

CORRECTION

Correction: Prospective Validation of the Laboratory Risk Indicator for Necrotizing Fasciitis (LRINEC) Score for Necrotizing Fasciitis of the Extremities

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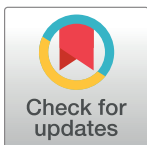
Notice of republication

This article [1] was republished on June 15, 2022 to remove Table 1. Table 1 was adapted from Table 2 in article [2], published in 2004 by Wolters Kluwer, which is not offered under a CC-BY license. Please download this article again to view the correct version. Article [2] is cited as reference 13 in article [1].

The sentence in the Introduction referencing Table 1 has therefore been updated to “It consists of six laboratory tests (see Table 2 in [13]), including white blood cell (WBC) count, hemoglobin, sodium, glucose (≤ 180 and >180 mg/dL), creatinine (≤ 1.6 and >1.6 mg/dL), and C-reactive protein. The maximum score is 13, and a score of ≥ 6 is suspicious of NF with a probability of 50 to 75%, whereas a score of ≥ 8 is strongly predictive of NF with a probability of more than 75%.”

References

1. Hsiao C-T, Chang C-P, Huang T-Y, Chen Y-C, Fann W-C (2020) Prospective Validation of the Laboratory Risk Indicator for Necrotizing Fasciitis (LRINEC) Score for Necrotizing Fasciitis of the Extremities. PLoS ONE 15(1): e0227748. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0227748> PMID: 31978094
2. Wong C-H, Khin L-W, Heng K-S, Tan K-C, Low C-O. The LRINEC (Laboratory Risk Indicator for Necrotizing Fasciitis) score: A tool for distinguishing necrotizing fasciitis from other soft tissue infections*. Critical Care Medicine: July 2004—Volume 32—Issue 7—p 1535–1541 <https://doi.org/10.1097/01.ccm.0000129486.35458.7d> PMID: 15241098



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