# Appendix 1. Quality of Care Checklist in Traumatic Spinal Column and Cord Injuries in Iran

Interviewer Information				
1-Full Name	2-Cellphone			
1-run Name	2-cemphone			
3-Center Name	<u> </u>			
5-Center Ivanic				
Phone Intervie	w Information			
1- Interview Date/	2-Interview Phase			
	☐ After discharge			
	☐ Follow-up after one year			
3-Contact Type	4-Interviewee			
□Voice	□Patient			
□Video	□Patient's attendant			
	□Both			
5-Contact result	5-1: If patient is deceased			
☐ The patient was deceased	A: Deceased Date/			
☐ Wrong/Changed contact number	B: Underlying cause of death			
□Non-cooperative patient /Patient's attendant	C: Other causes of death			
☐ Successful				
Part I. Patiant Damages	phic before/ during injury			
1- First Name	2- Last Name			
1- First Name	2- Last Name			
3-National Identification number (NID)				
	<del></del>			
2.1 ID				
3-1-ID or passport number for non-Iranian people				
4-Sex	5- Date of Birth//			
☐ Male				
□Female				
□Other				
6-Nationality				
□Iranian				
□Non-Iranian				
□Unknown				
7-Marital status				
□Single □Married □Widowed □Div	orced Unknown			
8-Education				
	☐Secondary school ☐Diploma			
,	☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐			
	interest in the interest in th			
□PhD, Specialist				
9- Occupation				

10- Province	11- City				
12- Home Address					
13- Residence Contact (with province code)					
14- Cellphone					
15- Work Contact (with province code)					
16- Emergency Contact					
17- Second Emergency Contact					
	e-Hospital Information				
1-Injury Incident Date and Time//	:				
2- Transport Mode delivering the patient from the scene to the first medical center  Ambulance (Ground, Air)  Other transport mode  Undetermined					
3- Ttransfer Facility/Ambulance arrival date an	3- Ttransfer Facility/Ambulance arrival date and time to the first medical center//:				
4- Pre-hospital measures for immobilization ONeck immobilization OExtremities immobilization ONo need to Immobilization ONo need to Immobilization					
Part III-	Hospital Information				
A- Admission Information					
1-Name	2- City				
3- Date and Time of admission in the triage					
4- Date and time of hospitalization//	:				
B- Injury Information					
1-Mechanism of Injury:					
Penetrating					
Blunt					
Unknown					
2-Injury severity based on ASIA Impairment so OA OB OC OD	care:				
3- Injury Type:					
O Complete O Incomplete					

C: Interventions, Services, Measurements	
1- Date and time of spinal decompression/	
2-Did the patient receive Prophylaxisy Thromboembo	lisms Treatment (PTE) within the first 72 hours after
the injury? OYes ONo	
3- MRI	
3-1 Date/ 3-2 Time:	3-3 Center Name
4-CT-scan	
4-1 Date/ 4-2 Time: 4-3	3 Center Name
5- ICU Hospitalization Period: days	
D: Complications	
1-Has the patient experienced any fever during the hospitalization period?  O Yes ONo	1-1 In case of having fever, the cause should be identified (by an Infectious Disease Specialist)  OPneumonia OPressure ulcers OSurgical wound infection OMeningitis OUTI OOther
2-Does the patient have any other pain rather than the fracture site?  O Yes ONo	2-1 If you experience pain, where is the location:  2-2 What is the severity of pain from 0 to 10?  0=no pain, 10= the most severe pain
3-Have the patient experienced any pressure ulcer during the hospitalization period?  OYes ONo	3-1 In case of having pressure ulcer, please complete the pressure ulcer characteristics form for each pressure ulcer.  3-2 Have any of the pressure ulcers undergone an operation?  OYes ONo OUnknown  If yes, what was the operation date?
C: Discharge Information	Laboratoria de la constanta de
1-Discharge Date/	2-Patient's condition when discharged:  ODeath or severe permanent impairment OLeave against medical advice (LAMA) ORefer to another center OPartial improvement
D- Patient's quality of life (QOL) when discharged	
Answer to SCQL Questionnaire	

