Solution Processed Cu₂S Nanostructures for Solar Hydrogen

Production

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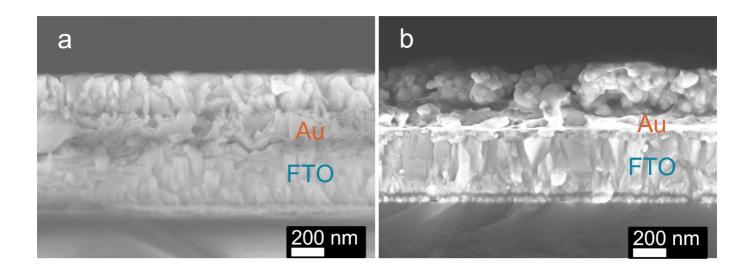


Figure S1. Cross-sectional SEM images of thin films prepared from (a) 0.35 M CuCl ink and (b) 0.35 M CuCl₂ ink.

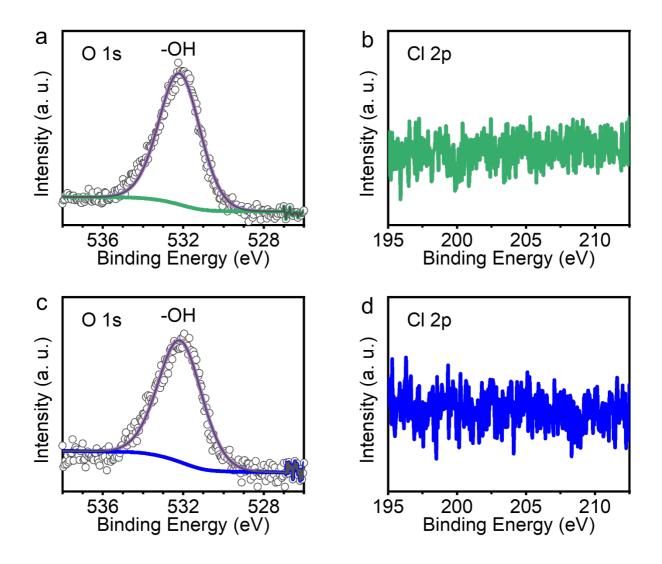


Figure S2. (a, c) O 1s XPS spectrum and (b, d) Cl 2p XPS spectrum of (a, b) nanoplate thin film prepared from 0.35 M CuCl ink and (c, d) nanoparticle thin film prepared from 0.35 M CuCl₂ ink.

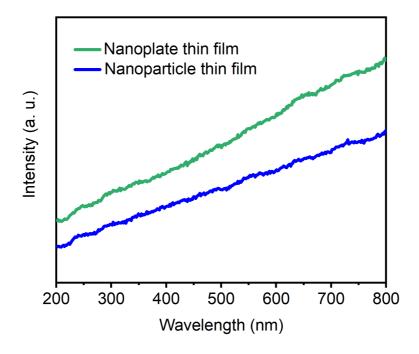


Figure S3. Raman spectra of prepared nanoplate and nanoparticle thin films.

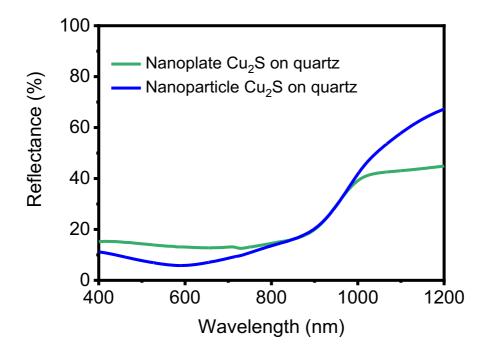


Figure S4. The reflectance spectra of nanoplate and nanoparticle Cu₂S thin films on quartz substrates.

