leu-Leu-His-Glu-Trp-Cys-Asp-Leu-Leu-

6803-6883 873-899	GAA GAG AAC TCT GTC GAC GCG GTT AAA GTA CGT TCT GTT GTA TCT TGT GAC ACC GAC TTT GGT GTA TGT GCG CAC TGC TAC Glu-Glu-Asn-Ser-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Lys-Val-Arg-Ser-Val-Ser-Cys-Asp-Thr-Asp-Phe-Gly-Val-Cys-Ala-His-Cys-Tyr-
6884-6964 900-926	GGT CGT GAC <u>TG</u> GCG CGT GCA CAC ATC ATC AAC AAG GGT GAA GCA ATC GGT GTT ATC GCG GCA CAG TCC ATC GGT GAA CGG Gly-Arg-Asp-Leu-Ala-Arg-Gly-His-Ile-Ile-Asn-Lys-Gly-Glu-Ala-Ala-Ile-Gly-Val-Ile-Ala-Ala-Gln-Ser-Ile-Gly-Glu-Pro-
6965-7045 927-953	GGT ACA CAG CTG ACC ATC CGT ACG TTC CAC ATC CGT GGT GGG GCA TCT CGT GCG GCT GGT GAA TCC AGC ATC CAA GTG AAA Gly-Thr-Gln-Leu-Thr-Met-Arg-Thr-Phe-His-Ile-Gly-Glu-Ala-Ala-Ser-Arg-Ala-Ala-Ala-Ser-Ser-Ile-Gln-Val-Lys-
7046-7126 954-980	AAC AAA GGT AGC ATC AAG CTC AGC AAC GTG AAG TCG GTT GTG AAC TCC AGC GGT AAA CTG GTT ATC ACT TCC CGT AAT ACT Asn-Lys-Gly-Ser-Ile-Lys-Leu-Ser-Asn-Val-Lys-Ser-Val-Val-Asn-Ser-Ser-Gly-Lys-Leu-Val-Ile-Thr-Ser-Arg-Asn-Thr-
7127-7207 981-1007	GAA CTG AAA CTG ATC GAC GAA TCC GTT CGT CGG ACT AAA GAA AGG TAC AAA GTA CCT TAC CGT GGT GGC GCA CTG GCG AAA Gly-Leu-Lys-Leu-Ile-Asp-Glu-Phe-Gly-Arg-Thr-Lys-Gly-Ser-Tyr-Lys-Val-Pro-Tyr-Gly-Ala-Val-Leu-Ala-Lys-Gly-Asp-
7208-7288 1008-1034	GGC GAA CAG GTT GCT GGC GGC GAA ACC GTT GCA AAC TGG GAC CCG CAC ACC ATG ECG GTT ATC ACC GAA GTC AGC GGT TTT Gly-Glu-Asp-Ala-Gly-Gly-Thr-Asp-Pro-His-Thr-Hel-Pro-Val-Ile-Thr-Glu-Val-Ser-Gly-Asp-
7289-7369 1035-1061	GTA CGC TTT ACT GAC ATG ATC GAC GGC CAG ACC ATT AGC CGT CAG ACC GAC GAA TCC AGC GGT CTG TCT CGT GTG GTT Val-Arg-Phe-Thr-Asp-Met-Ile-Asp-Gly-Gln-Thr-Ile-Thr-Arg-Gln-Thr-Asp-Glu-Leu-Thr-Gly-Leu-Ser-Ser-Leu-Val-Vel-
7370-7450 1062-1088	CTG GAT TCC GCA GAA CGT ACC CGA GGG GTT AAA GAT CGT CTG CGT CCG GCA CTG AAA ATC GTT GAT GCT CAG GGT AAC GAC GCTT Leu-Ser-Ala-Ser-Ala-Gly-Thr-Ala-Gly-Lys-Asp-Leu-Arg-Pro-Ala-Ile-Asp-Gly-Lys-Ala-Asp-Ala-Gln-Gly-Asn-Asp-Vel-