# **Part IV- Post Hospital Information**

A-Current Patient Demo	ographic					
1-Marrital status	ad DW:	dowed	□Divo	rand DOtha		
☐Single ☐Marri  2-Education	lea 🗆 w i	dowed	□Divo	orced	<u> </u>	
	, ,			□ <b>p</b> : 1		
	ary school	□Secondary		□Diploma	□Associate	
□Bachelor □Mast	ter	□Doctoral de	<del></del>	□PhD, Speciali		
3- Occupation				he person is emplo		ition:
□Student			1	A- ○ New job aft		
□Disabled / unemployed				OSame as before	ore the injury	
☐Housewife / Retired				B- Occupation:		
□Employed			(	C- Type		
				OWork from h		
4 D :1 :1D :			5 D ·	OWork from c	office	
4- Residential Province			5- Kesi	dential City		
6- Residential Address						
7- Home Contact Phone	8-Cellpho	ne	9- Wor	k Contact Phone		
(with area code)				area code)		
<u> </u>			ì			
10- Emergency Contact			11-Sec	ond Emergency C	ontact	
B. Radiological findings a	and medical in	nages				
Failure or incomplete deco			Diagnos RAY	sed by \( \square\) MRI	□ CT-scan □	X-
Failure or incomplete solid fusion  Yes  No			Diagnos RAY	sed by \( \square\) MRI	□ CT-scan □	Х-
Implant failure/ breakage o	of the hardware	Yes	Diagnos	sed by \( \square\) MRI	□ CT-scan □	X-
○ No			RAY	Ž		
Spine instability	○Yes	○ No	Diagnos	sed by \( \square\) MRI	□ CT-scan □	X-
1	O	O	RAY	,		
Cord hemorrhage	○Yes	○ No	Diagnos	sed by \( \square\) MRI	□ CT-scan □	Х-
	O**	O 11	RAY	11 🗆 101		37
Progression of cord edema	Yes	○ No	Diagnos RAY	sed by $\square$ MRI	□ CT-scan □	X-
Transfer lesion to another	()Yes	() No		sed by   MRI	□ CT-scan □	X-
Transfer resion to another	<u> </u>	<b>O 110</b>	RAY	sed by $\square$ when		Λ-
Syrinx (fluid-filled intrame	edullary structu	re expanding	Diagnos	sed by   MRI	□ CT-scan □	X-
above the injured segment			RAY	•		
CSF)	○Yes	○ No				
Cyst	○Yes	○ No	Diagnos	sed by   MRI	□ CT-scan □	Х-
<u> </u>			RAY			
Cord atrophy	○Yes	○ No		sed by   MRI	☐ CT-scan ☐	Х-
			RAY			
Myelomalacia		○ No	Diagnos	sed by   MRI		X-

			RAY	
Cord tethering	○Yes	○ No	Diagnosed by ☐ MRI RAY	□ CT-scan □ X-

C-Complications and Conditions
1- Spasticity [1]
Does the patient currently experiencing any spasticity? □No □Yes
If yes, identify the severity of pain according to Modified Ashworth Scale
□ 0- No increase in muscle tone
□ 1- Slight increase in muscle tone, manifested by a catch and release or by minimal resistance at the end of
the range of motion when the affected part(s) is moved in flexion or extension
□ 1+ Slight increase in muscle tone, manifested by a catch, followed by minimal resistance throughout the
remainder (less than half) of the ROM
☐ 2 More marked increase in muscle tone through most of the ROM, but affected part(s) easily moved
☐ 3 Considerable increase in muscle tone, passive movement difficult
☐ 4 Affected part(s) rigid in flexion or extension
2- Autonomic Dysreflexia

2-1- Has the patient experienced any of the signs and
symptoms listed under the third column resulted from
the second column?

Vec		N	'n
 1 62	ш	IN	()

System	Causes	Signs
Urinary	-Urinary retention	-Severe
System	(obstruction/blocked	headache
	catheter)	-Transient
	-Constipation	hypertension
Gastrointestinal	-Hemorrhoid, Anal	-Hot flash
System	fissure	-Goosebumps
	-Acute Abdominal	-Nasal
	Pain	congestion
	-Peptic ulcer,	-Anxiety
	-Gastro esophageal	-Palpitation
	reflux (GERD)	-Shortness of
	-Gallbladder stone	breath
Skin	-Ingrown Toenail	-Diaphoresis
	-Skin burn: contact	above the injury
	with heat	level
	-Tight clothing	-Paled and cold
	-Pressure Ulcer	skin colour
	-Sharp force	below the injury
	cut/stab	level
	-Insect bite	-Seizure
Reproductive	-Menstruation	-Bradycardia
system	-Pregnancy	
	-Intercourse	
	-Infections	

