

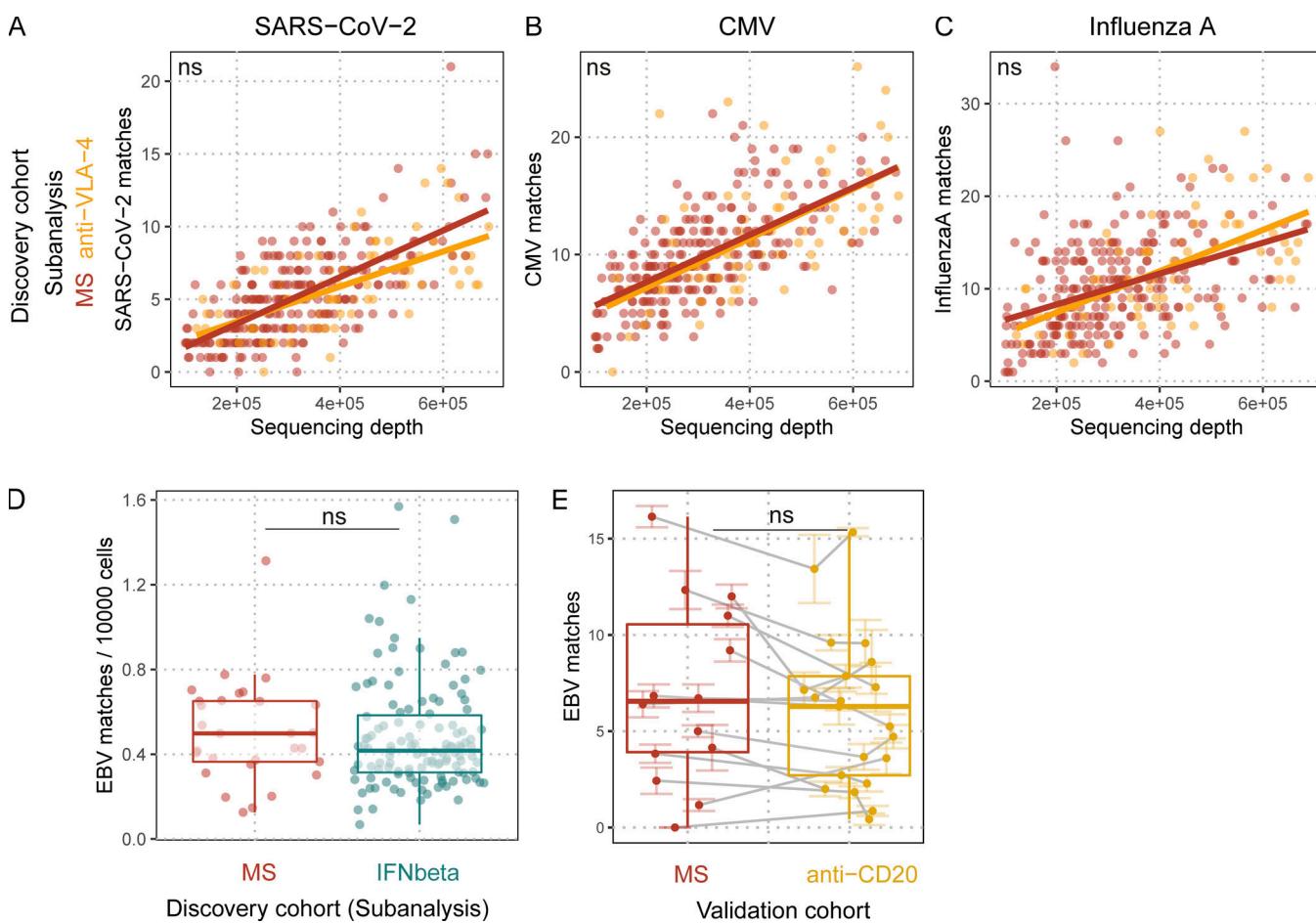
## CORRECTION

### Correction: Broader Epstein-Barr virus-specific T cell receptor repertoire in patients with multiple sclerosis

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During data analysis for a follow-up project, the authors found that the number of patients who received ocrelizumab infusions in the metadata underlying Fig. S3 E was incorrect. The corrected Fig. S3 with the revised panel E is provided here, and the legend has been changed as indicated in bold. In addition, in Table 1, the validation cohort data in the “Anti-CD20: before/after treatment” row now read “14/14” instead of “25/17” (shown in red text here). The conclusions regarding these data are unchanged. The errors appear in PDFs downloaded before October 25, 2022.



