

## Whole-Exome Sequencing Identifies Mutations in *GPR179* Leading to Autosomal-Recessive Complete Congenital Stationary Night Blindness

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(The American Journal of Human Genetics 90, 321–330; February 10, 2012)

In the original version of this report, which describes *GPR179* mutations in patients with complete congenital stationary night blindness, we applied an antibody against human *GPR179* to mouse retinal sections and concluded that *GPR179* was localized to horizontal cells and Müller cell endfeet (Figure 4). We have since discovered that this use of the antibody does not result in specific labeling. Our recent results support the conclusion of the parallel study of Peachey et al.,<sup>1</sup> which concluded that *GPR179* is expressed in retinal bipolar cells.

### Reference

1. Peachey, N.S., Ray, T.A., Florijn, R., Rowe, L.B., Sjoerdsma, T., Contreras-Alcantara, S., Baba, K., Tosini, G., Pozdeyev, N., Iuvone, P.M., et al. (2012). *GPR179* is required for depolarizing bipolar cell function and is mutated in autosomal-recessive complete congenital stationary night blindness. *Am. J. Hum. Genet.* 90, 331–339.

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<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ajhg.2012.06.001>. ©2012 by The American Society of Human Genetics. All rights reserved.

## *GPSM2* Mutations Cause the Brain Malformations and Hearing Loss in Chudley-McCullough Syndrome

Dan Doherty,\* Albert E. Chudley, Gail Coghlan, Gisele E. Ishak, A. Micheil Innes, Edmond G. Lemire, R. Curtis Rogers, Aizeddin A. Mhanni, Ian G. Phelps, Steven J.M. Jones, Shing H. Zhan, Anthony P. Fejes, Hashem Shahin, Moien Kanaan, Hatice Akay, Mustafa Tekin, FORGE Canada Consortium, Barbara Triggs-Raine, and Teresa Zelinski\*

(The American Journal of Human Genetics 90, 1088–1093; June 8, 2012)

This paper incorrectly described two mutations in *GPSM2*: (1) c.1471delG should have been c.1473delG; and (2) c.741delC should have been c.742delC. The authors regret these errors.

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