

Supplementary Information

Title: Organoselenium has potent fungicidal effect on *Cryptococcus neoformans* and inhibits the virulence factors

Running title: Organoselenium: a fungicidal and anti-virulence compound

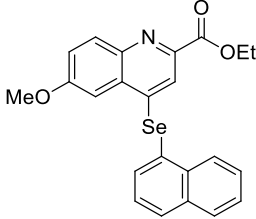
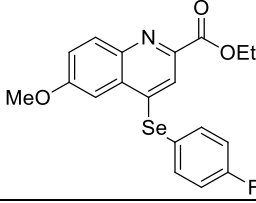
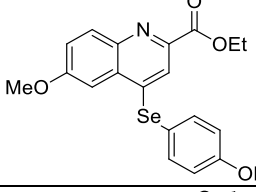
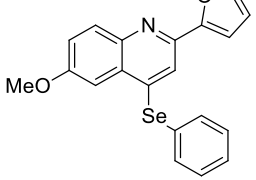
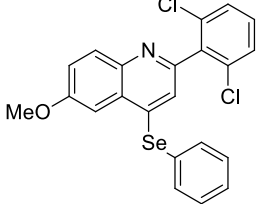
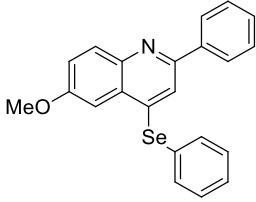
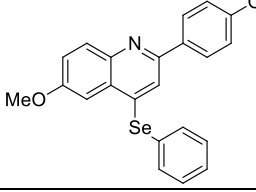
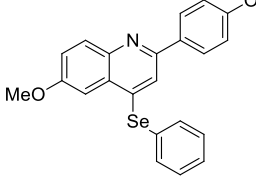
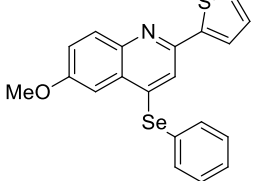
Authors: Daniel Felipe Freitas DE JESUS^a, Aline Luiza Duarte DE FREITAS^a, Isadora Maria DE OLIVEIRA^b, Larissa Costa DE ALMEIDA^a, Rafael Wesley BASTOS^c, Cristina de Castro SPADARI^a, Analy Sales de Azevedo MELO^d, Daniel de Assis SANTOS^e, Letícia Veras COSTA-LOTUFO^a; Flavia C. G. REIS^{f,g}; Marcio L. RODRIGUES^{f,h}; Hélio Alexandre STEFANI^b, Kelly ISHIDA^{a,*}

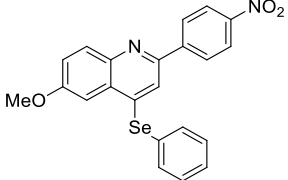
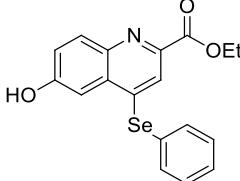
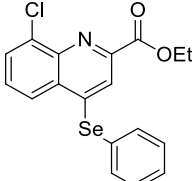
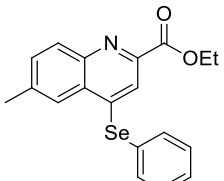
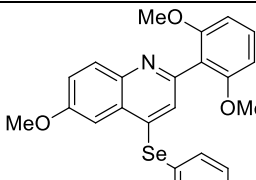
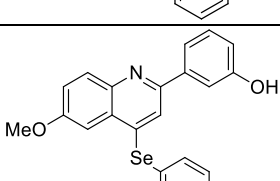
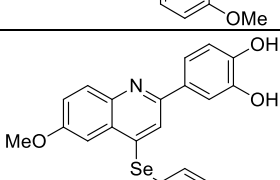
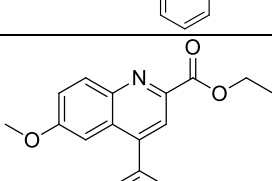
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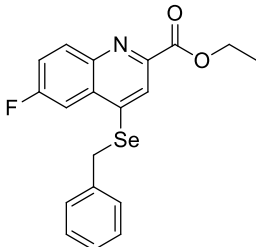
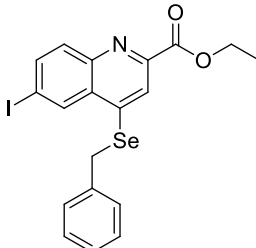
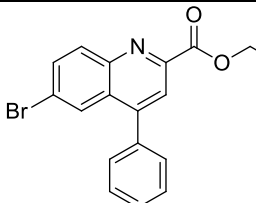
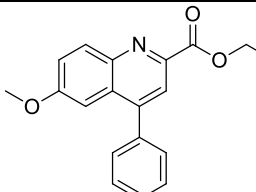
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Table S1. Antifungal activity of synthetic compounds against *Aspergillus fumigatus* ATCC 16913, *Candida albicans* SC5314 and *Candida neoformans* H99 and hemolytic activity on red blood cells.

