

# Enhancing Teamwork Between Chief Residents and Residency Program Directors: Description and Outcomes of an Experiential Workshop

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## Abstract

**Background** An effective working relationship between chief residents and residency program directors is critical to a residency program's success. Despite the importance of this relationship, few studies have explored the characteristics of an effective program director-chief resident partnership or how to facilitate collaboration between the 2 roles, which collectively are important to program quality and resident satisfaction. We describe the development and impact of a novel workshop that paired program directors with their incoming chief residents to facilitate improved partnerships.

**Methods** The Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education sponsored a full-day workshop for residency program directors and their incoming chief residents. Sessions focused on increased understanding of personality styles, using experiential learning, and open communication between chief residents and program directors, related to feedback and expectations of each other. Participants completed an anonymous survey immediately after the workshop

and again 8 months later to assess its long-term impact.

**Results** Participants found the workshop to be a valuable experience, with comments revealing common themes. Program directors and chief residents expect each other to act as a role model for the residents, be approachable and available, and to be transparent and fair in their decision-making processes; both groups wanted feedback on performance and clear expectations from each other for roles and responsibilities; and both groups identified the need to be innovative and supportive of changes in the program. Respondents to the follow-up survey reported that workshop participation improved their relationships with their co-chiefs and program directors.

**Conclusion** Participation in this experiential workshop improved the working relationships between chief residents and program directors. The themes that were identified can be used to foster communication between incoming chief residents and residency directors and to develop a curriculum for chief resident development.

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## Background

The partnership between chief resident and residency program director is integral to a residency program's success. The chief resident is viewed by most program directors as a critical liaison between the residents and faculty.<sup>1,2</sup> In addition to being a role model, teacher, administrator, and clinician, the chief resident needs to advocate for the residents, foster teamwork within the residency program, and be able to take a broader view of problems that arise in complex and rapidly

changing academic health care systems. In a study by Norris et al,<sup>3</sup> family medicine program directors placed significant importance on the administrative role of chief residents. Conversely, chief residents reported a lack of preparation for dealing with administrative tasks and personnel issues and a lack of a clear job description. This may have led to a perception of burnout in these chief residents. In response to a survey, physical medicine and rehabilitation program directors reported that leadership and stress management were the most important skills for chief residents.<sup>2</sup> However, only 25% of programs represented by respondents provided formal training in these areas.

Program directors often rely on effective partnering with their chief residents for a variety of tasks including personnel issues and the ability to successfully manage and, at times, transform residency programs. Considering that these relationships begin anew each academic year, strong interpersonal skills are required for an effective partnership. A highly effective team of program director and chief resident(s) may be instrumental to program director job satisfaction and residency program success. To date, little has been written about this critical partnership.

This article describes a novel workshop that paired program directors with their incoming chief residents to facilitate improved partnership. We describe the workshop, including results from the chief resident and program director focus groups on expectations of each other in their respective roles. We also present results from a follow-up survey of workshop participants.

## Methods

### Chief Resident-Program Director Relationship-Building Workshop

To begin to address the critical partnership between program directors and chief residents, the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) sponsored a full-day workshop for residency program directors and their incoming chief residents at the ACGME Educational Conference in March 2010. Participation in this inaugural workshop was limited to residency program leaders and chief residents from residency programs where the program director was a current or past recipient of the Parker J. Palmer Courage to Teach award. The goals of this workshop were to allow program directors and their future chief residents to (1) learn what behaviors are desired and/or disliked in maximizing an effective working relationship, (2) develop an understanding for each other's leadership style and self-management strengths and weaknesses, and (3) establish a basis for more effective collaboration in the management of the residency program.

