Biochemistry. In the article "Cloning of the cDNA for the TATA-binding protein-associated factor_{II}170 subunit of transcription factor B-TFIID reveals homology to global transcription regulators in yeast and *Drosophila*" by Jan A. van der Knaap, Jan Willem Borst, Peter C. van der Vliet, Reiner Gentz, and H. Th. Marc Timmers, which appeared in number 22, October 28, 1997, of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (94, 11827–11832), the following correction should be noted.

Recently, we described cloning of the cDNA encoding the TAF_{II}170 subunit of B-TFIID transcription factor (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 94, 11827–11832). Comparison with the GenBank database indicated that human TAF_{II}170 is highly related to yeast MOT1p and Drosophila melanogaster 89B Helicase. Inspection of the Drosophila FlyBase website* revealed that the 89B Helicase is encoded by the Trithorax group gene moira. By analogy, we speculated that the TAF_{II}170 protein may serve a similar role in mammalian development. The assignment of 89B Helicase as the product of the moira gene was based on preliminary Southern blot analyses (Naomi B. Zak,[†] personal communication). More recent experiments suggest that a locus immediately adjacent to the 89B Helicase gene corresponds to the moira gene (Madeline Crosby[‡] and Naomi B. Zak, personal communication). Work in progress should ascertain the identity of moira. Until this has been clarified, assignment of the 89B Helicase as the product of moira is premature. The website in the FlyBase* has been corrected accordingly. We apologize for any confusion created by our assumption of TAF_{II}170 as a mammalian Trithorax group gene.

Neurobiology. In the article "Elevated free nitrotyrosine levels, but not protein-bound nitrotyrosine or hydroxyl radicals, throughout amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)-like disease implicate tyrosine nitration as an aberrant *in vivo* property of one familial ALS-linked superoxide dismutase 1 mutant" by L. I. Bruijn, M. F. Beal, M. W. Becher, J. B. Schulz, P. C. Wong, D. L. Price, and D. W. Cleveland, which appeared in number 14, July 8, 1997, of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (94, 7606–7611), the following correction should be noted. The citation to the work of Samuel M. Chou and Helen S. L. Wang (ref. 48) in the above paper was incorrectly attributed to *J. Neuroanat.* It should have been *J. Chem. Neuroanat.*

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