Compound	Molecular structure	IC ₅₀ /IC ₉₀ /MFC (µg/mL)			HA ₅₀ (µg/mL)
		<i>Cryptococcus neoformans</i>	<i>Candida albicans</i>	<i>Aspergillus fumigatus</i>	
1		>128	>128	>128	nd
2		4/8/16	8/16/32	>128	>128
3		>128	>128	>128	nd
4		>128	>128	>128	nd
5		4/8/16	64/>128/>128	>128	>128
6		>128	>128	>128	nd

7		>128	>128	>128	nd
8		>128	>128	>128	nd
9		16/64/128	64/>128/>128	>128	>128
10		>128	>128	>128	nd
11		>128	>128	>128	nd
12		32/64/>128	>128	>128	nd
13		64/128/>128	>128	>128	nd
14		16/128/>128	>128	>128	>128
15		>128	>128	>128	nd

16		16/32/>128	>128	>128	>128
17		>128	>128	>128	nd
18		>128	>128	>128	nd
19		>128	>128	>128	nd
20		64/>128/>128	>128	>128	nd
21		>128	>128	>128	nd
22		4/8/>128	16/>128/>128	128	>128
23		>128	>128	>128	nd

24		8/32/32	>128	>128	>128
25		8/16/32	>128	>128	>128
26		>128	>128	>128	nd
27		>128	>128	>128	nd

IC₅₀, the lowest concentration that inhibits 50% of fungal growth

IC₉₀, the lowest concentration that inhibits 90% of fungal growth

MFC, the lowest concentration that kills >99.9% of yeasts

HA₅₀, the lowest concentration that leads to 50 % hemolysis of red blood cells

nd, not determined

Table S2. Susceptibility of *Cryptococcus neoformans* strains to the organoselenium compound LQA_78 and the standard antifungals fluconazole (FLC) and amphotericin B (AMB). The concentration values are expressed in µg/mL.

Strains	AMB			FLC			LQA_78		
	IC ₅₀	IC ₉₀	MFC	IC ₅₀	IC ₉₀	MFC	IC ₅₀	IC ₉₀	MFC
H99 NA	0.016	0.03	0.06	1	2	8	4	8	16
H99 A	0.016	0.03	0.06	4	8	64	4	8	16
CAP59	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.5	1	8	2	4	8
L53	0.06	0.25	0.25	1	2	4	8	16	32
L177	0.06	0.125	0.25	2	4	8	8	16	32
L331	0.06	0.125	0.25	1	2	4	8	16	32
L333	0.03	0.06	0.125	2	4	16	16	32	64
L354	0.25	0.25	0.5	4	8	16	8	16	32
L378	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	16	16	32	64
L449	0.06	0.125	0.25	2	4	16	16	32	64
L576	0.125	0.25	0.5	2	4	8	16	32	64
L580	0.125	0.25	0.5	2	4	8	16	32	64
541	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.25	0.25	0.25	1	2	8
542	0.03	0.03	0.125	4	8	64	1	2	4
543	0.125	0.25	1	0.25	0.25	2	1	4	4
544A	0.25	0.25	0.25	1	2	4	4	4	8
545A	0.125	0.25	0.5	1	2	8	4	8	8

IC₅₀, the lowest concentration that inhibits 50% of fungal growth

IC₉₀, the lowest concentration that inhibits 90% of fungal growth

MFC, the lowest concentration that kills >99.9% of cells

The assays were performed in duplicate at least three times. The data represent the modal mean.

