PROsetta: An R Package for Linking Patient-Reported Outcome Measures

Applied Psychological Measurement 2021, Vol. 45(5) 386–388 © The Author(s) 2021 Article reuse guidelines: sagepub.com/journals-permissions DOI: 10.1177/01466216211013106 journals.sagepub.com/home/apm



S. W. Choi¹, S. Lim¹, B. D. Schalet², A. J. Kaat², and D. Cella²

Abstract

A common problem when using a variety of patient-reported outcomes (PROs) for diverse populations and subgroups is establishing a harmonized scale for the incommensurate outcomes. The lack of comparability in metrics (e.g., raw summed scores vs. scaled scores) among different PROs poses practical challenges in studies comparing effects across studies and samples. Linking has long been used for practical benefit in educational testing. Applying various linking techniques to PRO data has a relatively short history; however, in recent years, there has been a surge of published studies on linking PROs and other health outcomes, owing in part to concerted efforts such as the Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System (PROMIS[®]) project and the PRO Rosetta Stone (PROsetta Stone[®]) project (www.prosettastone.org). Many R packages have been developed for linking in educational settings; however, they are not tailored for linking PROs where harmonization of data across clinical studies or settings serves as the main objective. We created the PROsetta package to fill this gap and disseminate a protocol that has been established as a standard practice for linking PROs.

Keywords

R package, linking, PROsetta

The PROsetta package provides an integrated environment where multiple linking procedures—item response theory (IRT) characteristic curve methods (Schalet et al., 2014), fixed-parameter (Kaat et al., 2018), calibration calibrated projection (Thissen et al., 2011), and equipercentile score linking (Kolen & Brennan, 2014) —can be evaluated and compared based on a single-group design with an objective of linking closely-related patient-reported outcomes (PROs; Cella et al., 2010) to a harmonized metric (Dorans, 2007). The package provides wrapper functions to connect input/output objects with five primary packages: equate (Albano, 2016), lavaan (Rosseel, 2012), mirt (Chalmers, 2012), plink (Weeks, 2010), and psych (Revelle, 2019).

Corresponding Author:

¹The University of Texas at Austin, USA

²Northwestern University Feinberg School of Medicine, Chicago, IL, USA

S. W. Choi, The University of Texas at Austin, 1912 Speedway, Stop D5800, Austin, TX 78712-1139, USA. Email: schoi@austin.utexas.edu

The package includes a data loading function, <code>loadData</code>, and eight structured procedures: <code>runFrequency</code>, <code>runDescriptive</code>, <code>runClassical</code>, <code>runCFA</code>, <code>runCalibration</code>, <code>runLinking</code>, <code>runEquateObserved</code>, and <code>runRSSS</code>. It also provides extensions of <code>plot</code> and <code>summary</code> functions. A Shiny app can be accessed with <code>PROsetta()</code>, which allows the user to run the procedures on a point-and-click basis.

The PROsetta package is freely available on CRAN (https://CRAN.R-project.org/ package=PROsetta/) and GitHub (https://github.com/choi-phd/PROsetta). The package includes detailed documentation, sample data files, and a vignette replicating a published study introducing the PROsetta methodology (Choi et al., 2014).

Development of the PROSetta package was funded in part by the Office of The Director, National Institutes of Health (OD) under award number 4U24OD023319-02, with co-funding from the Office of Behavioral and Social Sciences Research (OBSSR). The content is solely the responsibility of the authors and does not necessarily represent the official views of the National Institutes of Health.

Declaration of Conflicting Interests

The author(s) declared no potential conflicts of interest with respect to the research, authorship, and/or publication of this article.

Funding

The author(s) received no financial support for the research, authorship, and/or publication of this article.

ORCID iDs

- S. W. Choi (D) https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4777-5420
- S. Lim (b) https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2988-014X

Supplemental Material

Supplementary material is available for this article online https://github.com/choi-phd/PROsetta.

References

- Albano, A. D. (2016). equate: An R package for observed-score linking and equating. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 74(8), 1–36.
- Cella, D., Riley, W., Stone, A., Rothrock, N., Reeve, B., Yount, S., . . . PROMIS Cooperative Group. (2010). The Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System (PROMIS) developed and tested its first wave of adult self-reported health outcome item banks: 2005-2008. *Journal of Clinical Epidemiology*, 63(11), 1179–1194.
- Chalmers, R. P. (2012). mirt: A multidimensional item response theory package for the R environment. Journal of Statistical Software, 48(6), 1–29. https://doi.org/10.18637/jss.v048.i06
- Choi, S. W., Schalet, B., Cook, K. F., & Cella, D. (2014). Establishing a common metric for depressive symptoms: Linking the BDI-II, CES-D, and PHQ-9 to PROMIS depression. *Psychological Assessment*, 26(2), 513–527.
- Dorans, N. J. (2007). Linking scores from multiple health outcome instruments. *Quality of Life Research*, *16*(1), 85–94.
- Kaat, A. J., Schalet, B. D., Rutsohn, J., Jensen, R. E., & Cella, D. (2018). Physical function metric over measure: An illustration with the Patient-reported Outcomes Measurement Information System (PROMIS) and the Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy (FACT). *Cancer*, 124(1), 153–160.

- Kolen, M. J., & Brennan, R. L. (2014). *Test equating, scaling, and linking: Methods and practices*. Springer Science & Business Media.
- Revelle, W. (2019). *psych: Procedures for psychological, psychometric, and personality research* (R package version 1.9.12). Northwestern University. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=psych
- Rosseel, Y. (2012). lavaan: An R package for structural equation modeling. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 48(2), 1–36. http://www.jstatsoft.org/v48/i02/
- Schalet, B. D., Cook, K. F., Choi, S. W., & Cella, D. (2014). Establishing a common metric for selfreported anxiety: Linking the MASQ, PANAS, and GAD-7 to PROMIS Anxiety. *Journal of Anxiety Disorders*, 28(1), 88–96.
- Thissen, D., Varni, J. W., Stucky, B. D., Liu, Y., Irwin, D. E., & DeWalt, D. A. (2011). Using the PedsQL[™] 3.0 asthma module to obtain scores comparable with those of the PROMIS pediatric asthma impact scale (PAIS). *Quality of Life Research*, 20(9), 1497–1505.
- Weeks, J. (2010). plink: An *R* package for linking mixed-format tests using IRT-based methods. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 35(12), 1–33.