Open Access Full Text Article

LETTER

2823

Letter to the editor regarding the article "Prognostic role of long noncoding RNA NEATI in various carcinomas: a meta-analysis"

He Yu^{1,*} Peng Wang^{2,*} Xiong Zhang³

¹Department of Pathology, Kunming Medical University, ²Medical Faculty, Kunming University of Science and Technology, ³Department of Vascular Surgery, Kunming Medical University, Chenggong, Kunming, People's Republic of China

*These authors contributed equally to this letter

Dear editor

With great interest, we read Chen et al's paper entitled "Prognostic role of long noncoding RNA NEAT1 in various carcinomas: a meta-analysis".¹ The authors stated that high expression of NEAT1 might potentially serve as a reliable biomarker for poor clinical outcome in various cancers.

After reviewing the article, we found an error that should be double checked and be corrected. The data (hazard ratio [HR] =2.17, 95% confidence intervals: 0.65-7.23 P=0.208) Chen et al extracted from Sun et al's paper based on the survival curve indicated that the expression of long noncoding RNA NEAT1 was not related to prognosis, which conflicts with the conclusion of Sun et al. However, Sun et al indicated that the patients with tumors with high NEAT1 expression had a shorter overall survival than patients whose tumors had low NEAT1 expression (P=0.061).² As we know that the HR and P-values obtained by the curve are offset from the values obtained from the original data calculations, therefore, we suggest the authors contact Sun et al to verify the article data and to obtain the true values. Nevertheless, we still appreciate the authors efforts in studying the correlation between IncRNA NEAT1 and various carcinomas.

Disclosure

The authors report no conflicts of interest in this communication.

References

- 1. Chen T, Wang H, Yang P, He ZY. Prognostic role of long noncoding RNA NEAT1 in various carcinomas: a meta-analysis. *Onco Targets Ther*. 2017;10:993–1000.
- Sun C, Li S, Zhang F, et al. Long non-coding RNA NEAT1 promotes non-small cell lung cancer progression through regulation of miR-377–3p-E2F3 pathway. Oncotarget. 2016;7(32):51784–51814.

Correspondence: He Yu The Kunming General Hospital of the People's Liberation Army, 212 Daguan Road, Kunming, Yunnan Province, People's Republic of China Tel +86 182 8897 8275 Email yuyuhehe6666@foxmail.com



OncoTargets and Therapy 2017:10 2823-2824

Commercial use of this work is published and licensed by Dove Medical Press Limited. The full terms of this license are available at https://www.dovepress.com/terms.php
 and incorporate the Creative Commons Attribution — Non Commercial (unported, v3.0) License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/3.0). By accessing the work you
hereby accept the Terms. Non-commercial use of the work are permitted without any further permission from Dove Medical Press Limited, provided the work is properly attributed. For permission
for commercial use of this work, please see paragraphs 4.2 and 5 of our Terms (https://www.dovepress.com/terms.php).

Dove Medical Press encourages responsible, free and frank academic debate. The content of the OncoTargets and Therapy 'letters to the editor' section does not necessarily represent the views of Dove Medical Press, its officers, agents, employees, related entities or the OncoTargets and Therapy editors. While all reasonable steps have been taken to confirm the content of each letter, Dove Medical Press accepts no liability in respect of the content of any letter, nor is it responsible for the content and accuracy of any letter to the editor.

OncoTargets and Therapy

Dovepress

Publish your work in this journal

OncoTargets and Therapy is an international, peer-reviewed, open access journal focusing on the pathological basis of all cancers, potential targets for therapy and treatment protocols employed to improve the management of cancer patients. The journal also focuses on the impact of management programs and new therapeutic agents and protocols on

Submit your manuscript here: http://www.dovepress.com/oncotargets-and-therapy-journal

patient perspectives such as quality of life, adherence and satisfaction. The manuscript management system is completely online and includes a very quick and fair peer-review system, which is all easy to use. Visit http://www.dovepress.com/testimonials.php to read real quotes from published authors.