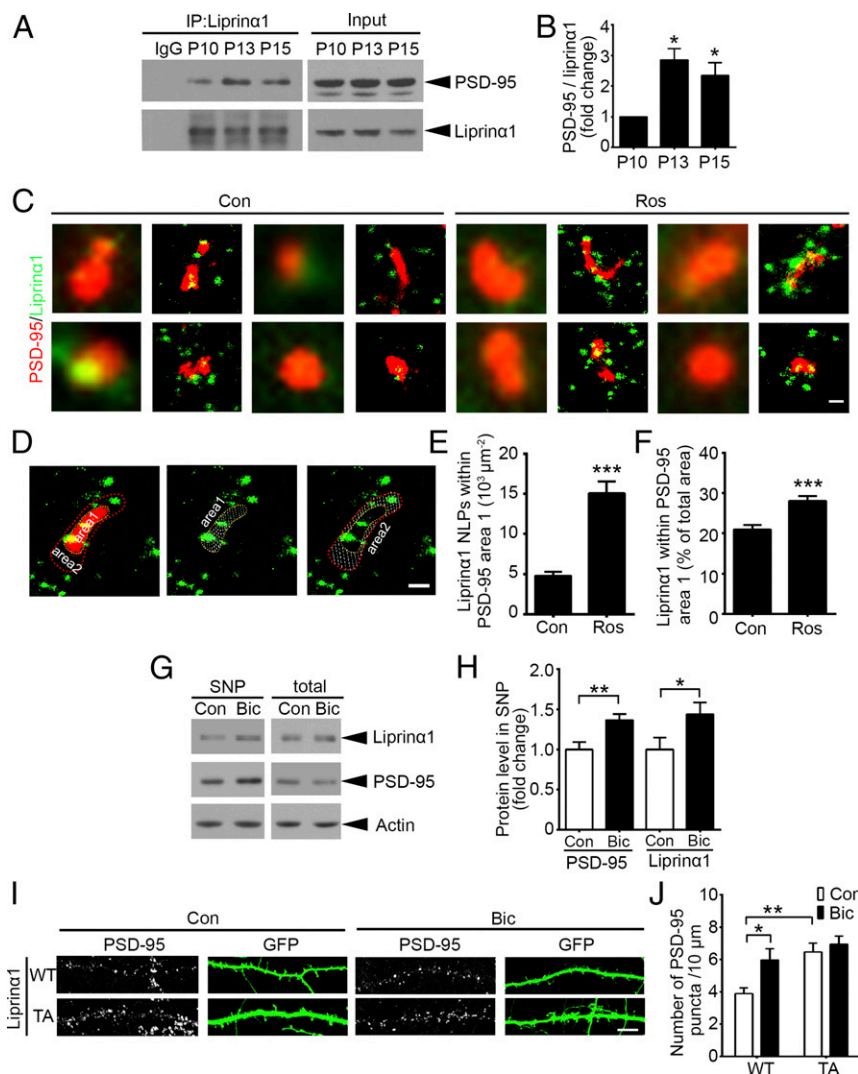


## Correction

### NEUROSCIENCE

Correction for “Cdk5-dependent phosphorylation of liprin $\alpha$ 1 mediates neuronal activity-dependent synapse development,” by Huiqian Huang, Xiaochen Lin, Zhuoyi Liang, Teng Zhao, Shengwang Du, Michael M. T. Loy, Kwok-On Lai, Amy K. Y. Fu, and Nancy Y. Ip, which was first published July 31, 2017; 10.1073/pnas.1708240114 (*Proc Natl Acad Sci USA* 114:E6992–E7001).

The authors note that Fig. 3 appeared incorrectly. The corrected figure and its legend appear below.



**Fig. 3.** Reduction of liprin $\alpha$ 1 phosphorylation enhances liprin $\alpha$ 1–PSD-95 binding and promotes PSD-95 synaptic localization. (A and B) Coimmunoprecipitation of liprin $\alpha$ 1 and PSD-95 in mouse brains at P10–P15. (A) Representative Western blot. (B) Quantification of PSD-95 bound to liprin $\alpha$ 1. PSD-95 normalized to immunoprecipitated liprin $\alpha$ 1,  $*P < 0.05$  vs. P10, one-way ANOVA with the Student–Newman–Keuls test;  $n = 3$  independent experiments. (C–F) Roscovitine (Ros) treatment increased liprin $\alpha$ 1 localization density and percentage within the PSD-95 region. Neurons were treated with DMSO as control (Con) or Ros (25  $\mu$ M) for 2 h and then stained with liprin $\alpha$ 1 and PSD-95 after fixation. (C) Individual synapses showing the distribution of liprin $\alpha$ 1 (green) surrounding PSD-95 (red) in the Con and Ros groups. (Scale bar: 200 nm.) (D) Representative images of the defined PSD-95 region (with yellow outline, area 1) and the surrounding region (red outline, area 2); both regions are indicated by dotted slashes. (Scale bar: 200 nm.) (E and F) Quantification of the localization points (NLPs) of liprin $\alpha$ 1 per square micrometer of area 1, and the percentage of liprin $\alpha$ 1 within area 1 vs. the total area (area 1 plus area 2).  $***P < 0.001$ , Student’s  $t$  test;  $n = 53$  and 51 synapses for Con and Ros, respectively. (G and H) Bicuculline (Bic) treatment (40  $\mu$ M, 24 h) enriched liprin $\alpha$ 1 and PSD-95 in the synaptosome, but did not affect their total levels. (G) Representative Western blot. (H) Quantification of protein level change of liprin $\alpha$ 1 and PSD-95 in the synaptosome.  $*P < 0.05$ ;  $**P < 0.01$ , Student’s  $t$  test;  $n = 5$  independent experiments. (I and J) Bic treatment or overexpression of liprin $\alpha$ 1 TA mutant alone increased PSD-95 puncta density. (I) Representative images of PSD-95 puncta distributed along the dendrites of neurons overexpressing WT or TA liprin $\alpha$ 1 with or without Bic treatment. (Scale bar: 10  $\mu$ m.) (J) Quantification of PSD-95 puncta density.  $*P < 0.05$ ;  $**P < 0.01$  vs. WT Con, one-way ANOVA with the Student–Newman–Keuls test;  $n = 9, 12, 8,$  and 9 neurons for WT Con, WT Bic, TA Con, and TA Bic conditions, respectively. All data are mean  $\pm$  SEM.

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