#### **Description**

- 1- Autonomic dysreflexia means dysfunction of the sympathetic system
- 2- It may occur in patients with injuries higher than T6 level
- 3- The most important symptom is an increase in blood pressure by 2 units or (20 mm Hg)
- 4- Damage is caused by stimulation in the sublevel. The most common cause is an obstruction or urinary retention.
- 5. Ask the patient whether these symptoms were caused by urinary retention, constipation, burns, tight clothing, or sunken nails?
- 2-2- How many times has the patient experienced this?----- times
- 2-3- Complete the following for each autonomic dysreflexia event:
- Cause: .....
- The main and important sign: .....

Respiratory system	-Pulmonary embolism		
Other	-Fracture/ulcer not yet diagnosed (NYD) -Drugs -Muscular spasm -Cold water immersion/exposure (pool, bath)		
3- Pressure Ul	cer		
3- Has the patiduring the past  OYes ONo	-	essure ulcer	3-1 In case of having pressure ulcer, please complete the pressure ulcer characteristics form for each pressure ulcer.
			3-2 Have any of the pressure ulcers undergone an operation?  OYes ONo OUnknown  If yes, what was the operation date?//

4 10			• .	••	
4-R	eho	cn	ita	179	ation

4-1 Did the patient get re-hospitalized after the acute phase?

OYes ONo

If hospitalized, how many times?

#### 5- Pain

5-1 Have the patient experienced any pain currently?

OYes ONo

If yes, please complete characteristics of the three most severe pains experienced.

#### Pain table - characteristics of the three most severe pains experienced [2]

Pain locations /sites	R	M	L	Type of pain
(can be more than one, so check				Intensity and duration of
all that apply):				pain Treatment of pain
right (R), midline (M), or left (L)				
Head				Type of pain (check one):
Neck/shoulders				Nociceptive
throat				Musculoskeletal
neck				widscaroskeretar

shoulder	Visceral
Arms/hands	Other
upper arm	
elbow	Neuropathic
forearm	At-level SCI
wrist	Below-level SCI
hand/fingers	Other
	04
Frontal torso/genitals	Other
chest	** 1
abdomen	Unknown
pelvis/genitalia	
Back	Intensity and duration of pain:
upper back lower back	Average pain intensity in the last week:
	0 = no pain; $10 = pain as bad as you can imagine$
Buttocks/hips	0; 1; 2; 3; 4; 5;
buttocks	6; 7; 8; 9; 10
hip	
anus	
Upper leg/thigh	Date of onset: YYYY/MM/DD
Lower legs/feet	
knee	
shin	Are you using or receiving any <u>treatment</u> for your
calf	pain problem:
ankle	No Yes
foot/toes	

**Type of pain:** This variable documents the type of pain present. CODES:

- Nociceptive: A: Musculoskeletal, B: Visceral, C: Other Neuropathic: A: At-level SCI, B:Below-level SCI, C: Other
- Other
- Unknown

6-Accessability to facility and modification				
6-1- Does the patient access to wheelchair?	6-2- Has any home modification been applied?			
□Yes □No	□Yes □No			
- If yes, the type of wheelchair:	- If yes, the type of modification/s:			
OElectrical ORegular OOthers	□Ramp to the main entrance door.			
6-3-Does the patient have any personal vehicle?	☐Remove any elevation			
□Yes □No	□Expand the doors so that the wheelchair can fit in			
	□Elevator			
- If yes, has any medication been made?	☐The kitchen has been modified			
□Yes □No	☐Washrooms and bathtubs with safety bar			

7- What is the patients' satisfaction with regards to the quality of your current care from 0-10?					
8- How to deal with bladder sphincter problem –Based on SCIM-III Questionnaire					
9- How to deal with intestinal sphincter problem -Based on SCIM-III Questionnaire					
10- Patient's health condition one year after the injury:					
☐ The patient was deceased					
☐ Wrong/changed contact number					
□Non-cooperative of the patient or patient's attendant					
□ Successful connection					

