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Previous editions of the World Health Organization (WHO) Classification of Tumours of the Nervous System have achieved extensive utilization internationally (1–3, 5). An Editorial and Consensus Conference convened in Heidelberg on November 17–18, 2006 (Figure 1), resulting in the latest iteration of the work (4; Figure 2). Several substantive alterations distinguish the 2007 Classification from the preceding 2000 Classification, including additions, reclassifications, changes in terminology and a number of conceptual modifications. The tumor entities that have been newly codified in the 2007 Classification constitute the focus of this minisymposium (Table 1). We have chosen to use the term "newly codified" rather than "new" because several of the entities have in fact been recognized by neuropathologists for a considerable time—decades in some cases—but only recently has sufficient international consensus been reached to warrant formal codification. In contrast, other newly codified tumors are of much more recent vintage. Of these, some represent newly recognized prognostically and therapeutically significant subsets of a well-established tumor category, and others are uncommon entities whose formal recognition has awaited accrual of sufficient histopathological data and clinical experience to permit accurate characterization of the clinicopathologic features.

Among organ systems, the diversity and complexity of tumors of the nervous system are unrivaled, and, not unexpectedly, unresolved questions of classification and grading remain and await further elucidation. Some of the more salient of these problematic issues and controversies will be presented separately in a forthcoming overview, and individual topics will subsequently be critically explored in greater detail in future issues of *Brain Pathology* as part of the journal's *Controversies in Pathology* series.



Figure 1. The World Health Organization (WHO) 2007 Editorial and Consensus Conference Working Group. Pictured from left to right: Kenneth D. Aldape, David N. Louis, Webster K. Cavenee, Charles G. Eberhart, Otmar D. Wiestler, Daniel J. Brat, Torsten Pietsch, Hiroko Ohgaki, Paul Kleihues, Peter C. Burger, Guido Reifenberger, Dominique Figarella-Branger, Johann A. Hainfellner, Anne Jouvet, Felice Giangaspero, V. Peter Collins, Arie Perry, Johan M. Kros, Fre T. Bosman, Roger E. McLendon, Yoichi Nakazato, Gregory N. Fuller, Andreas von Deimling, Bernd W. Scheithauer, Werner Paulus, H-K Ng.

TUMOURS OF NEUROEPITHELIAL	TISSUE	Neuronal and mixed neuronal-glial tum	ours
A characteristic frame come		Dysplastic gangliocytoma of cerebellum (Lhermitte-Duclos)	9493/0
Astrocytic tumours	0.404.41		9493/0
Pilocytic astrocytoma	9421/1 ¹	Desmoplastic infantile astrocytoma/	9412/1
Pilomyxoid astrocytoma	9425/3*	ganglioglioma	
Subependymal giant cell astrocytoma	9384/1	Dysembryoplastic neuroepithelial tumour	9413/0
Pleomorphic xanthoastrocytoma	9424/3	Gangliocytoma	9492/0
Diffuse astrocytoma	9400/3	Ganglioglioma	9505/1
Fibrillary astrocytoma	9420/3	Anaplastic ganglioglioma	9505/3
Protoplasmic astrocytoma	9410/3	Papillary glioneuronal tumor	9509/1*
Gemistocytic astrocytoma	9411/3	Rosette-forming glioneuronal tumour	0500/4*
Anaplastic astrocytoma	9401/3	of the fourth ventricle	9509/1*
Glioblastoma	9440/3	Central neurocytoma	9506/1
Giant cell glioblastoma	9441/3	Extraventricular neurocytoma	9506/1*
Gliosarcoma	9442/3	Cerebellar liponeurocytoma	9506/1*
Gliomatosis cerebri	9381/3	Paraganglioma of the filum terminale	8680/1
Oligodendroglial tumours		Tumours of the pineal region	
Oligodendroglioma	9450/3	Pineocytoma	9361/1
Anaplastic oligodendroglioma	9451/3	Pineal parenchymal tumour of	
		intermediate differentiation	9362/3
Oligoastrocytic tumours		Pineoblastoma	9362/3
Oligoastrocytoma	9382/3	Papillary tumour of the pineal region	9395/3*
Anaplastic oligoastrocytoma	9382/3		
		Embryonal tumours	
Ependymal tumours		Medulloblastoma	9470/3
Subependymoma	9383/1	Desmoplastic/nodular medulloblastoma	9471/3
Myxopapillary ependymoma	9394/1	Medulloblastoma with extensive	
Ependymoma	9391/3	nodularity	9471/3*
Cellular	9391/3	Anaplastic medulloblastoma	9474/3*
Papillary	9393/3	Large cell medulloblastoma	9474/3
Clear cell	9391/3	CNS primitive neuroectodermal tumours (I	
Tanycytic	9391/3	CNS PNET, NOS	9473/3
Anaplastic ependymoma	9392/3	CNS neuroblastoma	9500/3
Anapiastic ependymorna	0002/0	CNS ganglioneuroblastoma	9490/3
Choroid plexus tumours		Medulloepithelioma	9501/3
Choroid plexus papilloma	9390/0	Ependymoblastoma	9392/3
Atypical choroid plexus papilloma	9390/0	Atypical teratoid / rhabdoid tumour	9508/3
		Atypical teratolu / Mabuolu tumoul	3300/3
Choroid plexus carcinoma	9390/3		
Other neuroepithelial tumours	0.406.15	TUMOURS OF CRANIAL AND PAR NERVES	RASPINAL
Astroblastoma	9430/3	MELVES	
Chordoid glioma of the third ventricle	9444/1	Cohumana (Namiliana	0560/0
Angiocentric glioma	9431/1*	Schwannoma (Neurilemoma, neurinoma)	9560/0
		Cellular	9560/0
		Plexiform	9560/0
¹ Morphology code of the International Classification of Diseases for {616A} and the Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine (h	ttp://snomed.org).	Melanotic	9560/0
Behaviour is coded /0 for benign tumours, /3 for malignant tumours a or uncertain behaviour.	nd /1 for borderline	Neurofibroma	9540/0
* The italicised numbers are provisional codes proposed for the 4th edition	of ICD-O. While they	Plexiform	9550/0
are expected to be incorporated into the next ICD-currently remain subject to change.			

