Stem Cell Research & Therapy

CORRECTION

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Correction to: Human umbilical cord-derived mesenchymal stem cells protect against experimental colitis via CD5+ B regulatory cells

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Correction to: Stem Cell Res Ther
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The original article [1] contains a duplication error within Fig. 3. The correct version of Fig. 3 can instead be viewed directly ahead.

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1. Chao K, et al. Human umbilical cord-derived mesenchymal stem cells protect against experimental colitis via CD5+ B regulatory cells. Stem Cell Res Ther. 2017;7:109 https://doi.org/10.1186/s13287-016-0376-2.

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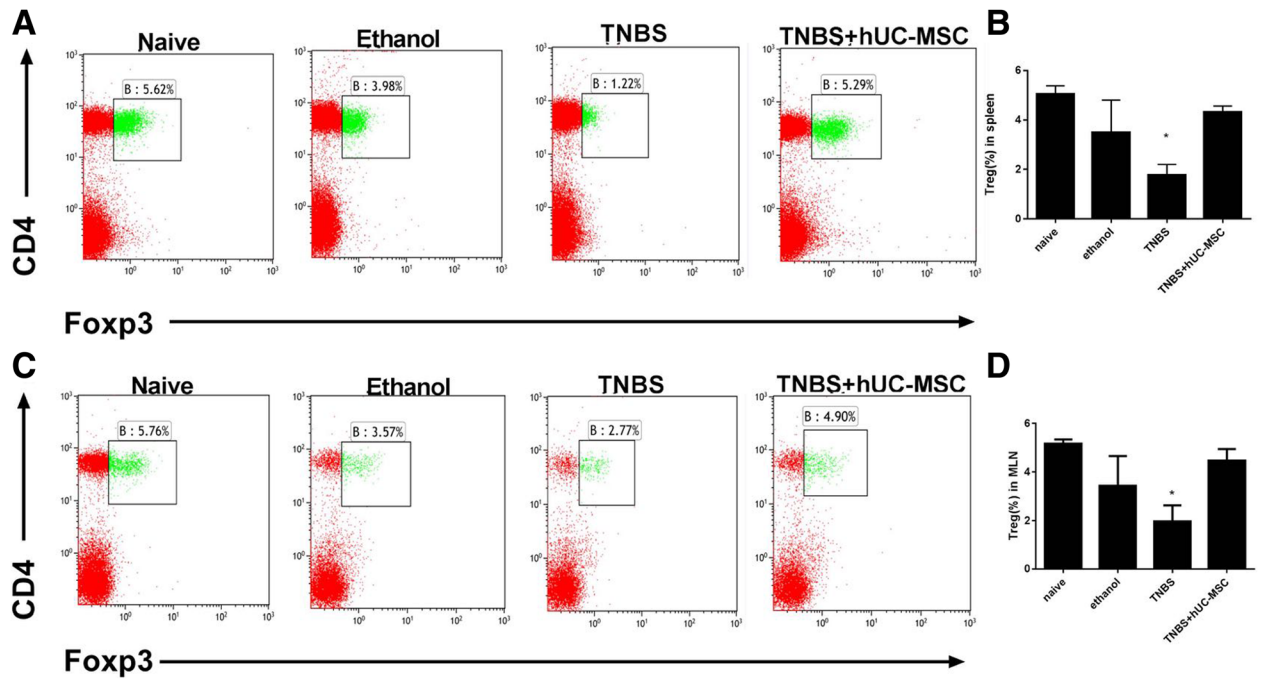

Fig. 3 hUC-MSCs alter numbers of regulatory T cells (Tregs) in colitis mice. Lymphocytes were co-stained with anti-CD4 and anti-FoxP3 antibodies and evaluated by flow cytometry. Tregs were defined as $CD4^{+}FoxP3^{+}$. The frequency of Tregs from the hUC-MSC-treated group was significantly lower than that in controls. Representative dot plots of Tregs in the spleen (**a**) and mesenteric lymph node (MLN) (**c**) of each group. Treg proportions are shown in (**b**) and (**d**). Data are presented as plots with *P* value. $n = 9$ for each group; * $P < 0.05$ vs. MSC-treated mice. *hUC-MSC* human umbilical cord-derived mesenchymal stem cell, *TNBS* trinitrobenzenesulfonic acid