11 - <b>Qu</b>	ality of life (can be completed by the patient) according to SCQ	L Questionnaire [3].							
	To be completed in two times:								
	day after the discharge (after the first hospitalization)								
2- Foll	ow-up, one year after injury								
1-	I am doing fewer social activities with groups of people (SI)								
2-	I get dressed only with someone's help (BCM)								
3-	I am getting around only within one building (M)								
4-	My sexual activity is decreased (SI)								
5-	I am going out less to visit people (SI)								
6-	I do not move into or out of bed or chair by myself but am mo	oved by a person or mechanical							
	aid (BCM)								
7-	I stay home most of the time (M)								
8-	I am staying in bed more (M)								
	I am cutting down the length of visits with friends (SI)								
10-	I make difficult moves with help, eg getting into or out of cars,	bath tubs (BCM)							
1.	I look forward with enjoyment to things								
2.	I can laugh and see the funny side of things								
3.	I have lost interest in my appearance								
	I feel cheerful								
	I still enjoy the things I used to enjoy								
6.	I feel as I am slowed down								
	Y 1'00 1.'' 11 0 11 0 11 0 10								
1.	How difficult is it not being able of walk or move freely?								
2	□ Very difficult □ difficult □ A little difficult	□not at all difficult							
2.	How difficult is it being in need of help with many things?								
2	□ Very difficult □ difficult □ A little difficult	□not at all difficult							
3.	How difficult is it not being able to do things when wanted?	-							
4	□ very difficult □ difficult □ A little difficult	□not at all difficult							
4.	How difficult is it not being able to hide oneself in a crowd?	- 11 1:cc 14							
-	☐ Very difficult ☐ difficult ☐ A little difficult	□not at all difficult							
5.	How difficult is it having intestinal problems?	- 11 1:cc 14							
6									
	☐ Very difficult ☐ difficult ☐ A little difficult How difficult is it having pain?	□not at all difficult							

#### 12- Functional Independence Status for Daily Life Activities (SCIM-III Questionnaire[4, 5])

To be completed in two times:

- 1- Day after discharge from the hospital (after the first hospitalization)
- 2- Follow-up, one year after the injury

#### **Self Care**

- 1. Feeding (cutting, opening containers, pouring, bringing food to mouth, holding cup with fluid)
  - **0.** Needs parenteral, gastrostomy or fully assisted oral feeding
    - 1. Needs partial assistance for eating and/or drinking, or for wearing adaptive devices
    - **2.** Eats independently; needs adaptive devices or assistance only for cutting food and/or pouring and/or opening containers
    - 3. Eats and drinks independently; does not require assistance or adaptive devices
- **2. Bathing** (soaping, washing, drying body and head, manipulating water tap)

#### A. Upper body

- 0. Requires total assistance
- 1. Requires partial assistance
- 2. Washes independently with adaptive devices or in a specific setting (e.g., bars, chair)
- 3. Washes independently; does not require **a**daptive **d**evices or **s**pecific **s**etting (not customary for healthy people) (ADSS)

#### **B.** Lower Body

- 0. Requires total assistance
  - 1. Requires partial assistance
  - 2. Washes independently with adaptive devices or in a specific setting (ADSS)
  - 3. Washes independently; does not require adaptive devices (ADSS) or specific setting
- **3. Dressing** (clothes, shoes, permanent orthoses; dressing, wearing, undressing)

#### A. Upper body

- 0. Requires total assistance
- 1. Requires partial assistance with clothes without buttons, zippers or laces (CWOBZL)
- 2. Independent with CWOBZL; requires adaptive devices and/or specific settings (ADSS)
- 3. Independent with CWOBZL; does not require ADSS; needs assistance or ADSS only for BZL.
- 4. Dresses (any clothes) independently; does not require adaptive devices or specific setting

#### **B.** Lower Body

- 0. Requires total assistance
  - 1. Requires partial assistance with clothes without buttons, zippers or laces (CWOBZL)
  - 2. Independent with (CWOBZL); requires adaptive devices and/or specific settings (ADSS)
  - 3. Independent with (CWOBZL) without ADSS; needs assistance or ADSS only for BZL.
  - 4. Dresses (any clothes) independently; does not require adaptive devices or specific setting
- **4. Grooming** (washing hands and face, brushing teeth, combing hair, shaving, applying makeup)
  - 0. Requires total assistance
- 1.Requires partial assistance
- 2.Grooms independently with adaptive devices
- 3. Grooms independently without adaptive devices

