EXPRESSION OF CONCERN

Expression of Concern: T-type calcium channel enhancer SAK3 promotes dopamine and serotonin releases in the hippocampus in naive and amyloid precursor protein knock-in mice
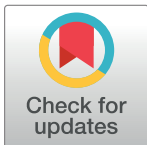
The *PLOS ONE* Editors

The Funding Statement for this article [1, 2] states that the study received funding from the Smoking Research Foundation, which according to [3] has received financial support from the tobacco industry. In light of this issue the *PLOS ONE* article [1, 2] does not comply with the journal's policy on Funding from Tobacco Companies [4] which was implemented in 2010.

Therefore, the *PLOS ONE* Editors issue this Expression of Concern.

We regret that this concern was not identified and addressed prior to the article's [1, 2] publication.

References

1. Wang S, Yabuki Y, Matsuo K, Xu J, Izumi H, Sakimura K, et al. (2018) T-type calcium channel enhancer SAK3 promotes dopamine and serotonin releases in the hippocampus in naive and amyloid precursor protein knock-in mice. PLoS ONE 13(12): e0206986. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0206986 PMID: 30571684

2. Wang S, Yabuki Y, Matsuo K, Xu J, Izumi H, Sakimura K, et al. (2019) Correction: T-type calcium channel enhancer SAK3 promotes dopamine and serotonin releases in the hippocampus in naive and amyloid precursor protein knock-in mice. PLoS ONE 14(1): e0211590. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0211590 PMID: 30682166

3. Iida K, Proctor RN. (2018) 'The industry must be inconspicuous': Japan Tobacco's corruption of science and health policy via the Smoking Research Foundation. Tobacco Control 27:e3–e11. https://doi.org/10.1136/tobaccocontrol-2017-053971 PMID: 29437992

4. https://journals.plos.org/plosone/s/disclosure-of-funding-sources#loc-funding-from-tobacco-companies

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