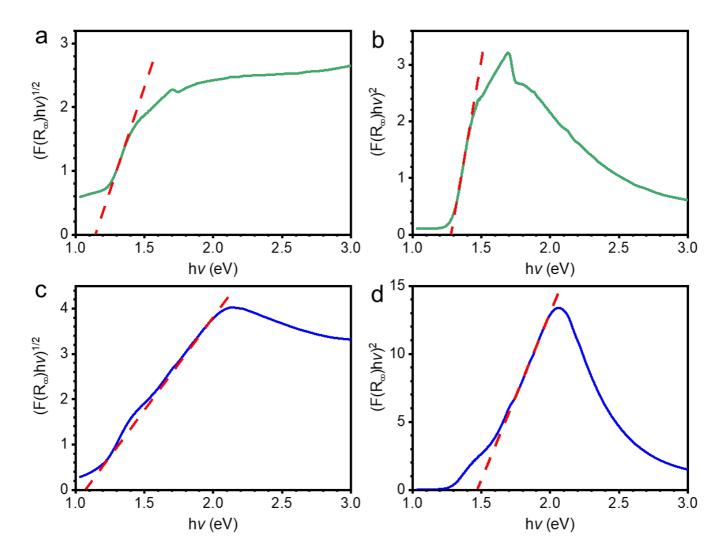


Figure S5. Tauc plots of nanoplate (a, b) and nanoparticle (c, d) Cu₂S thin films to determine their indirect (a, c) and direct (b, d) band gap energies (Eg). The linear parts of the plots are extrapolated to the x-axis.

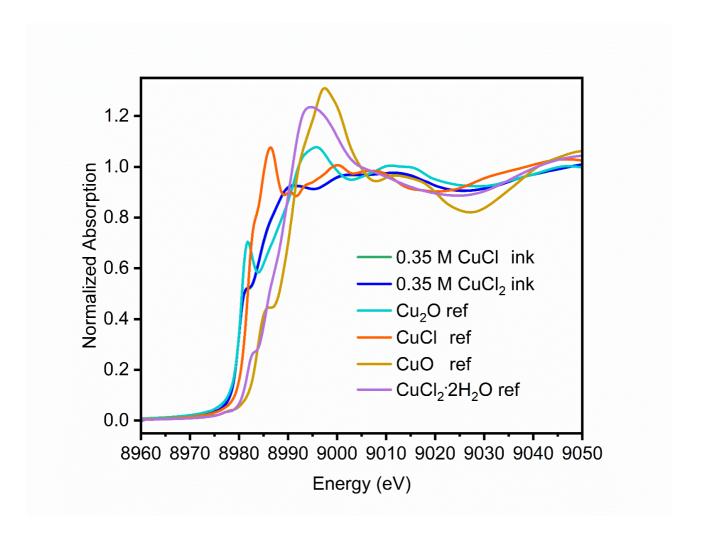


Figure S6. Cu K-edge X-ray absorption near-edge structure (XANES) spectra for 0.35 M CuCl and CuCl₂ molecular inks (which overlap fully) along with pressed Cu₂O, CuO, CuCl and CuCl₂·2H₂O powder references.

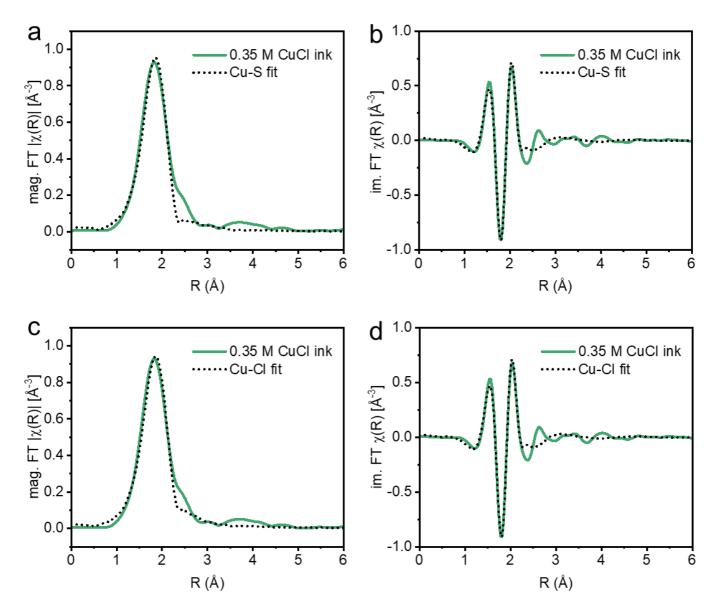


Figure S7. The magnitude (a, c) and imaginary part (b, d) of the Fourier transforms (FT) of Cu K-edge k³-weighted extended X-ray absorption fine structure (EXAFS) spectra of 0.35 M CuCl ink. Green solid lines represent experimental data and black dash line represents fits based on chalcocite (Cu₂S) and nantokite (CuCl).^{1,2}

