ERRATUM

Five-year risk of HIV diagnosis subsequent to 147 hospital-based indicator diseases: a Danish nationwide population-based cohort study [Erratum]

Omland LH, Legarth R, Ahlström MG, et al. *Clin Epidemiol*. 2016;8:333–340.

On page 338, Table 1 was referenced in error under the heading "Patient categories with a particularly high FYRHD". The incorrect sentence read as "The ten combinations of indicator diseases, age, and sex with the highest FYRDH among individuals of Danish origin, as well as the ten indicator diseases with the highest FYRHD among individuals of African origin, are shown in Table 1."

The correct sentence should read "The ten combinations of indicator diseases, age, and sex with the highest FYRHD among individuals of Danish origin, as well as the ten indicator diseases with the highest FYRHD among individuals of African origin, are shown in Table 2." Table 2 was missed from being included in the paper and is as follows:

Table 2 Ten combinations of indicator disease, sex and age in

the Danish population and the African population with the highest

Indicator disease	Population	
Indicator disease	•	FYRHD (95% CI)
Lymphoma	African	22.105 (6.397–43.665)
Thrombocytopenia	African	18.000 (8.799–29.824)
Herpes zoster	African	17.891 (10.302–27.171)
Pneumococcal pneumonia	African	15.000 (3.560–33.991)
Syphilis	African	11.364 (4.105–22.735)
Viral meningitis and	African	10.256 (3.199–22.169)
encephalitis		
Other CNS infections	African	8.511 (2.679–18.691)
Mononucleosis	African	6.250 (0.362–25.479)
Candida infection	African	5.000 (1.610–11.379)
Lung abscess/empyema	African	4.762 (0.304–20.204)
without pneumonia		
Syphilis	Male 30 years	13.376 (7.465–21.024)
Hepatitis A	Male 20 years	7.805 (3.417–14.566)
Syphilis	Male 50 years	7.038 (2.838–13.844)
Syphilis	Male 40 years	6.101 (1.943–13.740)
Hepatitis A	Male 30 years	5.464 (2.403–10.369)
Endocarditis	Female 20 years	4.774 (1.763–10.111)
Candida infection	Male 30 years	4.009 (2.463-6.121)
Syphilis	Male 20 years	4.000 (1.298–9.209)
Other STIs	Male 30 years	3.997 (2.370-6.266)
Non 'A' viral hepatitis	Male 30 years	3.551 (2.811–4.417)

Abbreviations: FYRHD, 5-year risk of an HIV diagnosis; CI, confidence interval; CNS, central nervous system; STIs, sexually transmitted infections.

Clinical Epidemiology

Publish your work in this journal

Clinical Epidemiology is an international, peer-reviewed, open access, online journal focusing on disease and drug epidemiology, identification of risk factors and screening procedures to develop optimal preventative initiatives and programs. Specific topics include: diagnosis, prognosis, treatment, screening, prevention, risk factor modification,

Submit your manuscript here: https://www.dovepress.com/clinical-epidemiology-journal

Dovepress

systematic reviews, risk and safety of medical interventions, epidemiology and biostatistical methods, and evaluation of guidelines, translational medicine, health policies and economic evaluations. The manuscript management system is completely online and includes a very quick and fair peer-review system, which is all easy to use.

submit your manuscript | www.dovepress.com Dovepress

http://dx.doi.org/10.2147/CLEP.S125923

Clinical Epidemiology 2016:8 769

Construction of the second sec