The first half of the workshop focused on self-discovery and co-discovery of leadership and management preferences, using experiential learning techniques.<sup>4</sup> The Myers-Briggs Personality Inventory (MBTI Trust, Inc., Gainesville, FL) was utilized as a launching point for a discussion of differences in preferences around personal organizational styles, communication preferences and focus of energy (introversion versus extraversion), reaction to change, and strategies used for decision making. The second half of the workshop was designed to open communication between chief residents and program directors about feedback and expectations of each other in this year-long partnership. Chief residents discussed with each other the potential problems and improvements in working with their program directors. Likewise, in small groups, program directors discussed their expectations of and frustrations with chief residents. Responses were captured on flip charts. The small groups were brought back together, and chief residents and program directors from different institutions were paired to develop action steps, and then they discussed these steps with their own counterpart (chief resident or program director from the same institution). Summarized results of common themes from these small groups are presented below. Finally, participants were asked to complete an anonymous evaluation of the workshop at its conclusion.

## Survey Methods

In November 2010, the 32 workshop participants were sent an anonymous internet-based survey to determine whether there had been lasting impact of this workshop on the partnership between the chief residents and their residency program leadership. Eight questions asked participants to rate the impact of the workshop on leadership and work relationships on a 4-point scale (significantly increased/improved, moderately increased/improved, somewhat increased/improved, or did not increase/improve). Microsoft Excel software (Microsoft Corp., Redmond, WA) was used to summarize data into descriptive results. Given the small sample size and nature of the data, no tests of significance were performed.

## Results

Participants expressed a high degree of satisfaction with the workshop, rating it an 8.5/10 points overall. Participants particularly found the in-depth discussion of personality styles helpful for thinking about how to work with one another and other colleagues in the coming year. Chief residents and program directors also commented on the importance of the opportunity to work in small groups together to discuss expectations and potential frustrations for the coming year.

TABLE 1 QUALITIES CHIEF RESIDENTS WOULD LIKE TO SEE MORE OF IN RESIDENCY PROGRAM DIRECTORS

General Theme	Specific Comments
Role Model	Lead by example, maintain confidentiality, attend meetings more regularly, be reliable, follow-through, have awareness for self-improvement.
Teacher	Model evidence-based medicine and clinical decision making from participation in report, have more clinical time with residents.
Mentor	Encourage personal growth, help in remediation of problem residents, help with development of time management skills, check in with my comfort level for given tasks, discuss future goals and how chief year can facilitate those goals, help develop leadership skills.
Transparency	Be consistent and transparent, especially for major decisions.
Clear Expectations and Feedback	Give regular feedback on personal performance, clarify the role of chief resident and set goals and expectations, and give constructive feedback to residents.
Approachable and Available	Maintain approachability and be available. Keep "open door" policy.
Advocate for Residents with the Faculty and Hospital	Demonstrate a willingness to negotiate and/or mediate between residents and faculty (hospital), provide organization to a group of residents, be proactive in communicating issues to faculty sooner, and act as a facilitator by seeing both sides.
Collaborate and Innovate	Be supportive of changes, innovate to improve program, ask resident opinions of changes and allow the majority opinion to trump your personal opinion, value chief input, have change and/or disaster planning occur early.

### Small Group Results

Analysis of flip chart responses from small groups of program directors and chief residents revealed some common themes. Both program directors and chief residents expect each other to act as a role model for the residents, be approachable and available, and to be transparent and as fair as possible in their decision-making processes. Both groups also wanted feedback on performance and wanted clear expectations from each other for roles and responsibilities. Finally, both chief residents and program directors identified the need to be innovative and supportive of changes in the program. When chief residents