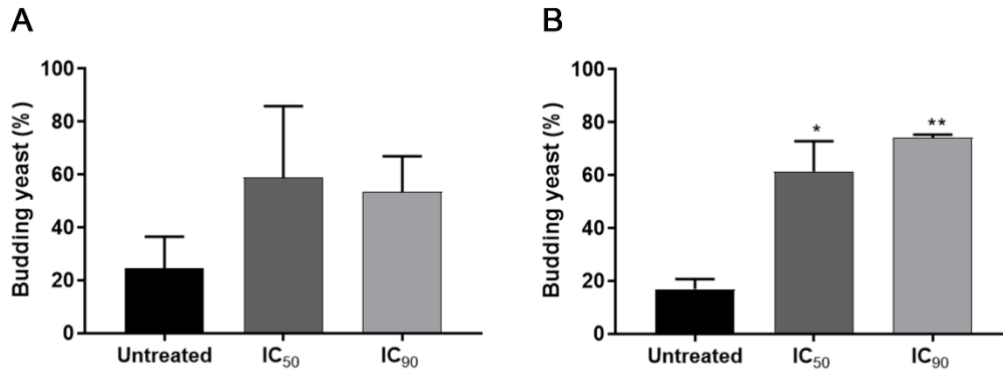


Figure S1. The compound LQA_78 inhibits *Cryptococcus neoformans* growth, resulting in budding yeast accumulation. **(A)** H99 adapted strain and **(B)** clinical isolate L354. * $p < 0.05$ and ** $p < 0.01$ compared to the untreated group (one-way ANOVA with Dunnett's post-test). Two independent experiments were performed in duplicate.

