

EDITORIAL

Diverse immunological roles of $\gamma\delta$ T cells

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Accumulating evidence suggests that $\gamma\delta$ T cells play roles in host immune responses to inflammations/damages, tumors and infections. Recent studies have demonstrated that roles of $\gamma\delta$ T cells can be quite broad or diverse. In this special issue, seven review articles discuss recent progress conceiving the diverse immunologic roles in $\gamma\delta$ T cells.

Born *et al.*¹ summarize experimental findings implicating that $\gamma\delta$ T cells recognize a diverse array of antigens including self and foreign, large and small, and peptidic and non-peptidic molecules. In parallel, Kalyan and Kabelitz² discuss unique and empathetic aspects of $\gamma\delta$ T cells in terms of antigen recognition, immune response and effector function. Caccamo *et al.*³ present recent observations suggesting that human $\gamma\delta$ T cells can evolve into multiple T helper-like effector functions, with plasticity feature. While Fournié *et al.*⁴ identify recently gained information regarding human $\gamma\delta$ T cell-targeted clinical trials for immunotherapy against late-stage cancers, Li *et al.*⁵ summarize results in studies of $\gamma\delta$ T cells in HIV-infected humans. Tu's group⁶ outlines anti-infection potential of $\gamma\delta$ T cells. Finally, Chen⁷ reviews recent publications suggesting multifunctional immune responses and effector functions of phosphoantigen-specific $\gamma\delta$ T cells in tuberculosis and other infections in humans and nonhuman primates.

These reviews are comprehensive and up-to-date, supporting the view that $\gamma\delta$ T cells play broad immunological roles in host

responses. The in-depth discussions also provide provocative speculations and hypotheses that will facilitate future studies of $\gamma\delta$ T cells.

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