

In “Chronic Kidney Disease in the Aging Human Immunodeficiency Virus–Infected Population” by Jeffrey B. Kopp [*J Infect Dis* 2017 jix205. doi: 10.1093/infdis/jix205],

the corresponding author of the article to which this editorial refers is misspelled, and should be “Kooij.”

The author regrets this error.

DOI:10.1093/infdis/jix302

In “Development of a Global Respiratory Severity Score (GRSS) for Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infection in Infants” by Caserta et al. [*J Infect Dis* 2017 jiw624. doi: 10.1093/infdis/jiw624], the authors report errors in Table 3. They have revised the Global Respiratory Severity Score formula and weightings after re-analysis of the data, and report that these changes do not alter their interpretations and conclusions. The authors regret any inconvenience caused by the errors.

[For reference, the **original Table 3** is also included below.]

Corrected Table 3.

Table 3. Mathematical equation constructed by factor analysis to calculate the Global Respiratory Severity Score (GRSS).

$$\text{GRSS} = \sum_{j=1}^9 X_j \beta_j + c, \quad c = 6.44$$

Variable	β_j	Imputed values ^a
General appearance	0.711	1.144
Wheezing	0.946	0.558
Rales/rhonchi	1.099	0.507
Retractions	1.383	0.691
Cyanosis	0.784	0.050
Lethargy	0.520	0.190
Poor air movement	0.631	0.134
Worst room air SaO ₂	-0.079	90.209
Maximum respiratory rate	0.036	58.036

^aImputed values were defined as the mean value calculated from all subjects

Here , $j=1,2,\dots, 9$ are the clinical variables used in the analysis, β_j are the weights assigned to these variables and are listed in the table below. Also listed in this table are mean imputation values for each variable that were applied to the 7 subjects with missing data.

Original Table 3.

Table 3. Mathematical equation constructed by factor analysis to calculate the Global Respiratory Severity Score (GRSS).

$$\text{GRSS} = \sum_{j=1}^9 X_j \beta_j + c, \quad c = 6.46$$

Here , $j=1,2,\dots, 9$ are the clinical variables used in the analysis, β_j are the weights assigned to these variables and are listed in the table below. Also listed in this table are mean imputation values for each variable that were applied to the 7 subjects with missing data.

Variable	β_j	Imputed values ^a
General appearance	0.719	1.144
Wheezing	0.936	0.558
Rales/rhonchi	1.150	0.507
Retractions	1.360	0.691
Cyanosis	0.812	0.050
Lethargy	0.475	0.190
Poor air movement	0.735	0.134
Worst room air SaO ₂	-0.078	90.360
Maximum respiratory rate	0.034	57.015

^aImputed values were defined as the mean value calculated from all subjects

DOI:10.1093/infdis/jix303