Figure 2. WHO Classification of Tumours of the Nervous System. Reprinted with permission of the WHO 2007 editors.

Perineurioma	9571/0	Haemangiopericytoma	9150/1
Intraneural perineurioma	9571/0	Angiosarcoma	9120/3
Soft tissue perineurioma	9571/0	Kaposi sarcoma	9140/3
Con acces pormounicing	331.1,3		0 1 10,0
Malignant peripheral		Primary melanocytic lesions	
nerve sheath tumour (MPNST)	9540/3	Diffuse melanocytosis	8728/0
Epithelioid	9540/3	Melanocytoma	8728/1
MPNST with divergent mesenchymal		Malignant melanoma	8720/3
and / or epithelial differentiation	9540/3	Meningeal melanomatosis	8728/3
Melanotic	9540/3	ŭ	
		Other neoplasms related to the mer	inges
		Haemangioblastoma	9161/1
TUMOURS OF THE MENINGES			
Tumours of meningothelial cells		LYMPHOMAS AND HAEMOPOIETIC	
Meningioma	9530/0	NEOPLASMS	
Meningothelial	9531/0	NEOFLASING	
Fibrous (fibroblastic)	9532/0	Malignant lymphomas	9590/3
Transitional (mixed)	9537/0	Plasmacytoma	9731/3
Psammomatous	9533/0	Granulocytic sarcoma	9930/3
Angiomatous	9534/0	Grandiocytic sarconia	3330/3
Microcystic	9530/0		
Secretory	9530/0	GERM CELL TUMOURS	
Lymphoplasmacyte-rich	9530/0		
Metaplastic	9530/0	Germinoma	9064/3
Chordoid	9538/1	Embryonal carcinoma	9070/3
Clear cell	9538/1	Yolk sac tumour	9071/3
Atypical	9539/1	Choriocarcinoma	9100/3
Papillary	9538/3	Teratoma	9080/1
Rhabdoid	9538/3	Mature	9080/0
Anaplastic (malignant)	9530/3	Immature	9080/3
		Teratoma with malignant transformation	9084/3
Mesenchymal tumours		Mixed germ cell tumours	9085/3
Lipoma	8850/0		
Angiolipoma	8861/0		
Hibernoma	8880/0	TUMOURS OF THE SELLAR REGIO	N
Liposarcoma (intracranial)	8850/3		00=0/4
Solitary fibrous tumour	8815/0	Craniopharyngioma	9350/1
Fibrosarcoma	8810/3	Adamantinomatous	9351/1
Malignant fibrous histiocytoma	8830/3	Papillary	9352/1
Leiomyoma	8890/0	Granular cell tumour	9582/0
Leiomyosarcoma Phabdomyoma	8890/3 8900/0	Pituicytoma	9432/1*
Rhabdomyona	8900/0	Spindle cell oncocytoma of the adenohypophysis	8291/0*
Rhabdomyosarcoma Chondroma	9220/0	or the adenotypophysis	0291/0
Chondrosarcoma	9220/0		
Osteoma	9180/0	METASTATIC TUMOURS	
Osteosarcoma	9180/3	WILLIAGIANO TOMOGNO	
Osteochondroma	9210/0		
Haemangioma	9120/0		
Epithelioid haemangioendothelioma	9133/1		
_pinional naomangioonaomomia	0.00/		

Figure 2. Continued

Angiocentric glioma	
Pilomyxoid astrocytoma	
Papillary glioneuronal tumor (PGNT)	
Rosette-forming glioneuronal tumor of the 4th ventricle (RGNT)	
Papillary tumor of the pineal region (PTPR)	
Spindle cell oncocytoma (SCO)	
Pituicytoma	

Table 1. Who 2007 classification of tumors of the central nervous system: newly codified entities.

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