

In the article by Sakuragawa *et al.* (*Journal of Clinical Biochemistry and Nutrition* 2010; 46: 126–134) “Hypotaurine is an Energy-Saving Hepatoprotective Compound against Ischemia-Reperfusion Injury of the Rat Liver”, an error appeared in Fig. 4. Units of the ordinates in Fig. 4 were incorrect: i.e. it should be $\mu\text{mol/g}$ liver instead of mmol/g liver. A corrected figure and legend are printed below.

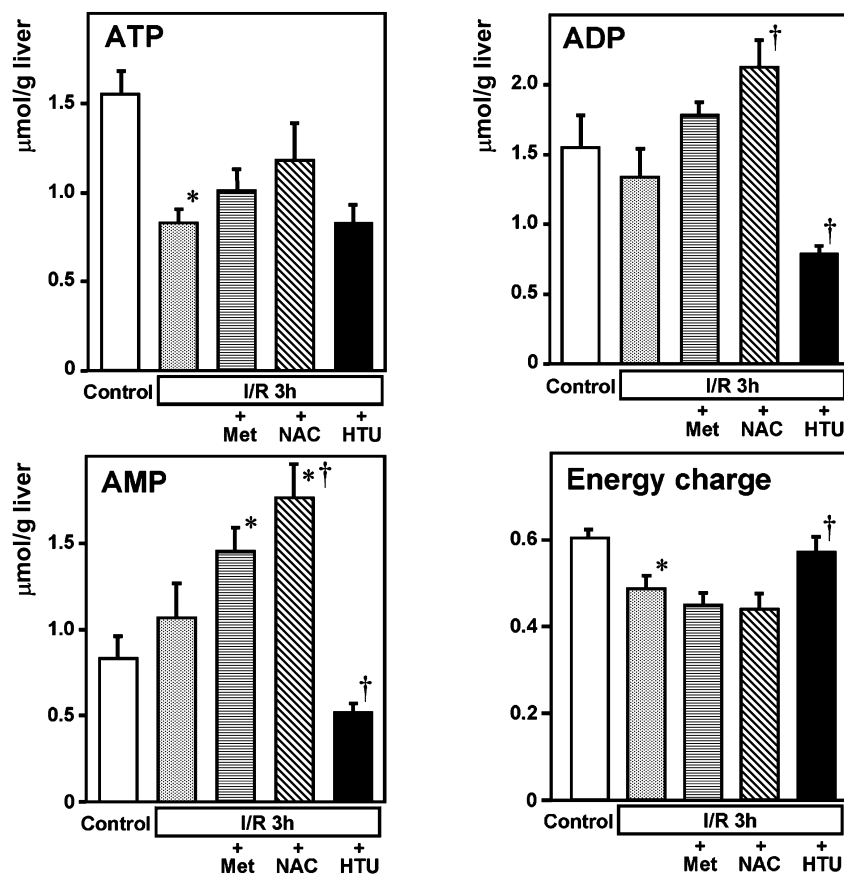


Fig. 4. Hepatic contents of ATP, ADP and AMP and energy charges measured at 3 h after the start of reperfusion. Note that the HTU-treated group significantly attenuated tissue contents of ADP and AMP, without lowering ATP in the post-ischemic liver, leading to a significant recovery of the energy charge. Values are mean \pm SE of 5–8 separate experiments. * $p < 0.05$ vs the control. † $p < 0.05$ vs the I/R-treated group.