**Figure S3. Quantification of pathogen-specific TCR $\beta$  sequences in TCR $\beta$  repertoires with regard to MS treatments.** (A–C) SARS-CoV-2 (A), CMV (B), and influenza A (C). TCR $\beta$  sequence matches quantified in untreated MS patients (red dots and line) and anti-VLA-4-treated MS patients (orange dots and line) against sequencing depth (number of productive templates in the sample; SARS-CoV-2:  $q_{\text{anti-VLA-4}} = 0.41808$ ; CMV:  $q_{\text{anti-VLA-4}} = 1$ ; influenza A:  $q_{\text{anti-VLA-4}} = 1$ ;  $n_{\text{MS}} = 248$ ;  $n_{\text{anti-VLA-4}} = 73$ ); lines indicate linear regressions;  $q$  values indicate adjusted significance of treatment in linear models with the covariates sequencing depth, age, sex, and HLA. (D) EBV TCR $\beta$  sequence matches quantified in treatment-naïve MS patients (red dots) and MS patients only treated with IFN $\beta$  (cyan dots;  $q_{\text{IFN}\beta} = 1$ ;  $n_{\text{MS}} = 29$ ;  $n_{\text{IFN}\beta} = 123$ );  $q$  values indicate adjusted significance of treatment in linear models with the covariates sequencing depth, age, sex, and HLA. (E) EBV TCR $\beta$  sequence matches quantified in MS patients before their anti-CD20 treatment (red dots), and after their anti-CD20 treatment (yellow dots;  $q_{\text{anti-CD20}} = 0.068$ ;  $n_{\text{MS}} = 14$ ;  $n_{\text{anti-CD20}} = 14$ ). Colored lines indicate standard error of the mean of the sequencing pools for the respective sample; gray lines connect samples from the same individual.  $q$  values indicate adjusted significance of anti-CD20 treatment in linear mixed models with the covariates sequencing depth, age, sex, treatment, and sequencing pools nested within samples within individuals.

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Table 1. Cohorts and sequencing characteristics

| Parameter   | Discovery cohort                               |                             | MS twin cohort       |                      | Validation cohort                       |                                       |
|---|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Name  | COVID-19                                       | HD                          | MS                   | HD                   | MS                                      | Control MS                            |
| Data source                                       | Data from <a href="#">Snyder et al.</a> (2020) | Previously unpublished data |                      |                      |   |                                       |
| Assay   | immunoSEQ                                      |                             |                      |                      | immunoPETE                              |                                       |
| Number of individuals                             | 607  | 229                         | 1,336                | 35                   | 35                                      | 51 59                                 |
| HLA   | Imputed  | Typed                       | Typed                | Typed                | Typed                                   | Imputed Imputed                       |
| Sequencing depth                                  | 391,829 (182,941)<br>(148,717)                 | 564,815<br>(148,717)        | 380,234<br>(171,527) | 670,874<br>(183,708) | 616,687<br>(209,577)                    | 42,759<br>(14,585) 41,737<br>(12,769) |
|   | [Productive templates per sample]              |                             |                      |                      | [Input α β T cells per sequencing pool] |                                       |
| Age (yr)  | 61 (18)  | 52 (17)                     | 37 (9)               | 40 (11)              | 40 (11)                                 | 45 (14) 41 (10)                       |
| Sex (female)                                      | 54.1%  | 51.1%                       | 75.7%                | 80.0%                | 80.0%                                   | 52.4% 64.6%                           |
| <b>Details of the HLA-A*02-positive subcohort</b> |  |                             |                      |                      |   |                                       |
| Number of HLA-A*02-positive individuals           | 278  | 62                          | 430                  |                      | 27                                      | 25                                    |
| Anti-VLA-4: untreated/treated                     |  |                             | 248/73               |                      | 33/2                                    | 17/8                                  |
| IFNβ: treatment-naïve/treated                     |  |                             | 29/123               |                      | 10/10                                   |                                       |
| Anti-CD20: before/after treatment                 |  |                             |                      |                      | 34/1                                    | 14/14                                 |
| Vaccination: before/after                         |  |                             |                      |                      |   | 5/5                                   |

Given values are mean (SD) for scalar variables and *n* (%) for categorical variables.