



This erratum is being published to correct errors in the article entitled “Laboratory Aspects of Donor Screening for Fecal Microbiota Transplantation at a Korean Fecal Microbiota Bank” by Hyun Soo Seo, Hyung Sun Chin, Yeon-Hee Kim, Hye Su Moon, Kyungnam Kim, Le Phuong Nguyen, and Dongeun Yong in Ann Lab Med 2021;41:424-8 (<https://doi.org/10.3343/alm.2021.41.4.424>). The parasites and multidrug-resistant bacteria tested during the fecal microbiota transplantation donor screening, listed in Table 1 on page 426, should be corrected as outlined below.

### Before correction:

- Parasites and ova (multiplex PCR): *Ascaris lumbricoides*, *Cryptosporidium parvum/hominis*, *Ancylostoma duodenale*, *Necator americanus*, *Strongyloides stercoralis*, *Giardia lamblia*, *Entamoeba histolytica*, *Trichuris trichiura*, *Clonorchis sinensis*, *Diphyllobothrium latum*, *Blastocystis hominis*
- Multidrug-resistant bacteria: MRSA (Cx), CRE (Cx+PCR), VRE (Cx+PCR), ESBL-producing Enterobacteriaceae (Cx)

### After correction:

- Parasite and ova examination (microscopy)
- Parasites (multiplex PCR): *Cryptosporidium* spp., *Giardia lamblia*, *Entamoeba histolytica*, *Cyclospora cayetanensis*, *Dientamoeba fragilis*, *Blastocystis hominis*
- Multidrug-resistant bacteria: MRSA (Cx), CRE (Cx), VRE (Cx+PCR), ESBL-producing Enterobacteriaceae (Cx)



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