

## *Retraction*

# **Retracted: Melatonin Attenuates Cardiac Ischemia-Reperfusion Injury through Modulation of IP3R-Mediated Mitochondria-ER Contact**

### **Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity**

Received 17 January 2023; Accepted 17 January 2023; Published 25 January 2023

Copyright © 2023 Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity. This is an open access article distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

*Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity* has retracted the article titled “Melatonin Attenuates Cardiac Ischemia-Reperfusion Injury through Modulation of IP3R-Mediated Mitochondria-ER Contact” [1] due to concerns that the peer review process has been compromised.

Following an investigation conducted by the Hindawi Research Integrity team [2], significant concerns were identified with the peer reviewers assigned to this article; the investigation has concluded that the peer review process was compromised. We therefore can no longer trust the peer review process and the article is being retracted with the agreement of the Chief Editor.

The authors do not agree with the retraction.

## **References**

- [1] W. Li, B. Liu, W. Lin, J. Liu, X. Yang, and J. Zheng, “Melatonin Attenuates Cardiac Ischemia-Reperfusion Injury through Modulation of IP3R-Mediated Mitochondria-ER Contact,” *Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity*, vol. 2021, Article ID 1370862, 12 pages, 2021.
- [2] L. Ferguson, “Advancing Research Integrity Collaboratively and with Vigour,” 2022, <https://www.hindawi.com/post/advancing-research-integrity-collaboratively-and-vigour/>.