

### IDS Crossing of the Blood-Brain Barrier Corrects CNS Defects in MPSII Mice

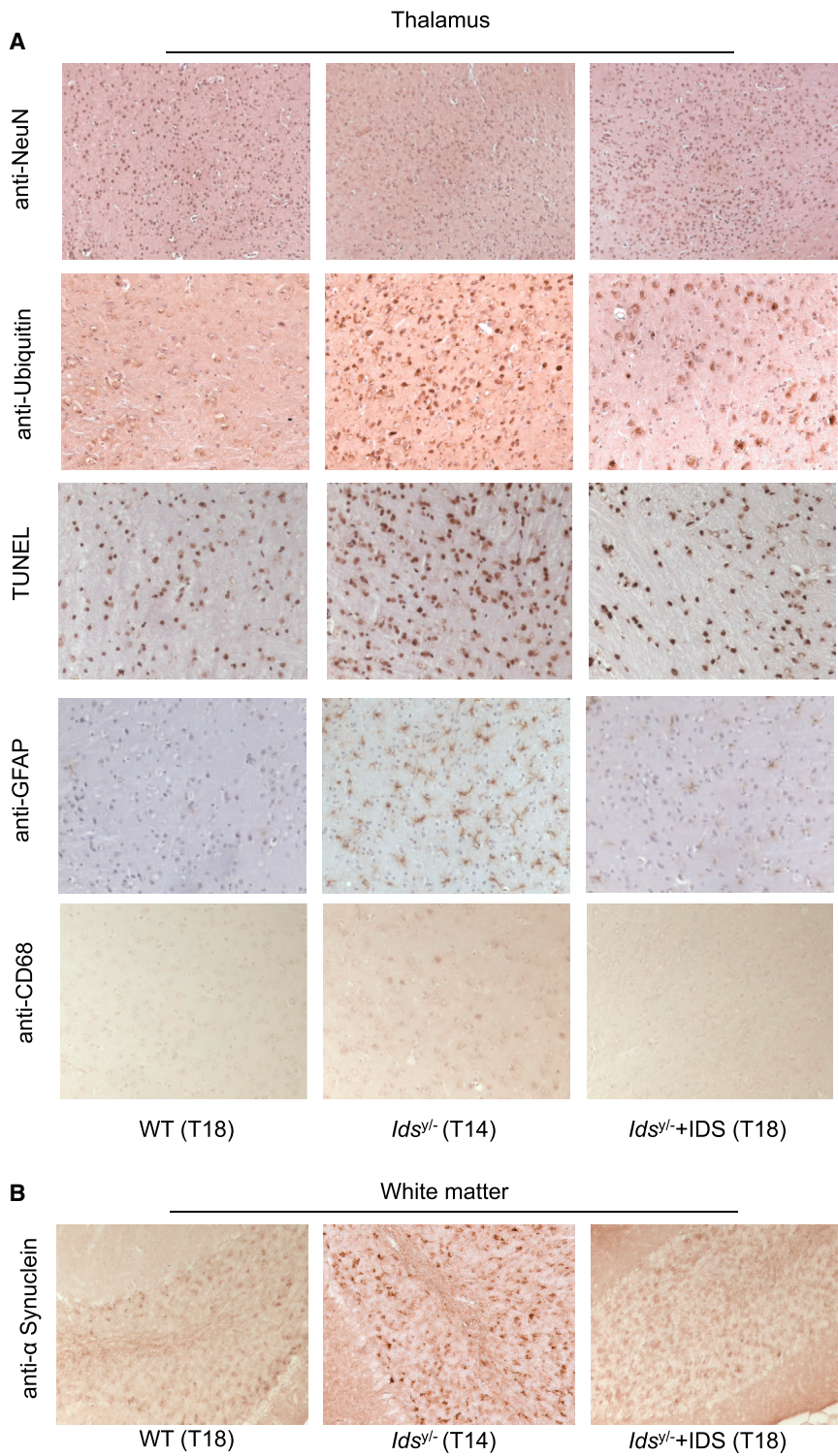
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(The American Journal of Human Genetics 85, 296–301; August 14, 2009)

In this article, Figure 3A unfortunately showed incorrect immunohistochemistry of the CD68 marker in the thalamus of WT (T18) and *Ids<sup>y/-</sup>*+IDS (T18) mice. The revised figure depicting the correct CD68 immunohistochemistry of WT (T18) and *Ids<sup>y/-</sup>*+IDS (T18) mice, as well as control *Ids<sup>y/-</sup>* (T14) mice, appears below. The authors apologize for the oversight.

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<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ajhg.2015.04.009>. ©2015 by The American Society of Human Genetics. All rights reserved.



**Figure 3. Rescue of Brain Defects in AAV2/5CMV-hIDS-Injected *Ids<sup>y/-</sup>* Mice**  
 (A and B) Immunohistochemistry of different brain-specific markers (monoclonal anti-NeuN, diluted 1:100, Chemicon International; polyclonal anti-ubiquitin, diluted 1:50, Abcam; TUNEL, Chemicon International Staining Kit; monoclonal anti-GFAP, diluted 1:200, Sigma-Aldrich; and monoclonal antiCD68, diluted 1:250, AbD Serotec) in the thalamus and white matter (monoclonal anti- $\alpha$ -synuclein, diluted 1:250, Abcam) of brain sections in T18 WT, T14 *Ids<sup>y/-</sup>*, and T18 AAV2/5CMV-hIDS-injected *Ids<sup>y/-</sup>* mice. Magnification: 10 $\times$  (anti-NeuN sections) or 20 $\times$  (all others).