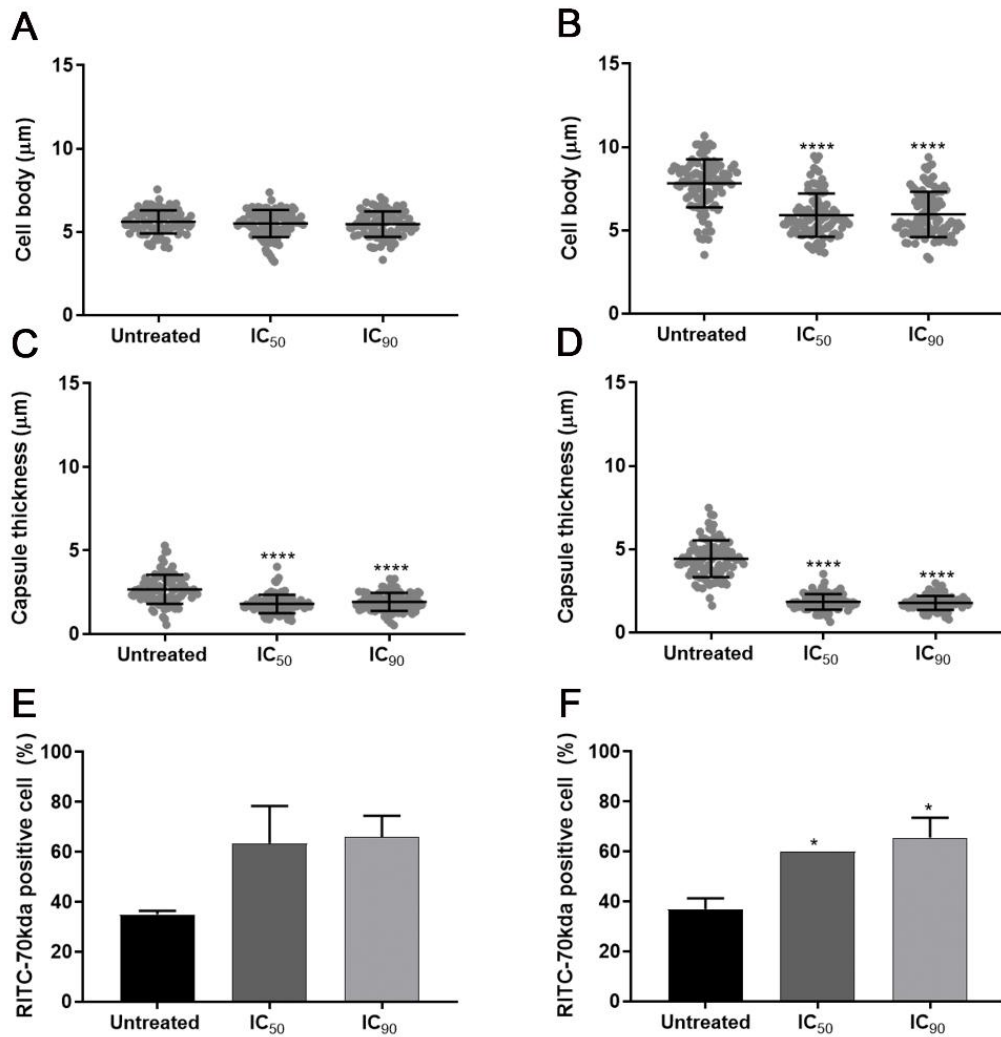


Figure S2. Inhibitory effect of LQA_78 on *Cryptococcus neoformans* H99 adapted strain (left column) and clinical isolate L354 (right column) virulence factors. **(A-B)** Cell diameter, **(C-D)** capsule thickness, **(E-F)** capsule permeability. * $p < 0.05$ and **** $p < 0.0001$ compared with the untreated group (one-way ANOVA with Dunnett's post-test). $n = 50-100$ cells. Two independent experiments were performed in duplicate.

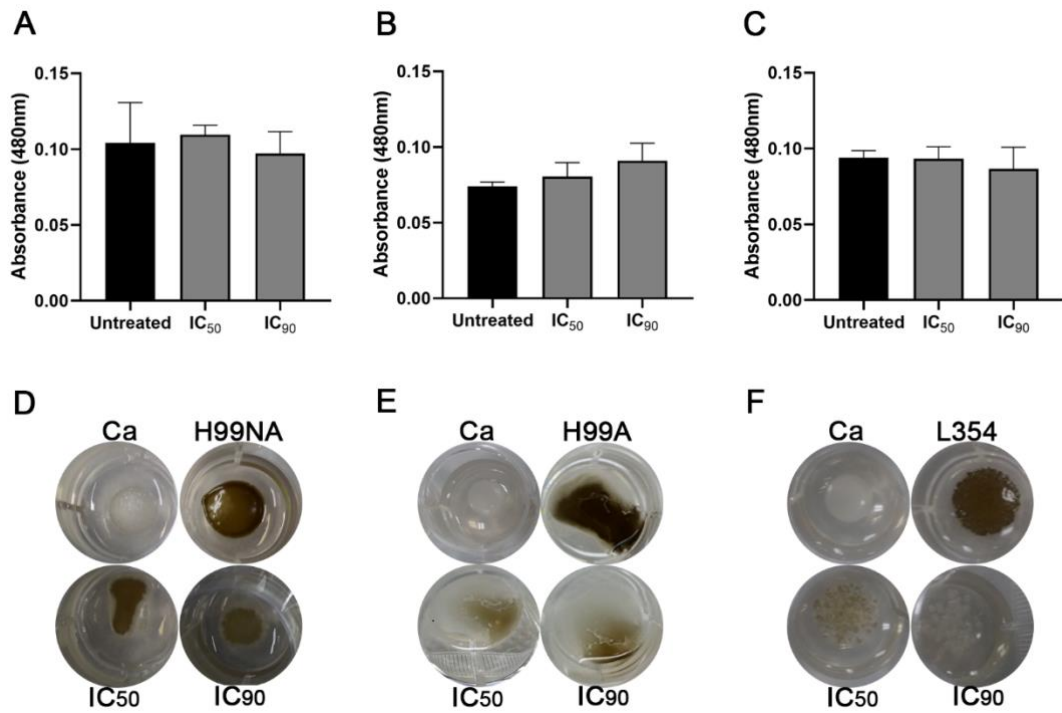


Figure S3. Inhibitory effect of LQA_78 on melanin leakage (A-C) and melanin production (D-F) of *Cryptococcus neoformans* strains after 72 h of incubation at 30°C. (A, D) H99 nonadapted strain, (B, E) H99 adapted strain, and (C, F) clinical isolate L354. Two independent experiments in duplicate (one-way ANOVA with Dunnett's post-test).