7451-7531 1089-1115	CTG ATC CCA CGT ACC GAT ATG CCA GCG CAG TAC TCC CTG CCC CGT AAA GCG ATT GTT CAG CTG GAA GAT GGC GTC AGC ATC Leu-Ile-Pro-Gly-Thr-Asp-Met-Pro-Ala-Gln-Tyr-Phe-Leu-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ala-Ile-Val-Gln-Leu-Glu-Asp-Gly-Vel-Gln-Ile-
7532-7612 1116-1142	AGC TCT GGT GAC ACC CTG GCG CGT ATT CCG CGT GAA TCC GGC GGT ACC AAC GAC ATC ACC GGT GGT CTG CGG CGC GTT GCG Ser-Gly-Asp-Gly-Ala-Ala-Arg-Ile-Pro-Gln-Glu-Ser-Gly-Lys-Asp-Ala-Ile-Thr-Arg-Gly-Pro-Glu-Leu-Pro-Ara-Gly-Ala-
7613-7693 1143-1169	GAC CTG TTC GAA GCA CGT CGT CCG AAA GAG CGG GCA ATC CTG GCT GAA ATC AGC GGT ATC GTC GGT TCC TTC GGT AAA GAA ACC Asp-Leu-Phe-Glu-Ala-Arg-Arg-Pro-Lys-Glu-Pro-Ala-Ile-Leu-Glu-Ile-Ser-Gly-Ile-Val-Ser-Phe-Gly-Lys-Glu-Thr-
7694-7774 1170-1196	AAA GGT AAA CGT CGT CTG GTT ATT ACC CCG GTC GAA CGG AGC GAT CGC TAC GAA GAG ATG ATT CGG AAA TGG CGT CGC GTC Lys-Gly-Lys-Arg-Arg-Gly-Leu-Val-Ile-Thr-Pro-Val-Asp-Gly-Ser-Asp-Pro-Tyr-Glu-Glu-Met-Ile-Pro-Lys-Trp-Arg-Gln-Leu-
7775-7855 1197-1223	AAC GGT TTC GAA GGA GGT GAA CGT GTC GAA ATT TCC GAC GGT CCC GAA GGC CGG CGC CAC GAC ATT CTG CGT CTG Asn-Val-Phe-Glu-Gly-Glu-Arg-Val-Glu-Ala-Gly-Asp-Val-Ile-Ser-Ala-Gly-Asp-Val-Ala-Asp-Pro-His-Asp-Ile-Leu-Arg-Leu-
7856-7936 1224-1250	CGT GGT GTT CAT GCT GTT ACT CGT TAC ATC GTT AAC GAA GTC GAG GAC GTC TAC CGT CTG CAG GGC GTT AMG ATT AAC GAT Arg-Gly-Val-His-Ala-Val-Thr-Arg-Tyr-Ile-Val-Asn-Glu-Gln-Gly-Asp-Val-Tyr-Arg-Leu-Gln-Gly-Val-Lys-Ile-Asn-Asp-
7937-8017 1251-1277	AAA CG ATC GAA GTT ATC GTT CGT CAG ATG CGT CGT AAA GCT ACC ATC GTT AAC GCG GGT AGC TCC GAC TTC CTG GAA GGC Lys-Nis-Ile-Glu-Val-Ile-Pro-Ala-Arg-Gin-Hel-Leu-Arg-Lys-Ala-Thr-Ile-Val-Ala-Gly-Ser-Ser-Asp-Asp-Leu-Gly-Gly-
8018-8098 1278-1304	GAA CGT TAA GAA TAC TCT CGC GTC AAC ATC GCA AAC CGG GAA CTG GAA GGC AAC GGC AAA GTG GGT CCA ACT TAC TCC CGC Glu-Gln-Val-Glu-Ala-Arg-Val-Gly-Lys-Ile-Ala-Ala-Glu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Asn-Lys-Ala-Asn-Ala-Thr-Tyr-Arg-Val-
