Figure E1: Study design. (A) Study design and **(B)** Study flow chart. TPS=total polyp score, TNSS=Total Nasal Symptom Score, SNOT-22=Sino-Nasal Outcome Test-22, UPSIT=University of Pennsylvania Smell Identification Test, QoL=Quality of life scores, ACT=Asthma Control Test.

Dupiluma	b	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	I	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ
week	0	•	4	•	•	•	12	•	•	•	•	•	24
	L												
	Γ												
Aspirin provocation	х												х
TPS, TNSS	х		х				x						х
SNOT	x		х				х						x
UPSIT	x												x
QoL, ACT	x		х				x						х
Lung function	x						x						х
Biomarkers	х												X

Β



Figure E2: Changes in quality of life from baseline over time in N-ERD patients during 24 weeks of dupilumab treatment. (A) Mean score in PHQ-2 score. (B-C) Percentage of respondents in the EQ-5D-3L at (B) Baseline and after (C) 24 weeks. Dark grey bars represent patients reporting "No problem" and light grey bars "any problem". (D) Mean score in PHQ-2 score in aspirin-tolerant (orange, n=17) and aspirin-intolerant (blue, n=13) patients. Number of patients at each visit and significance of changes between baseline and week 24 are indicated in individual graphs: **p<.01.



С





D





Figure E3: Analysis of selected biomarkers in nasal secretions of N-ERD patients in response to dupilumab treatment. Boxplots showing levels (pg/mL) of (A) G-CSF, (B) GM-CSF, (C) IFN- γ , (D) IL-1RA, (E) IL-1 α , (F) IL-1 β , (G) IL-2, (H) IL-3, (I) IL-4, (J) IL-7, (K) IL-8, (L) IL-9, (M) IL-10, (N) IL-12p70, (O) IL-15, (P) IL-16, (Q) IL-17E/IL-25, (R) IL-21, (S) IL-27, (T) IL-33, (U) TNF- β , and (V) VEGF levels in N-ERD patients (n=31) are displayed at baseline and after 24 weeks of dupilumab treatment. Line within each box represents the median, bottom border represents the 25th percentile and top border the 75th percentile of the data. Whiskers extend 1.5 times the interquartile range and diamond shaped points are outliers. Significance of changes between baseline and week 24 are indicated in individual graphs: ns=not significant.



Week

Week

Week

Week





Figure E4: Analysis of nasal secretion biomarkers in aspirin-tolerant and aspirin-intolerant N-ERD-patients after 24 weeks of dupilumab treatment.

Boxplots representing levels (pg/mL) of (A) Eotaxin-1, (B) Eotaxin-3, (C) CCL17, (D) TNF- α , (E) TSLP, (F) IL-5, (G) IL-6, (H) IL-12p40, (I) IL-15, (J) IL-17A, (K) IL-17E/IL-25, (L) IL-22, (M) G-CSF, (N) GM-CSF, (O) IFN- γ , (P) IL-1RA, (Q) IL-1 α , (R) IL-1 β , (S) IL-2, (T) IL-3, (U) IL-4, (V) IL-7, (W) IL-8, (X) IL-9, (Y) IL-10, (Z) IL-12p70, (AA) IL-13, (AB) IL-16, (AC) IL-21, (AD) IL-27, (AE) IL-33, (AF) TNF- β and (AG) VEGF levels in N-ERD patients (n=31) are displayed at baseline and after 24 weeks of dupilumab treatment in aspirin-tolerant (orange) or aspirin-intolerant (blue) patients. Line within each box represents the median, bottom border represents the 25th percentile and top border the 75th percentile of the data. Whiskers extend 1.5 times the interquartile range and diamond shaped points are outliers. Significance of changes between baseline and week 24 are indicated in individual graphs: *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001, ns=not significant.







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Figure E5: Analysis of clinical responses, urine, and nasal secretion biomarkers in complete and partial aspirin-tolerant as well as aspirin-intolerant **N-ERD-patients after 24 weeks of dupilumab treatment.** Change over time of (**A**) TPS represented as mean score. (**B**) University of Pennsylvania Smell Identification Test (UPSIT) mean score before and after 24 weeks of treatment. (**C-D**) Boxplots representing (**C**) urine 11β-Prostaglandin F2 α (pg/mL) and (**D**) urine Leukotriene E4 levels (pg/mL). Data are presented from complete (green) or partial (orange) aspirin tolerant as well as aspirin intolerant (blue) patients. Line within each box represents the median, bottom border represents the 25th percentile and top border the 75th percentile of the data. Whiskers extend 1.5 times the interquartile range and diamond shaped points are outliers. Significance of changes between baseline and week 24 are indicated in individual graphs: *p<.05, **p<.01, ns=not significant.



Urine

D





11β-Prostaglandin F2α



Figure E6: Analysis of nasal secretion biomarkers complete and partial aspirintolerant as well as aspirin-intolerant N-ERD-patients after 24 weeks of

dupilumab treatment. Boxplots representing levels (pg/mL) of (**A**) Eotaxin-1, (**B**) Eotaxin-3, (**C**) CCL17, (**D**) TNF-α, (**E**) TSLP, (**F**) IL-5, (**G**) IL-6, (**H**) IL-12p40, (**I**) IL-15, (**J**) IL-17A, (**K**) IL-17E/IL-25, (**L**) IL-22, (**M**) G-CSF, (**N**) GM-CSF, (**O**) IFN-γ, (**P**) IL-1RA, (**Q**) IL-1α, (**R**) IL-1β, (**S**) IL-2, (**T**) IL-3, (**U**) IL-4, (**V**) IL-7, (**W**) IL-8, (**X**) IL-9, (**Y**) IL-10, (**Z**) IL-12p70, (**AA**) IL-13, (**AB**) IL-16, (**AC**) IL-21, (**AD**) IL-27, (**AE**) IL-33, (**AF**) TNF-β and (**AG**) VEGF levels are displayed at baseline and after 24 weeks of dupilumab treatment in N-ERD patients (n=31) with complete (green) or partial (orange) aspirin tolerance as well as aspirin intolerant patients (blue) after treatment. Line within each box represents the median, bottom border represents the 25th percentile and top border the 75th percentile of the data. Whiskers extend 1.5 times the interquartile range and diamond shaped points are outliers. Significance of changes between baseline and week 24 are indicated in individual graphs: *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001, ns=not significant.



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