Erratum to: Factors predicting survival after post-transplant hepatocellular carcinoma recurrence

Christian Toso · Sonia Cader · Ariane Mentha-Dugerdil · Glenda Meeberg ·

Pietro Majno · Isabelle Morard · Emiliano Giostra · Thierry Berney ·

Philippe Morel · Gilles Mentha · Norman M. Kneteman

Published online: 28 May 2013

© Japanese Society of Hepato-Biliary-Pancreatic Surgery and Springer Japan 2013

Erratum to: J Hepatobiliary Pancreat Sci (2013) 20:342–347 DOI 10.1007/s00534-012-0528-4

The following erratum and correction were submitted by the authors and were approved for publication by the editor:

We have recently worked further on our database of patients with post-transplant hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) recurrence and have realized that a systematic error was made in the analysis conducted for our original publication.

The error was linked to the calculation of post-recurrence survival, which was shorter than originally stated. Instead of the published median survival of 18.8 ± 6.8 months, the true survival was of 6.3 ± 1.2 months (with a mean of 10.6 ± 3.0 months). As a result, the appropriate Fig. 1b is as follows:

The online version of the original article can be found under doi:10.1007/s00534-012-0528-4.

C. Toso (☒) · A. Mentha-Dugerdil · P. Majno · T. Berney · P. Morel · G. Mentha
Divisions of Transplant and Abdominal Surgery,
Department of Surgery, University of Geneva Hospitals,
Rue Gabrielle-Perret-Gentil, 1211 Geneva, Switzerland
e-mail: christian.toso@hcuge.ch

S. Cader · G. Meeberg · N. M. Kneteman Division of Transplantation, Department of Surgery, University of Alberta, 2D4.44 Mackenzie Center, Edmonton, AB T6G 2B7, Canada

I. Morard · E. Giostra Division of Gastro-enterology, Department of Internal Medicine, University of Geneva Hospitals, Rue Gabrielle-Perret-Gentil, 1211 Geneva, Switzerland

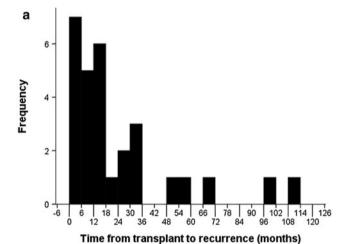


Fig. 1 a Histogram showing the distribution of the time between transplantation and recurrence in the 30 studied patients. **b** Overall post-recurrence survival (median survival 6.3 ± 1.2 months). *HCC* Hepatocellular carcinoma

Survival from recurrence (months)



In addition, the results of the multivariate analysis looking for factors predicting the chance of post-recurrence survival have changed. The time between transplant and recurrence is no longer significantly predicting post-recurrence survival. This observation contrasts with those reported in previous publications (Taketomi et al., Ann Surg Oncol 2010; Kornberg et al., Eur J Surg Oncol 2010;

Shin et al., Liver Transpl 2010). The occurrence of a rejection during the first 6 months after transplantation remained with the trend as a predictor of post-recurrence survival [HR 7.84 (0.85–72.50), p=0.07]. The inclusion within Milan criteria at the time of transplantation [HR 4.11 (1.30–13.00), p=0.016] was a significant predictor.

