

CORRECTION

Correction: The ATP Receptors P2X7 and P2X4 Modulate High Glucose and Palmitate-Induced Inflammatory Responses in Endothelial Cells

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There is an error in panel B of [Fig 4](#). Please view [Fig 4](#) here.



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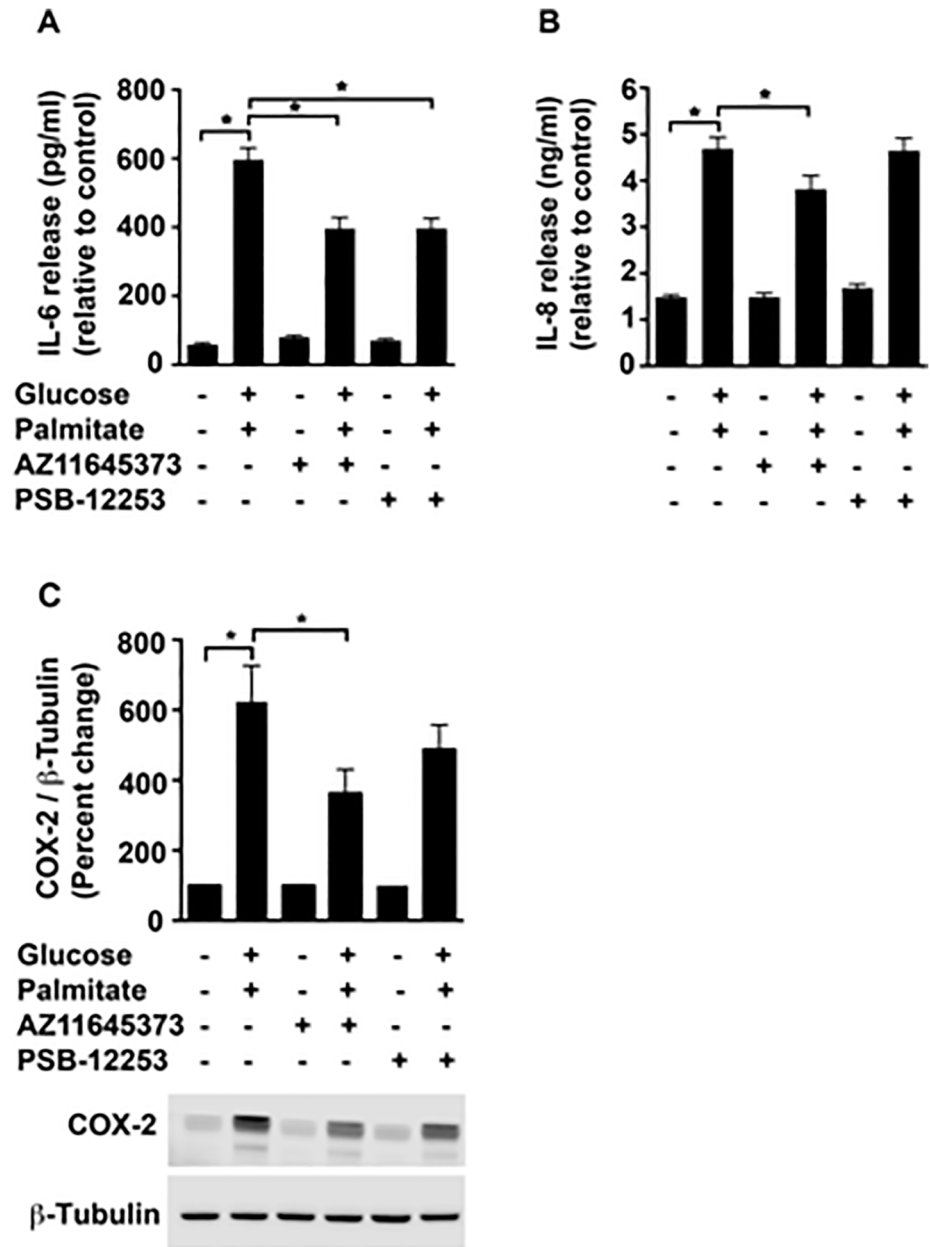


Fig 4. Purinergic modulation of high glucose and palmitate-induced IL-6, IL-8 and COX-2 protein. HUVECs were exposed to high glucose and palmitate (48 h) in the presence or absence of the P2X7 and P2X4 antagonists. The supernatants were analyzed for IL-6 (A) and IL-8 (B) secretion using ELISA. Cell lysates probed for COX-2 (C; 74 kDa) and normalized to β -Tubulin are represented as percentage of control. A representative immunoblot for each protein is depicted. $n = 3$ to 4 independent experiments each done in replicates; $*p \leq 0.05$.

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Reference

1. Sathanoori R, Swärd K, Olde B, Erlinge D (2015) The ATP Receptors P2X7 and P2X4 Modulate High Glucose and Palmitate-Induced Inflammatory Responses in Endothelial Cells. PLoS ONE 10(5): e0125111. doi: [10.1371/journal.pone.0125111](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0125111) PMID: [25938443](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25938443/)