8099-8179 1305-1331	GAT CTG CTG GGT ATC ACC AAA GGC TCT CTG GCA ACC GAG TCC TTC ATC TCC GCG GCA TCG TTC CAG GAG GAC ACT CGC GTG Asp-Leu-Gly-Ile-Thr-Lys-Ala-Ser-Leu-Ala-Thr-Glu-Ser-Ala-Ala-Ser-Phe-Ile-Ser-Ala-Ala-Ser-Phe-Gln-Glu-Thr-Arg-Val-
8180-8260 1332-1358	CTG ACC GAA GCA GCC GTT CGG AAA CGC GAC GAA CTG CGC CGG CGT AAA GAG AAC GTC ATT ATC GTT GGT CGT CTG ATC CGC Ile-Thr-Hly-Ala-Ala-Ala-Ala-Gly-Lys-Arg-Asp-Ala-Arg-Gly-Leu-Lys-Glu-Ala-Asn-Val-Ile-Val-Gly-Ala-Leu-Asp-Ile-Pro-
8261-8341 1359-1385	GCA GGT ACC GGT TAC CGC TAC CAC CAG GAT CGT ATG CGT CGG CGT GCT GCG GGT GAA GCT CGC GTC GCA CGG CAG GTG ACT Ala-Gly-Thr-Arg-Tyr-His-Glu-Asp-Ala-Arg-Hel-Ala-Gly-Glu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Ala-Pro-Gln-Val-Thr-
8342-8426 1386-1407	GCA GAA GCA GCA GCC GTT CGG AAA CGC GAC GAA CTG CGT AAC GCA GGT CGT CGC GGT TCT GAT AAC GAC TAA TGCTTAATCCGCAA Ala-Glu-Ala-Ala-Ser-Ala-Ser-Ala-Ala-Glu-Leu-Ala-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Ser-Asp-Ala-Glu-Ter
8427-8532	TAACGT <u>AAAAAAAAACCGCTCGCGGGTTTTTT</u> TTATGGGGGGAGTTAGGGAGAGCATTTGTCAAGATAATTAAAGGAATTCTGAATACTCATATAATGAGA
8533-8639	TTGACTAATACCTCGAAACTGACTGAACATAATTGAGTCAAACTCGCGGAAGGATTCGATACATTCTGTGTAACCTTCTTAAGGAACGAGAATGACAGGAACTGG
8640-8746	AAAGTGGCACCTTTTGACATCGCGATGGTATTTCTGTTATCTTGTGTCATCAGGGTCTGAGCTCATGAGGGCAAAGGCGCTT
8747-8853	AGTATCGCTTGTGGGTTACACTCTCTTCACTGCTTCAACAAAAGATTGAACTCATCGAGCAACGAGAAAAACATCGTTAATGATCACCAGGCCCTAAAGAATCT
8854-8960	CGTCCCTCTGCCAGCAGCTTAACTATCGCGCCACACATTAAAAAGAACATTTTGGCGCTGCCAGAACGAGCAACGTTATTGCGCTT
8961-9067	CGT GATT GAGGTGGCTTAGACGGAGGAGATAAGGCATTCTTGTGCTCAGGGTTACGAGGAAAGAAAAAAACTCCGTTGATGTAACCTGCTTAC
9068-9174	CACTTCTGAAACAGAAAGGATAACATCGAAATTATTCCTGGTATTCAAGACGCCATTACCGGACTTGGCTTGACCTTGCATAATCGCAGGTTGGGATGTCGAAATTCTCA
9175-9281	TAAGGTGGGTTGCCAGAGAAATTATCTCTGGTATTCAAGACGCCATTACCGGACTTGGCTTGACCTTGCATAATCGCAGGTTGGGATGTCGAAATTCTCA
9282-9388	GCTGCTGATCCTGGAGATGAAACATGTTCTTATTCTGCTCTATCATAGTTGAGTATTACTCTTCTTACAATCGATCTTCACTGAGTCTTCAACAGTCTTCACTGCTCACAGCGCA
9389-9450	TGGCTCAGACTTGCATTACGGAAATTAAAGAAGGCAAGGGCGAACAGGAGAAGCTT