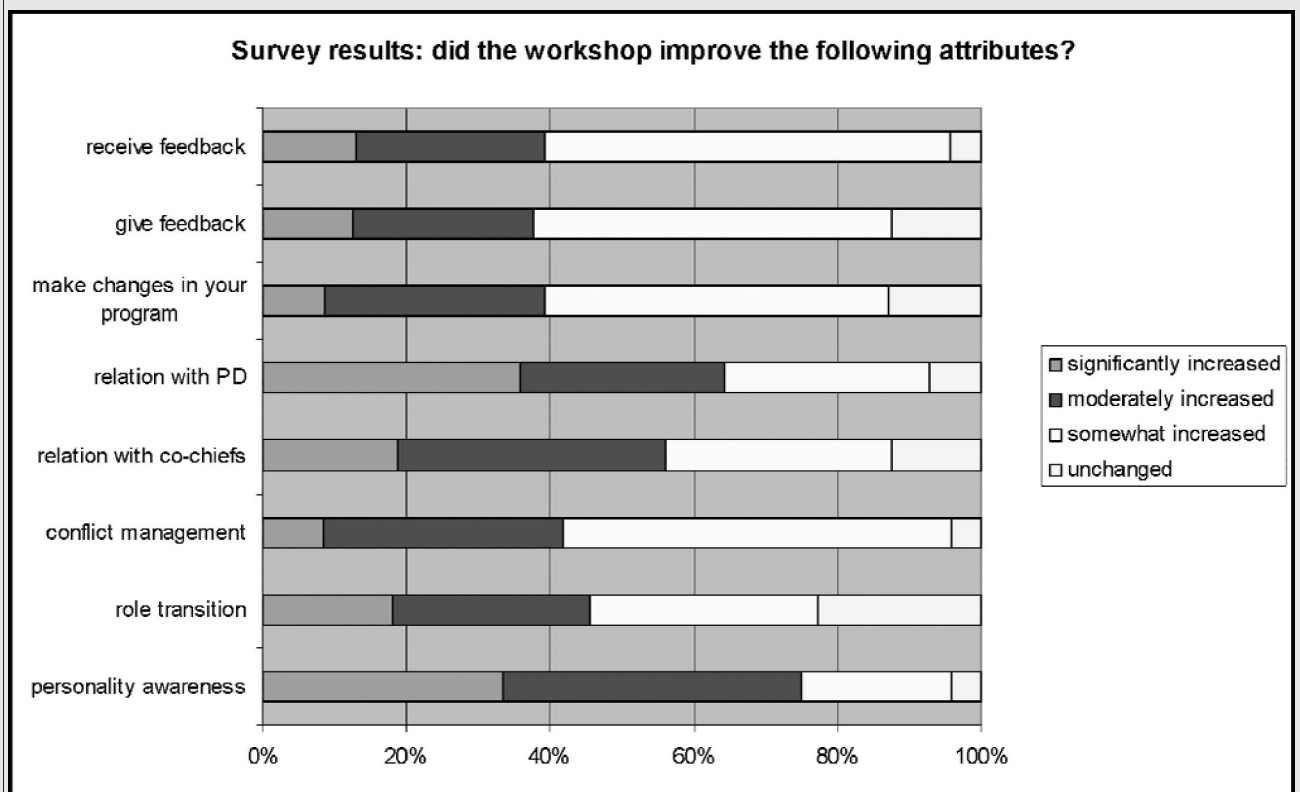
were asked what they would like to see more of in a program director, themes of professionalism, excellence in teaching and mentoring, and reliability and transparency were common (TABLE 1). When program directors were asked what they would like to see more of in chief residents, they identified leadership, openness to change and innovation, and effective communication and collaboration as important themes (TABLE 2).

### Survey Results

The postworkshop survey was completed by 24 of the 32 workshop participants (response rate, 75%). Results are

TABLE 2 QUALITIES PROGRAM DIRECTORS WOULD LIKE TO SEE MORE OF IN CHIEF RESIDENTS

General Theme	Specific Comments
Role Model	Lead by example, show initiative, have visibility with the residents, and model professionalism.
Leader	Demonstrate ownership of problems, develop effective relationship with residents, and encourage resident growth.
Transparency	Be transparent around decision making.
Clear Expectations and Feedback	Provide leadership with feedback, and develop a front-end job description including goals and expectations.
Approachable and Available	Be available for residents and faculty, maintain approachability, and have a visible presence in office (especially late afternoon).
Advocate for Residents with the Faculty and Hospital	Support resident autonomy, avoid splitting residency leadership, and facilitate conversation by seeing both sides of a problem or dispute.
Collaborate and Innovate	Have nonjudgmental approach to problem solving, be decisive but flexible with the unexpected, be adaptable, collaborate and communicate effectively with co-chiefs and residency leadership, bring innovative ideas and/or need for change to program leadership's attention, be open to change, and suggest solutions.