#### Self-Care Subtotal (0-20)

#### **Respiration and Sphincter Management**

- 5. Respiration
- 0. Requires tracheal tube (TT) and permanent or intermittent assisted ventilation (IAV)
  - 2. Breathes independently with TT; requires oxygen, much assistance in coughing or TT management
  - 4. Breathes independently with TT; requires little assistance in coughing or TT management
- 6. Breathes independently without TT; requires oxygen, much assistance in coughing, a mask

(e.g., peep) or IAV (bipap)

- 8. Breathes independently without TT; requires little assistance or stimulation for coughing
- 10. Breathes independently without assistance or device

#### 6. Sphincter Management - Bladder

- 0. Indwelling catheter
  - 3. Residual urine volume (RUV) > 100cc; no regular catheterization or assisted intermittent catheterization
  - 6. RUV < 100cc or intermittent self-catheterization; needs assistance for applying drainage instrument
  - 9. Intermittent self-catheterization; uses external drainage instrument; does not need assistance for applying
- 11. Intermittent self-catheterization; continent between catheterizations; does not use external drainage

instrument

- 13. RUV <100cc; needs only external urine drainage; no assistance is required for drainage
- 15. RUV <100cc; continent; does not use external drainage instrument

#### 7. Sphincter Management - Bowel

- 0. Irregular timing or very low frequency (less than once in 3 days) of bowel movements
  - 5. Regular timing, but requires assistance (e.g., for applying suppository); rare accidents (less than twice a month)
  - 8. Regular bowel movements, without assistance; rare accidents (less than twice a month) 10. Regular bowel movements, without assistance; no accidents

# 8. Use of Toilet (perineal hygiene, adjustment of clothes before/after, use of napkins or diapers)

- 0. Requires total assistance
  - 1. Requires partial assistance; does not clean self
  - 2. Requires partial assistance; cleans self independently
  - 4. Uses toilet independently in all tasks but needs adaptive devices or special setting (e.g., bars)
  - 5. Uses toilet independently; does not require adaptive devices or special setting

#### Respiration and Sphincter Management Subtotal (0-40)

#### **Mobility (room and toilet)**

0. Needs assistance in all activities: turning upper body in bed, turning lower body in bed, sitting up in bed, doing push-ups in wheelchair, with or without adaptive devices, but not with electric aids

- 2. Performs one of the activities without assistance
- 4. Performs two or three of the activities without assistance
- 6. Performs all the bed mobility and pressure release activities independently

# 9. Transfers: bed-wheelchair (locking wheelchair, lifting footrests, removing and adjusting arm rests, transferring, lifting feet)

- 0. Requires total assistance
  - 1. Needs partial assistance and/or supervision, and/or adaptive devices (e.g., sliding board)
  - 2. Independent (or does not require wheelchair)

# 11-Transfers: wheelchair-toilet-tub (if uses toilet wheelchair: transfers to and from; if uses regular wheelchair: locking wheelchair, lifting footrests, removing and adjusting armrests, transferring, lifting feet)

- 0. Requires total assistance
  - 1. Needs partial assistance and/or supervision, and/or adaptive devices (e.g., grab-bars)
  - 2. Independent (or does not require wheelchair)

#### Mobility (indoors and outdoors, on even surface)

#### 12. Mobility Indoors

- 0. Requires total assistance
  - 1. Needs electric wheelchair or partial assistance to operate manual wheelchair
  - 2. Moves independently in manual wheelchair
  - 3. Requires supervision while walking (with or without devices)
  - 4. Walks with a walking frame or crutches (swing)
  - 5. Walks with crutches or two canes (reciprocal walking)
  - 6. Walks with one cane
  - 7. Needs leg orthosis only
  - 8. Walks without walking aids

#### 13. Mobility for Moderate Distances (10-100 meters)

- 0. Requires total assistance
  - 1. Needs electric wheelchair or partial assistance to operate manual wheelchair
  - 2. Moves independently in manual wheelchair
  - 3. Requires supervision while walking (with or without devices)
  - 4. Walks with a walking frame or crutches (swing)
  - 5. Walks with crutches or two canes (reciprocal walking)
  - 6. Walks with one cane
  - 7. Needs leg orthosis only
  - 8. Walks without walking aids