Fig. 3. The nucleotide sequence of the *rpoBC* operon segment containing the total structural *rpoC* gene and the total amino acid sequence of the β' -subunit of *E.coli* RNA polymerase. The nucleotide sequence of the complementary DNA chain, equivalent to the sequence of mRNA, is given. Numeration of nucleotides corresponds to the complete *rpoBC* operon. The restriction EcoRI cleavage sites dividing fragments EcoRI-G, EcoRI-D and EcoRI-A - HindIII are situated between nucleotides 4709-4710 and 7145-7146. The underlined amino acid sequences are those the structures of which have been determined from analysis of corresponding peptides. C* = 5-Methyl-cytosine. Inverted sequence repetitions entering into the proposed transcription terminator, are framed.

Table 1 Frequencies of codon usage in translation of *rpoB* and *rpoC* genes.

Amino acid	Codon	Frequency of codon usage	
		<i>rpoC</i>	<i>rpoB</i>
Arg	CGA	0	1
	CGC	24	28
	CGG	0	0
	CGU	75	61
	AGA	0	0
	AGG	0	0
Leu	CUA	0	0
	CUC	7	15
	CUG	125	99
	CUU	3	6
	UUA	3	1
	UUG	1	6
Ser	UCA	1	0
	UCC	27	31
	UCG	5	3
	UCU	24	23
	AGC	14	15
	AGU	0	2
Thr	ACA	1	3
	ACC	46	34
	ACG	7	6
	ACU	23	17
Pro	CCA	9	10
	CCC	0	0
	CCG	45	38
	CCU	3	8
Ala	GCA	33	22
	GCC	11	9
	GCG	52	29
	GCU	28	19
Gly	GGA	0	0
	GGC	28	35
	GGG	2	2
	GGU	85	69
Val	GUA	32	32
	GUC	7	14
	GUG	16	24
	GUU	58	41

Table 1 /continuation/

Amino acid	Codon	Frequency of codon usage	
		rpoC	rpoB
Lys	AAA	62	56
	AAG	25	24
Asn	AAC	47	48
	AAU	1	3
Gln	CAA	3	8
	CAG	47	50
His	CAC	17	18
	CAU	4	1
Glu	GAA	83	89
	GAG	26	33
Asp	GAC	47	61
	GAU	34	30
Tyr	UAC	27	29
	UAU	7	14
Cys	UGC	8	2
	UGU	7	5
Phe	UUC	26	33
	UUU	9	11
Ile	AUA	0	0
	AUC	75	66
	AUU	17	18
Met	AUG	35	37
	GUG	1	0
Trp	UGG	9	4

an EcoRI-A-HindIII fragment. After isolation of the fragment and an EcoRI-D fragment from the second recombinant plasmid, each of them was split with several restriction endonucleases listed in Fig 2. The resulting mixtures of comparatively small subfragments were terminally labelled with ^{32}P using T4 polynucleotide kinase and γ - ^{32}P ATP. Isolated individual subfragments were subjected to separation and then single strands were sequenced by the modified /12/ Maxam-Gilbert technique /13/. Practically the whole structure was determined from both complementary strands. The complete

structures of the fragments were deduced on the basis of overlapping of the subfragment sequences*).

For the protein structure analysis the isolated β' -subunit was cleaved with cyanogen bromide /10/. It was also digested with trypsin after the citra conic anhydride modification of lysine residues /14/. The determined peptide sequence comprises as much as 40% of the β' -subunit whole structure.

The N-terminal amino acid sequence Met-Lys-Asp-Leu-Leu-Lys-Phe-Leu of the β' -subunit was determined by means of an automatic sequencing technique /10/.

The determined primary structure of the nucleic acid and the protein is presented in Fig 3. The β' -subunit consists of 1407 amino acid residues, that corresponds to a molecular weight of 155,162,5. Its translation is initiated by GUG (4187-4189) codon. The Shine-Dalgarno sequence, GGAG (4176-4179), which is complementary to the 3'-end of 16S ribosomal RNA, is located at a distance of 9 nucleotides from the codon. Termination of the translation is brought about by the amber codon TAA.

It is noteworthy that in the interval 8433-8458 close to the terminating codon there is a thymidine cluster which is preceded by a sequence of hyphenated dyad symmetry. The structure of the site is strikingly similar to the known structures of the ρ -independent transcription terminator /15/. It was established recently /16/ that termination, in the case of the rpoBC operon transcription, really occurs close to the end of the rpoC gene. Therefore this sequence could possibly be the transcription terminator of the rpoBC operon.

The amino acid composition of the β -subunit is Asp 81, Asn 48, Thr 77, Ser 71, Glu 109, Gln 50, Pro 57, Gly 115, Ala 124, Cys 15, Val 108, Met 36, Ile 92, Leu 139, Tyr 34, Phe 35, His 21, Lys 87, Arg 99, Trp 9. Thus the β -subunit is a basic protein containing 207 basic and only 190 acidic amino acids. In the polypeptide strands of the β' -as well as β -subunits one can observe regions of strong clustering of basic amino acids. In the α -subunit these sequences are located in intervals: 74-81, 213-222, 1167-1174 and 1366-1377 (Fig 3). It is of interest that the α -subunit does not

*) It should be noted that in the case of restriction endonuclease Taq I not all of the potential sites of splitting are effective. There is the sequence TCGATC (7308-7311 b.p.) in the fragment which could not be digested with the enzyme. Similar examples have already been described /2/. Methylation of A residues in this sequence has been proposed to be responsible for the effect.

contain similar clusters. Probably at least a few such sequences participate directly in the contacts between RNA polymerase and DNA, and/or RNA.

