

**Bgl II RFLP recognized by a human IRBP cDNA localized to chromosome 10**G.I.Liou, Y.Li, C.Wang, S.-L.Fong, S.Bhattacharya<sup>1</sup> and C.D.B.BridgesDepartment of Ophthalmology, Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX 77030, USA and <sup>1</sup>MRC Clinical and Population Cytogenetics Unit, Western General Hospital, Edinburgh, UK

**SOURCE/DESCRIPTION:** A 2184 bp cDNA (H-4 IRBP) encoding human interstitial retinol-binding protein (IRBP; Fong et al., 1984) isolated from a human retina cDNA library in  $\lambda$ gt10 by screening with a bovine IRBP cDNA probe (B-23; Liou et al., 1986).

**POLYMORPHISM:** Bgl II (AGATCT) identifies a 2-allele polymorphism with bands at 6.3 kb (A<sub>1</sub>) and 4.3 kb (A<sub>2</sub>). There is a strong invariant band at 2.5 kb.

**FREQUENCY:** In 43 unrelated individuals (41 Caucasians, 2 Blacks)

A <sub>1</sub>	6.3 kb	0.85
A <sub>2</sub>	4.3 kb	0.15

**NOT POLYMORPHIC FOR:** Hind III, Pvu II, Bcl I

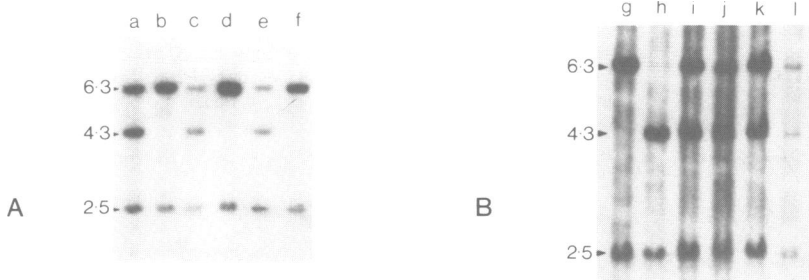
**CHROMOSOMAL LOCALIZATION:** Mapped to chromosome 10 using somatic cell hybrids. In situ hybridization suggests regional assignment near p11.2 → q11.2 with a secondary site of hybridization at q24 → 25.

**MENDELIAN INHERITANCE:** Demonstrated in two 6-member families (see Fig.).

**PROBE AVAILABILITY:** Available to collaborators.

**REFERENCES:** Fong, S.-L. et al., J. Neurochem., 42:1667-1676 (1984).  
Liou, G.I. et al., Vision Research 26:1645-1654 (1986).

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Southern blot analysis of Bgl II digests from two 6-member families (A, 0.8% agarose, 6  $\mu$ g DNA; B, 0.7% agarose, 7  $\mu$ g DNA). Fathers, lanes a & g; mothers, lanes b & h; offspring, lanes c-f, i-l. Gels calibrated with Hind III-digested  $\lambda$ DNA.