Supplemental materials

Table S1. Comparison of agonism of hGLP-2R (cAMP accumulation) by glepaglutide

4 with human GLP-2

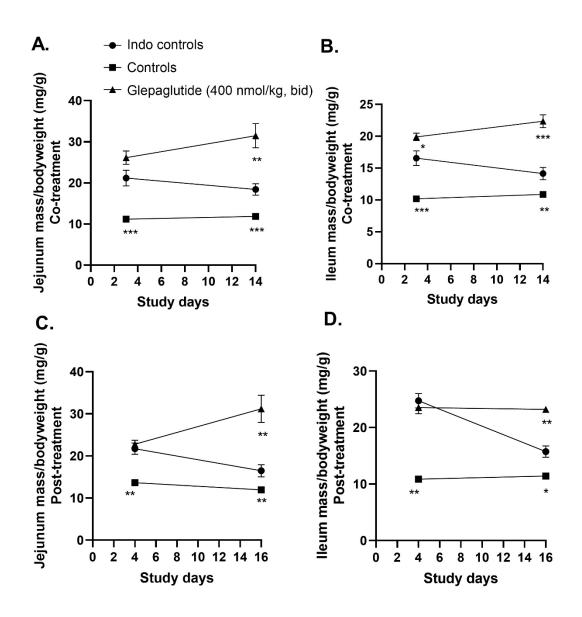
	EC ₅₀ (nM)	pEC ₅₀ ± SEM	E _{max} ± SEM	n
Human GLP-2	0.025	10.60 ± 0.07	106 ± 3.7	5
Glepaglutide	0.093	10.03 ± 0.09	102 ± 3.7	5

cAMP, cyclic adenosine monophosphate; EC_{50} , half maximal effective concentration; E_{max} , maximal effect; GLP-2,

glucagon-like peptide-2; hGLP-2R, human glucagon-like peptide-2 receptor; pEC₅₀, logarithmically transformed half

maximal effective concentration (pEC₅₀ = $-\log_{10}[EC_{50}]$); SEM, standard error of the mean

Figure S2. Effect of glepaglutide co-treatment and post-treatment on small intestinal mass in active inflammation and body weight recovery phase. **A** Co-treatment: Jejunum mass normalized to bodyweight (mg/kg) on day 3. **B** Co-treatment: Ileum mass normalized to bodyweight (mg/kg) on day 14. **C** Post-treatment: Jejunum mass normalized to bodyweight (mg/kg) on day 4. **D** Post-treatment: Ileum mass normalized to bodyweight (mg/kg) on day 16.



*p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001 vs INDO control group. Data shown are mean \pm SEM bid, twice a day, INDO, indomethacin; SEM, standard error of the mean