Table 1 represents the frequencies of the codon usage in the β' -subunit structure. They are analogous to those of the *rpoB* gene and other bacterial genes.

After publication of our data on the study of the structure of the EcoRI-HindIII fragment containing the C-terminal part of the *rpoC* gene /17/ a paper by Squires et al. /18/ appeared which also described the sequence of a considerable part of the fragment. The comparison of these two structures shows some differences and among them deletion of A (7584) and insertion of T between C (7717) and A (7718) are the most important. They lead to a complete change of the amino acid sequence between Lys (1132) and Thr (1178). It should be noted that the analysis of the corresponding peptides confirmed our data.

Another difference, leading to substitution of Val (1384) in the present-ed sequence for Gly in the sequence determined by Squires et al., is an inversion of dinucleotide TG (8337-8338). The other differences concern the residues situated after the translation terminator.

Determination of the nucleotide sequence of the *rpoC* gene and amino acid sequence of the *E.coli* RNA polymerase β' -subunit completes the analysis of the core-enzyme primary structure.

REFERENCES

1. Ovchinnikov, Yu.A., Lipkin, V.M., Modyanov, N.N., Chertov, O.Yu., Smirnov, Yu.V. (1977) FEBS Lett., 76, 108-111.
2. Ovchinnikov, Yu.A., Monastyrskaya, G.S., Gubanov, V.V., Guryev, S.O., Chertov, O.Yu., Modyanov, N.N., Grinkevich, V.A., Makarova, I.A., Marchenko, T.V., Polovnikova, I.N., Lipkin, V.M., Sverdlov, E.D. (1980) Eur. J. Biochem., 116, 621-629.
3. Monastyrskaya, G.S., Guryev, S.O., Kalinina, N.F., Sorokin, A.V., Salomatina, I.S., Shubaeva, T.M., Lipkin, V.M., Sverdlov, E.D. Ovchinnikov, Yu.A. (1982) Bioorgan.Khim., 8, 130-134.
4. Burton, Z., Burgess, R.R., Lin, J., Moore, D., Holder, S., Gross, C.A., (1981) Nucleic Acids Res., 9, 2889-2898.
5. Bickle, T.A., Pirotta, V., Imber, R. (1977), Nucleic Acids Res., 5, 2561-2572.
6. Richardson, C.C. (1971) in Procedures in Nucleic Acids Research (Canton, G.L. and Davies, D.R., Eds) vol. 2, pp.815-828, Harper and Row, New York.
7. Collins, J. (1979) Mol. Gen. Genet., 173, 217-220.
8. McDonell, M.W., Simon, M.N., Studier, F.W. (1977) J.Mol. Biol., 110, 119-146.
9. Bolivar F., Rodriguez, R.L., Betlach, M.C., Boyer, H.W. (1977) Gene, 2, 75-93.

10. Shuvaeva, T.M., Lipkin, V.M., Nazimov, I.V., Modyanov, N.N., Ovchinnikov, Yu.A. (1981), Bioorgan. Khim., 7, 1765-1777.
11. Lipkin, V.M., Marchenko, T.V., Khokhryakov, V.S., Polovnikova, I.N., Potapenko, N.A., Modyanov, N.N., Ovchinnikov, Yu.A. (1980) Bioorgan. Khim., 6, 332-347.
12. Ovchinnikov, Yu.A., Guryev, S.O., Krayev, A.S. Monastyrskaya, G.S., Skryabin, K.G., Sverdlov, E.D., Zakharyev, V.M., Bayev, A.A., (1979) Gene, 6, 235-249.
13. Maxam, A., Gilbert, W., (1977) Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci., USA, 74, 560-564.
14. Atassi, M.Z., Habub, R.F.S.A., Methods in Enzymology, S.P., Golovick, N.O., Kaplan, Eds. N.Y, London: Academic Press, 1972, vol. 25B, p. 546-553.
15. Rosenberg, M., Court, D. (1979) Ann. Rev. Genet., 13, 319-353.
16. An, G., Friesen, J.D. (1980), J. Bacteriol., 144, 904-916.
17. Ovchinnikov, Yu. A., Monastyrskaya, G.S., Cubanov, V.V., Salomatina, I.S. Shuvaeva, T.M., Lipkin, V.M., Sverdlov, E.D. (1981) Bioorgan. Khim., 7, 1107-1112.
18. Squires, C., Krainer, A., Barry, G., Shen, W.F., Squires, C.L. (1981) Nucleic Acids Res., 9, 6827-6840.