

Corrigendum

Corrigendum to “Use of Ethnomedicinal Plants by the People Living around Indus River”

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In the article titled “Use of Ethnomedicinal Plants by the People Living around Indus River,” [1] Table 2 contained ethnomedicine recipes from previously published articles by Sarfraz Khan Marwat, which were cited in the article as references [4] S. K. Marwat, M. A. Khan, M. Ahmad, M. Zafar, and F. Rehman, “Ethnophytomedicines for treatment of various diseases in D. I. Khan District,” Sarhad Journal of Agriculture, vol. 24, no. 2, 2008 and [28] S. K. Marwat, F. Fazal-Ur-Rehman, M. A. Khan, M. Ahmad, M. Zafar, and S. Ghulam, “Medicinal folk recipes used as traditional phytotherapies in district Dera Ismail Khan, KPK, Pakistan,” Pakistan Journal of Botany, vol. 43, no. 3, pp. 1453–1462, 2011. The authors apologize for not properly quoting the recipes or citing the sources in the table. Table 2 should be corrected as follows.

References

- [1] S. Mussarat, N. M. AbdEl-Salam, A. Tariq, S. Mehmood Wazir, R. Ullah, and M. Adnan, “Use of ethnomedicinal plants by the people living around Indus river,” *Evidence-Based Complementary and Alternative Medicine*, vol. 2014, Article ID 212634, 14 pages, 2014.

TABLE 2: Continued.

Botanical name/Voucher Specimen number	Local name	Family	Habit/endemism	Status	Part used	Recipes	Dosage
<i>Tamarix aphylla</i> (L.) Karst. KUH-372	Khagal	Tamaricaceae	Shrub/nonendemic	Cultivated	Bark, leaves and twigs	Leaves ashes are water mixed. Soon after some times, a filtrate is taken then and boiled, which after complete evaporation gives salt left. One gram of this salt is consumed along with <i>Shurbat-e-Bazaar</i> . Effective against jaundice. Secondly, leaves are water boiled and the water is thrown away while the hot leaves are applied to the wounded area [28]	Two times a day for a period needed towards recovery of jaundice. For wound healing it used for one week [28]
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i> L. KUH-373	Thuja	Cupressaceae	Tree/nonendemic	Cultivated	Leaves	Boil their leaves in the water and then wash the mouth with this water it provide rapid relief in dental pain. Fresh leaves are burned and their smoke decrease temperature in fever	As needed
<i>Tribulus terrestris</i> L. KUH-374	Bhakra, Gokhru	Zygophyllaceae	Herb/nonendemic	Wild	Fruit	The fruits are grounded to powder and then mix sugar as per the need. It is used orally for urinary infection [4]	Four times in a day for 3 months
<i>Viola stockii</i> Boiss KUH-375	Makhanr booti	Violaceae	Herb/nonendemic	Wild	Whole plant	Whole of this plant along its seeds are crushed to powder and use for sex related issues [4]	2g of its powder and butter (one tea spoon) is taken before breakfast till needed [4]
<i>Withania coagulans</i> (Stocks) Dunal. KUH-376	Akri	Solanaceae	Herb/nonendemic	Wild	Fruit	Fruits are soaked in water and left for overnight. The soaked fruits are squeezed in the morning and the water is filtered, which is used for blood purification. One dried fruit is kept in teeth having pain. 5-6 fruit are taken with water like tablet for abdominal pain [4]	A cup of water is taken before breakfast for a duration as per need [4]
<i>Zea mays</i> Linn. KUH-377	Makkai	Poaceae	Herb/nonendemic	Cultivated	Fruit	Dry fruit is crushed and make flour, which is used for digestion	As needed
<i>Ziziphus jujuba</i> Mill. KUH-378	Ber	Rhamnaceae	Tree/nonendemic	Wild/cultivated	Leaves and fruits	Eat their fruit which is helpful in treatment of diarrhoea as well as for blood purification. Paste of leaves is used for hair growth	As needed