

Biochemistry. In the article “The Med1 subunit of the yeast mediator complex is involved in both transcriptional activation and repression” by Darius Balciunas, Cecilia Gälman, Hans Ronne, and Stefan Björklund, which appeared in number 2, January 19, 1999, of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (96, 376–381), due to a printer’s error, the affiliation symbols were incorrect. The correct author line, affiliation line, and address footnotes appear below.

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Medical Sciences. In the article “Activation of ϵ protein kinase C correlates with a cardioprotective effect of regular ethanol consumption” by Masami Miyamae, Manuel M. Rodriguez, S. Albert Camacho, Ivan Diamond, Daira Mochly-Rosen, and Vincent M. Figueredo, which appeared in number 14, July 7, 1998, of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (95, 8262–8267), the following correction should be noted. On page 8264, an incorrect Fig. 1 was printed. The correct figure and its accompanying legend are reproduced below.

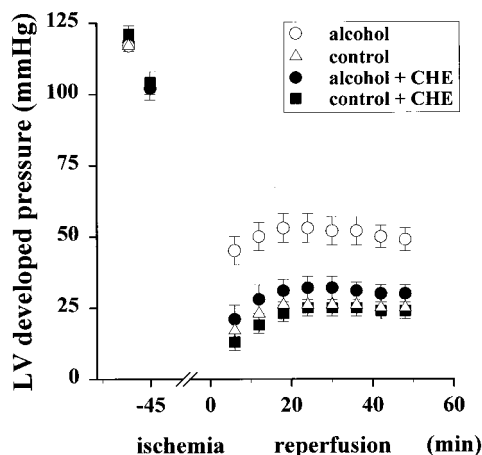


FIG. 1. LVDP prior to 45 min of global ischemia and during reperfusion in four groups of perfused guinea pig hearts ($n = 9$ for each group): 1, following 8 wk 15% ethanol-derived calories (○); 2, pair-fed controls (△); 3, following 8 wk of ethanol, before and after 10 mM chelerythrine (●); and 4, pair-fed controls, before and after chelerythrine (■). LVDP recovery is significantly greater in hearts from ethanol-treated animals ($P < 0.05$ at each 6-min interval). Chelerythrine abolished ethanol’s protective effect on LVDP recovery. Data are presented as mean \pm SEM (SEM not included for group 2 but lie well within SEM of groups 3 and 4).

Neurobiology. In the article “Caspase-1 is activated in neural cells and tissue with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis-associated mutations in copper-zinc superoxide dismutase” by Piera Pasinelli, David R. Borchelt, Megan K. Houseweart, Don W. Cleveland, and Robert H. Brown, Jr., which appeared in number 26, December 22, 1998, of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (95, 15763–15768), the following corrections should be noted. An erroneous version of Fig. 6 was published. The lane indicated as G41D represents lumbo-sacral spinal cord extract from *G85R* transgenic mice. In Fig. 7a, cell viability is expressed as % of untreated cells and not as % of viability.

Physiology. In the article “Inositol 1,4,5-tris-phosphate activation of inositol tris-phosphate receptor Ca^{2+} channel by ligand tuning of Ca^{2+} inhibition” by Don-On Daniel Mak, Sean McBride, and J. Kevin Foskett, which appeared in number 26, December 22, 1998, of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (95, 15821–15825), due to printer’s errors, the following corrections should be noted. The title of the article should read “Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate activation of inositol trisphosphate receptor Ca^{2+} channel by ligand tuning of Ca^{2+} inhibition.” On page 15821, the first line of the abstract should read “Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP₃)” instead of “Inositol 1,4,5-tris-phosphate (IP₃),” and on page 15821, in the right column, the first line of the abbreviations footnote should read “IP₃, inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate” instead of “IP₃, inositol 1,4,5-tris-phosphate.”

Physiology. In the article “Post-priming actions of ATP on Ca^{2+} -dependent exocytosis in pancreatic beta cells” by Noriko Takahashi, Takashi Kadowaki, Yoshio Yazaki, Graham C. R. Ellis-Davies, Yasushi Miyashita, and Haruo Kasai, which appeared in number 2, January 19, 1999, of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (96, 760–765), the following corrections should be noted. On page 761, left column, line 11 should read “2-nitrophenyl-EGTA” instead of “DMNPE-4.” Also, on page 765, left column, lines 11–15 should read “(ii) glucose increased insulin exocytosis, even when $[Ca^{2+}]_i$ was clamped at a high level and K_{ATP} channels were open (9, 11). These observations can be explained readily by the ATP-sensing mechanism identified in the present study.”