DOI: 10.1002/fsn3.2123

CORRIGENDUM



In the article by Choudhry and Nasrullah (2018) there is an error in the 6th line of the Abstract section. The correction is given below (in bold). Iodine, a dynamic nutrient present in thyroid hormones, is responsible for regulating thyroid function, supporting a healthy metabolism, and aiding growth and development. Iodine is also essential for brain development during specific time windows influencing neurogenesis, neuronal and glial cell differentiation, myelination, neuronal migration, and synaptogenesis. About 1.5 billion people in 130 countries live in areas at risk of iodine deficiencies (IDs).

REFERENCE

Choudhry, H., & Nasrullah, M. (2018). Iodine consumption and cognitive performance: Confirmation of adequate consumption. *Food Science & Nutrition*, 6, 1341–1351. https://doi.org/10.1002/fsn3.694

This is an open access article under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits use, distribution and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ 2021 The Authors. Food Science & Nutrition published by Wiley Periodicals LLC

1256 www.foodscience-nutrition.com Food Sci Nutr. 2021;9:1256.