Table S1. Structural parameters of 0.35 M CuCl ink obtained from Cu-S fit based on chalcocite (Cu₂S) and Cu-Cl fit based on nantokite (CuCl).^{1,2}

| Fit | CN | R (Å) | σ^2 (Å ²) | E_0 (eV) |
|-----------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| Cu-S fit | 2.5 (+/- 0.4) | 2.28 (+/- 0.01) | 0.008 (+/- 0.002) | 4.4 (+/- 1.5) |
| Cu-Cl fit | 2.2 (+/- 0.3) | 2.26 (+/- 0.01) | 0.008 (+/- 0.002) | 4.9 (+/- 1.3) |

^aCN: coordination number, R: interatomic distance, σ^2 : pseudo Debye-Waller factor, E₀: shift in threshold energy, S₀²: intrinsic loss factor fixed to 0.8 determined from fitting a Cu metal foil spectrum.

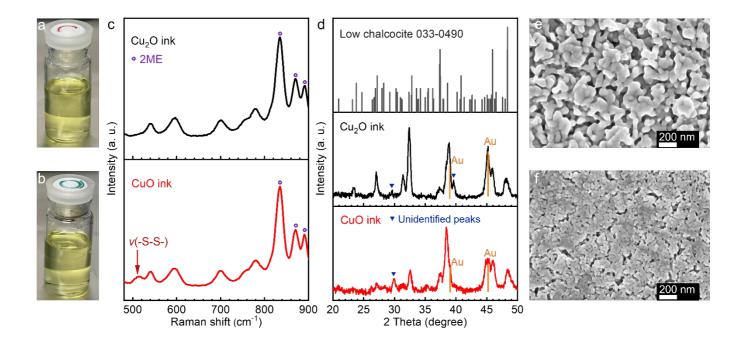


Figure S8. (a) Optical image of 0.175 M Cu₂O ink. (b) Optical image of 0.35 M CuO ink. (c) Molecular structure analysis of 0.175 M Cu₂O and 0.35 M CuO ink molecular inks by liquid-phase Raman spectroscopy normalized according to the 2ME peaks. (d) GIXRD patterns of thin films prepared from 0.175 M Cu₂O ink and 0.35 M CuO ink. The unidentified peaks do not match with any copper oxides or copper chlorides. (e) Plan view SEM image of the thin film prepared from the 0.175 M Cu₂O ink. (f) Plan view SEM image of the thin film prepared from the 0.35 M CuO ink.

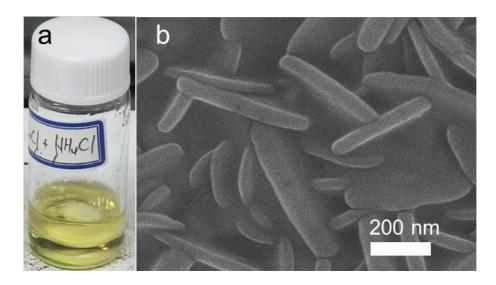


Figure S9. (a) Optical image of the (0.35 M CuCl+0.35 M NH₄Cl) ink. (b) Plan view SEM image of the thin film prepared from the (0.35 M CuCl+0.35 M NH₄Cl) ink.

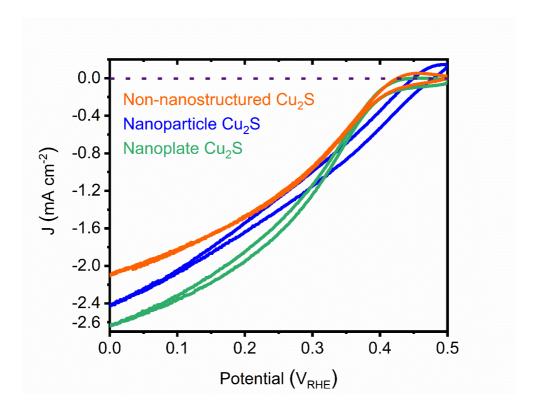


Figure S10. Cyclic voltammetry (CV) scans of Cu₂S photocathodes prepared from nanoplate, nanoparticle, and non-nanostructured Cu₂S thin films. Note: the non-nanostructured Cu₂S data comes from our previous work.³