FIGURE

IMPACT OF WORKSHOP PARTICIPATION ON LEADERSHIP AND WORK RELATIONSHIPS

summarized in the FIGURE. Of the respondents, 14 respondents (58%) were chief residents, and 10 respondents (42%) were senior faculty (program director, associate program director, or education chair). Most respondents (75% overall, 79% of chief residents, 70% of faculty) indicated that the workshop moderately or significantly increased their awareness of the different aspects of their personality and its effect upon others. Workshop participants also stated that the workshop improved their ability to make a transition to a leadership role and to effectively manage conflicts. Similarly, 38% of respondents (55% of chief residents, 10% of faculty) stated that the workshop moderately or significantly improved their ability to give feedback and receive feedback. Respondents reported that participation in this workshop improved their relationships with their co-chiefs and program directors, with 9 of the 14 chief residents reporting that participation moderately or significantly improved their relationship with their program director.

While both groups indicated that they benefitted from the workshop, chief residents reported a higher perceived benefit than program directors. This is likely due to the fact that for the chief residents, the workshop provided novel educational content.

### Discussion

Our novel 1-day workshop aimed to give residency program directors and associate program directors and their incoming chief residents tools to increase self-awareness, leadership skills, and feedback skills in order to improve their working relationship. This was accomplished through a series of exercises that incorporated experiential learning methods with small group discussions. We believe an effective partnership between the chief resident and residency leadership is critically important to a residency program's success, chief residents' development as future leaders, and the residency program director's job satisfaction. To date, there is little information in the literature about the characteristics of an effective program director-chief resident partnership or how to facilitate collaboration between the 2 roles, which collectively are important to program quality and resident satisfaction.

Interestingly, in small group discussions, chief residents and program directors independently identified similar expectations for one another, centered on acting as program leaders and role models with high levels of professionalism. Communication and collaboration, innovation, and resident advocacy emerged strongly from both groups as characteristics they would like to see more of in each other. While chief residents also identified teaching as

an important characteristic of a program director, this group of program directors did not identify teaching as something they would like to see more of in their chief residents. There are a number of explanations for this finding; however, it is likely in part an acknowledgement of the challenges of the chief resident's role in terms of leadership, management, and administrative tasks for which residency does not offer significant preparation compared with teaching skills.

Previous studies of the chief resident position identified similar expectations.<sup>5,6</sup> Program directors expected chief residents to be leaders within the residency program and facilitators of change, mediators of conflict, and advocates for the residents.<sup>2,3,5,6</sup> One study likened the chief resident role to that of a "middle manager" with up work (satisfying the needs and requirements of the Residency Director and institution with whom they work), down work (teaching, counseling, and support of residents), lateral work (working with other middle managers including faculty, nursing managers, etc.), and internal work (self-reflection and work with co-chief residents to determine work balance and how the work is going).<sup>7</sup> It is clear from this workshop that through experiential learning exercises that enhance communication and leadership skills, program directors and chief residents perceive an improvement in their ability to manage conflict, work together, and give and receive feedback more effectively.

### Limitations

We have described a 1-day workshop for a highly selective group of program directors and their chief residents who volunteered to come to a national meeting and participate in this workshop. Limitations of our study include our small sample size and the fact that our follow-up used a nonvalidated survey. Our results may not be generalizable to other chief resident courses or residency programs. We

resurveyed participants 8 months after the workshop to assess for a lasting impact but did not collect third-party assessments to corroborate whether participation resulted in an actual enhancement of skills. Finally, we could not quantify whether our joint workshop for chief residents and program directors had an added benefit over holding a separate workshop for chief residents only.

### Conclusions

Residency program directors and their incoming chief residents benefit from formal preparation for their year-long partnership and also perceive benefit from learning more about their individual styles and how their personalities impact those with whom they work. An effective partnership between the chief resident and residency director is critical to the continued success of residency education, and institutions should seek ways to support formal preparation for this partnership. The desirable characteristics developed by program directors and chief residents during the workshop (TABLES 1 and 2) may be useful for adoption or adaptation by residency programs.

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