

Sequence of the rabbit β -casein cDNA: comparison with other casein cDNA sequencesEsther Schaefer, Eve Devinoy¹, Jean-Pierre Krahenbuhl and Louis-Marie Houdebine¹Institut de Biochimie, Université de Lausanne et Institut Suisse de Recherches Expérimentales sur le Cancer, CH-1066 Epalinges, Switzerland and ¹Unité de Différenciation Cellulaire, Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique, F-78350 Jouy-en-Josas, France

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A cDNA clone corresponding to rabbit β -casein was isolated from a rabbit mammary gland cDNA library (1). Its sequence (1114 nucleotides), established by the method of F. Sanger, encodes a 228 amino acid protein ($M_r = 26'041$). The sequence of the 15 first amino acids corresponds to the signal sequence established by protein sequencing (2). This signal is highly conserved among species (82 to 88 % similarity between rabbit, rat and bovine) (3-4) and shows similarity with the α_{S1} -casein signal peptide (1,4). In the coding region the homology between species for the β -casein is higher than for the α_{S1} -casein (64-70 % versus 55-60 % respectively at the nucleotide level, 45-54 % versus 34-37 % at the protein level). The higher degree of similarity for the β -casein coding region when compared to that of α_{S1} -casein might be related to the role played by β -casein at the surface of milk micelles (4).

ATCATCCACCAAGCTTCATTTCACTCTGTCCCTCACCTTGGAAATAAGGACTCTGGAGTC	ATG	ANG	GTC	CTC	ATT	CTT	GCC	TGC	CTG	GTG	GCT		98																		
	M	K	V	L	I	L	A	C	L	V	A		-5																		
CTC	GCT	CTT	GCA	AGG	GAG	GAA	CAA	CTC	AGT	GTT	CCC	ACA	AGC	186																	
L	A	R	E	K	E	O	L	S	V	P	T	E	A	+26																	
AAG	CAG	AAA	CTC	GAG	ACG	ATT	AAG	CAC	GTG	GAA	CAQ	GAG	GAA	ATT	ACA	CAT	ATC	AAC	276												
K	O	K	L	E	T	I	H	V	E	O	L	R	E	K	L	D	K	I	P	F	I	O	S	L	66						
TTT	CCT	TTT	GCT	GAG	GCG	ATC	CCC	TAC	CCT	ACT	CCA	GAG	AAC	ATC	CTG	AC	CCT	GAT	CAA	CTC	GAC	ATG	CTG	CTA	CCT	CTC	CTT	CAG	366		
F	P	F	A	E	R	I	P	Y	P	T	L	P	Q	N	I	L	N	L	A	O	L	D	M	L	L	P	L	86			
CCT	GAA	ATA	ATG	GAA	GAC	CCC	AGG	ACT	AAA	CCT	AGG	ACC	ATT	ATC	CCT	AGG	CCC	TTC	CTT	AAA	TCT	CCA	AAG	ACG	GTC	CCC	466				
P	E	I	M	E	D	P	I	R	P	E	R	I	P	T	K	H	N	L	M	P	F	L	K	S	P	K	T	V	116		
TTT	GTT	GAC	TCT	CAA	ATT	CTG	ATT	CTC	AGG	GAG	ATG	AAA	ATT	CAA	CAC	CTT	TTG	CCC	CAG	CTC	CTG	CCC	TTC	ATG	CAC	CAG	GTC	TTC	546		
F	D	S	O	I	L	N	N	T	P	I	P	N	I	L	N	L	N	L	A	O	L	D	M	L	L	P	L	146			
CAQ	CCT	TTT	CCC	CAG	ACT	CCC	ATT	CCA	TAT	CCT	CAQ	GCC	CTC	TCT	CCT	CAQ	TCC	AAA	TTC	ATG	CCT	ATT	GTC	CCA	AAG	GTG	GTG	636			
O	P	F	P	O	T	P	I	P	Y	P	O	A	L	L	S	L	P	O	S	K	F	M	P	I	V	P	Q	V	176		
CCC	TAC	TCT	CAA	AGG	GAC	ATC	CCT	ATC	CAA	GCC	CTT	CAQ	CTG	TTC	CCT	CCC	ATT	CAT	CAA	GAC	TAC	CCT	GTG	TTT	CAA	726					
P	Y	P	O	R	D	M	P	I	O	A	L	O	L	F	E	L	F	P	T	H	O	G	P	V	V	O	206				
CCA	ATA	GGC	CCA	GTT	ATT	GTC	TAAGGAGATTTCACAGCTTAATATCTTCTCTGATTTTGATTTGACTGAGACTGGAACCTTGGCATCTCTCTCCGTCTTCTATCATGTCATC																							839	
P	I	A	T	A	V	N	V																								213
AGAAAC	AAATG	TTT	TTT	AAACT	ACCA	AAAT	GGCC	AAAT	GAAT	CTT	ACT	CTT	TAT	96																	
TACAA	TTG	TAA	TG	TTG	AACT	ACCA	TTG	AACT	GGCC	AAAT	GAAT	CTT	ACT	CTT	TAT	1078															
TCCAGT	CAT	TT	CA	AA	TT	AA	TT	AA	TT	CT	TT	GG	AA	TT	GT	AA	CT	TT	TT	CC	1114										

At position 15 of the mature protein, the sequence SerValSerSerSerGluGlu is a potential major phosphorylation site for casein kinase. No potential minor sites can be deduced from the sequence. Thus rabbit β -casein contains only half the number of the potential phosphorylation sites seen in α_{S1} -casein (1) and represents the least phosphorylated of all caseins (1,3). These results were previously suggested by a direct analyses of rabbit milk (5).

As for α_{S1} -casein, the 3'P untranslated region of the rabbit β -casein cDNA is conserved among species (81 % homology). Among the leader sequence of the β -casein cDNA, a stretch of 13 nucleotides from position 4 to 16 is conserved in the rabbit, the rat and the bovine α_{S1} - and β -casein cDNA. This sequence may be important in the control of transcription or mRNA stabilisation.

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