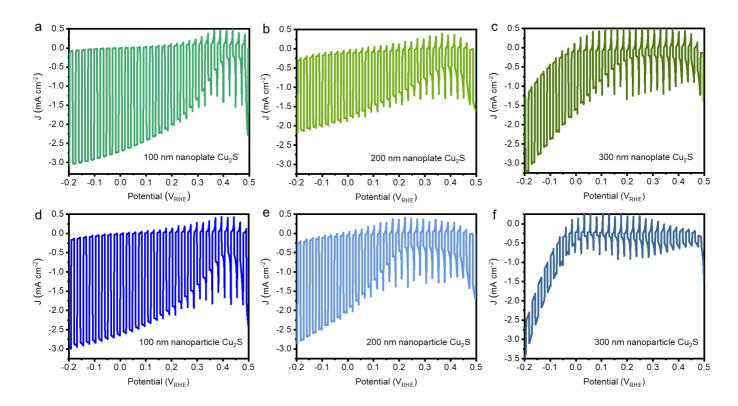


Figure S11. *J-E* curves of Cu₂S photocathodes based on different thickness of nanostructured Cu₂S thin films under simulated on-off AM1.5 G illumination (100 mW cm⁻²).

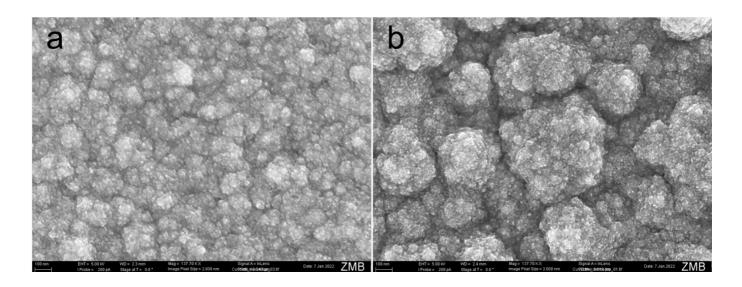


Figure S12. The top-view SEM images of Cu₂S photocathodes (FTO/Au/ Cu₂S/CdS/TiO₂/RuO_x) based on (a) nanoplate Cu₂S thin film and (b) nanoparticle Cu₂S thin film.

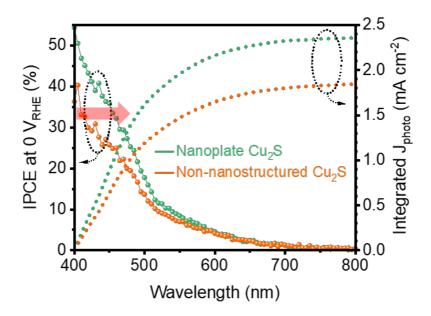


Figure S13. Incident photon-to-current efficiency (IPCE) spectra of the Cu_2S photocathodes at an applied bias of 0 V_{RHE} under monochromatic illumination with 10% white light bias.

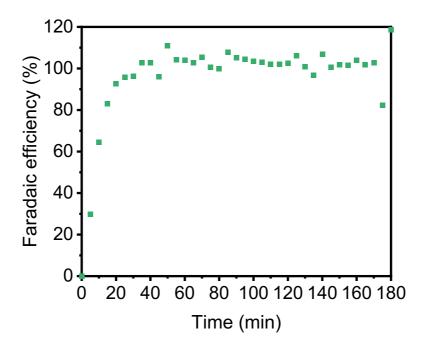


Figure S14. Faradaic efficiency of the Cu₂S photocathode based on the nanoplate Cu₂S thin film under constant bias at 0 V_{RHE} performed in a 1.0 M phosphate buffer solution (pH 7.0) using an LED light source where the intensity was adjusted to obtain similar current densities as those obtained under simulated AM1.5 G illumination (100 mW cm⁻²).

References:

- 1 H. T. Evans, *Nature Physical Science*, 1971, **232**, 69–70.
- 2 R. W. G. Wyckoff and E. Posnjak, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1922, 44, 30–36.
- 3 X. Zhang, W. Yang, W. Niu, P. Adams, S. Siol, Z. Wang and S. D. Tilley, *ChemSusChem*, 2021, **14**, 3967–3974.