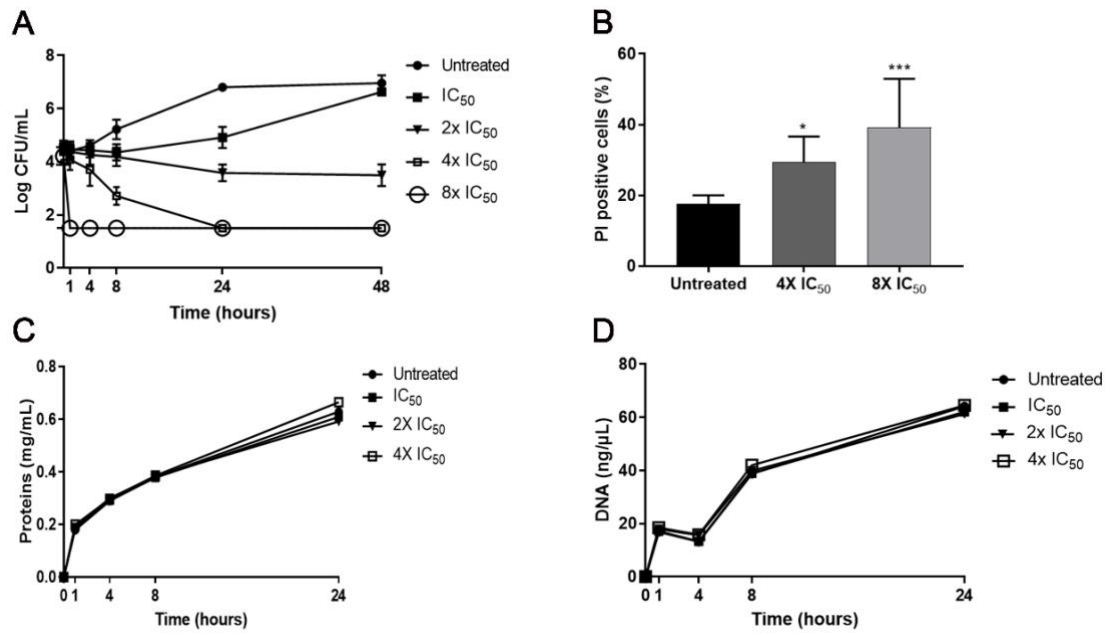


Figure S4. Fungicidal effect of LQA_78 on *Cryptococcus neoformans* H99 (adapted strain). **(A)** Time-kill curve, **(B)** flow cytometry analysis by propidium iodide (PI) after 24 h of incubation with LQA_78, **(C-D)** quantification of protein **(C)** and DNA **(D)** on supernatant after 0, 1, 4, 8 and 24 h of treatment. * $p < 0.05$ and *** $p < 0.001$ compared with the untreated group of three independent experiments [one-way ANOVA with Dunnett's post-test for **(B)** and two-way ANOVA for **(C)** and **(D)**].

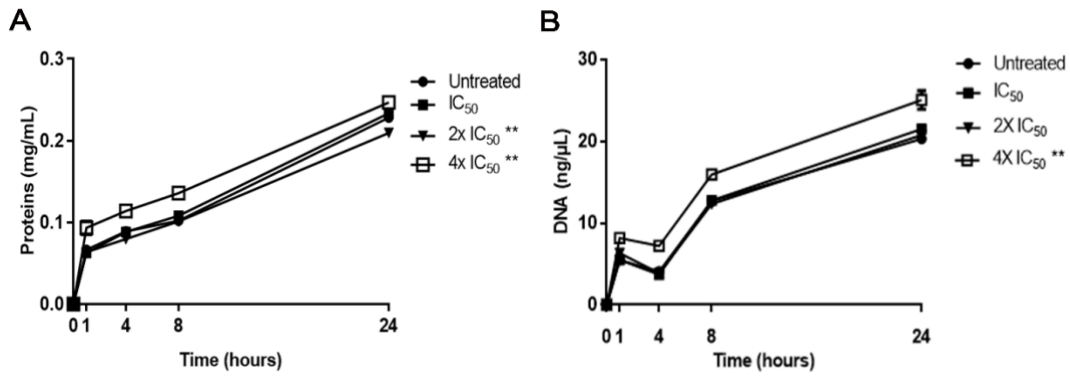


Figure S5. Cytoplasm leakage of *Cryptococcus neoformans* H99 (non-adapted strain) treated with LQA_78. **(A)** Quantification of protein and **(B)** DNA on supernatant after 0, 1, 4, 8 and 24 h of treatment. **p <0.01 compared with the untreated group of three independent experiments (two-way ANOVA with Dunnett's post-test).