



Correction: Micheliolide ameliorates renal fibrosis by suppressing the Mtdh/BMP/MAPK pathway

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The authors would like to apologize for the following errors in this paper:

The word “creactine” should be “creatinine” in Fig. 3c.

The term “mg/dl” should be “μmol/L” in Fig. 3c, d.

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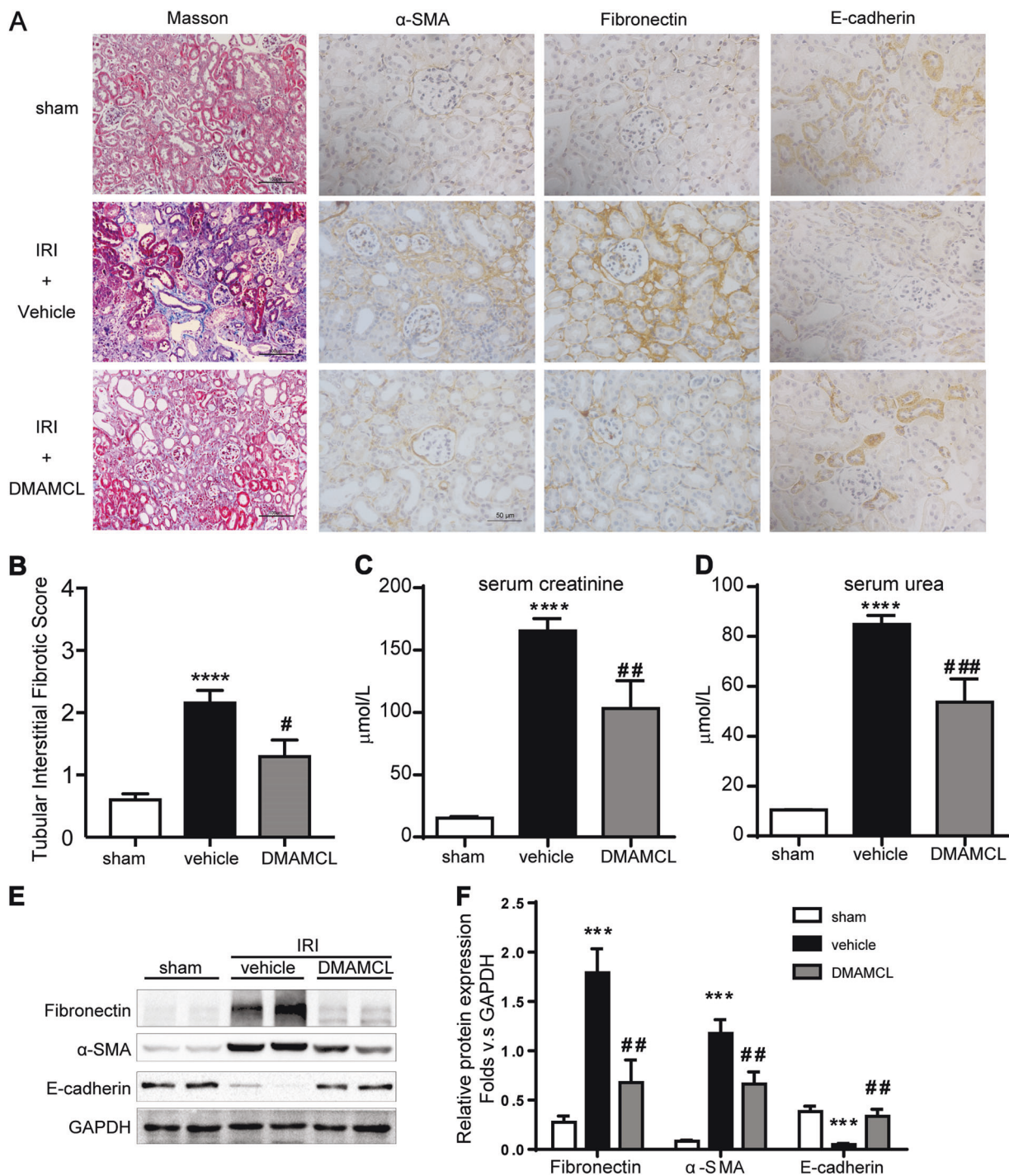


Fig. 3 DMAMCL protects kidney from fibrosis in the IRI mice. **a** Representative micrographs of Masson's trichrome staining and IHC staining for α -SMA, fibronectin, and E-cadherin in the injured kidneys. Scale bar in Masson's trichrome staining is 100 μ m; in IHC staining is 50 μ m. **b** Quantification of renal tubular interstitial fibrotic score. **** $P < 0.0001$ compared with the sham group; # $P < 0.05$ compared with the vehicle group. **c** Serum creatinine level in the IRI mice. **** $P < 0.0001$ compared with the sham group; ## $P < 0.01$ compared with the vehicle group. **d** Serum urea level in the IRI mice. **** $P < 0.0001$ compared with the sham group; ### $P < 0.001$ compared with the vehicle group. **e** Representative bands from Western blot analyses of the levels of the α -SMA, fibronectin, and E-cadherin proteins in kidney tissues from the IRI mice. **f** Relative protein levels as determined by the Western blot assay **e**. **** $P < 0.001$ compared with the sham group; ## $P < 0.01$ compared with the vehicle group. $n = 6$ mice per group, all the data are presented as the mean \pm SEM of at least three independent experiments