#### 14. Mobility Outdoors (more than 100 meters)

- 0. Requires total assistance
  - 1. Needs electric wheelchair or partial assistance to operate manual wheelchair
  - 2. Moves independently in manual wheelchair
  - 3. Requires supervision while walking (with or without devices)
  - 4. Walks with a walking frame or crutches (swing)
  - 5. Walks with crutches or two canes (reciprocal waking)
  - 6. Walks with one cane
  - 7. Needs leg orthosis only

8. Walks without walking aids

#### 15. Stair Management

- 0. Unable to ascend or descend stairs
  - 1. Ascends and descends at least 3 steps with support or supervision of another person
  - 2. Ascends and descends at least 3 steps with support of handrail and/or crutch or cane
  - 3. Ascends and descends at least 3 steps without any support or supervision
  - 16. Transfers: wheelchair-car (approaching car, locking wheelchair, removing arm and footrests, transferring to and from car, bringing wheelchair into and out of car)
- 0. Requires total assistance
  - 1. Needs partial assistance and/or supervision and/or adaptive devices
  - 2. Transfers independent; does not require adaptive devices (or does not require wheelchair)

#### 17. Transfers: ground-wheelchair

- 0. Requires assistance
- 1. Transfers independent with or without adaptive devices (or does not require wheelchair)

	13-	Caregiver bur	den scale (CBS	S) [6] Questionna	ire (questions to be answered by the main caregiver):
ne	yea	r after the inju	ıry		
Stra	ain				
	1-	Do you find y	ourself facing	purely practical p	roblems in the care of your relative that you think are
		difficult to solv	/e?		
		□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often
	2-	Do you think y	ou have to sho	ulder too much res	sponsibility for your relative's welfare?
		□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often
	3-	Do you someti	mes feel as if y	ou would like to r	un away from the entire situations you find yourself in?
		□Not at All	□ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often
	4-	Do you feel tire	ed and worn ou	ıt?	
		□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often
	5-	Do you feel tie	d down by you	r relative's proble	m?
		□Not at All	□ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often
	6-	Do you find it	mentally trying	to take care of yo	our relative?
		□Not at All	□ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often
	7-	Do you think y	our own health	has suffered beca	use you have been taking care of your relative?
		□Not at All	□ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often
	8-	Do you think y	ou spend so mi	uch time with you	r relative that the time for yourself is insufficient?
		□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often
		Isolation			
	9-	Do you avoid i	nviting friends	and acquaintance	s home because of your relative's problem?
		□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often
	10-	Has your socia	l life; eg with f	amily and friends,	been lessened?
		□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often
	11-	•	ve's problem p	revented you from	doing what you had planned to do in this phase of your
		life?			

	□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
Disappointment										
12-	12- Have you a feeling that life has treated you unfairly?									
	□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
13-	· Had you expec	cted that life wo	uld be different th	nan it is at your age?						
		☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
14-	•	•		relative's problem?						
	$\square$ Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
15-	Do you find it		ng to take care of							
	$\square$ Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
16-				use you have been taking care of your relative?						
	$\square$ Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
	Emotional invo									
17-	•		of your relative's							
	□Not at All		□Sometimes	□Often						
18-	-		l angry with your							
	□Not at All	□ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
19-			our relative's beh							
	□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
	Environment									
20-				some for you taking care of your relative?						
	□Not at All	□ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
21-	•		•	ative in the proper way?						
	□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
22-			hborhood of you	relative's home making it troublesome for you to take						
	care of your re									
	□Not at All	☐ Seldom	□Sometimes	□Often						
	0 1 1 2 2		a							
Scored	from 1 to 4 (No	ot at All, Seldor	n, Sometimes, Of	ten)						

## **Pressure Ulcer Characteristics Form [7, 8]**

	Date of appearanc e of the pressure ulcer	Right	Mid-line	Left	Ulcer category (I, II, III, IV, U (Unstage able)[9, 10]	Length - largest opening diameter (mm)	Width - max. dimension perpendicular to the length axis (mm)	Largest undermining (mm)	Largest depth (mm)
Occiput	/								
Ear	/								
Scapula	/								
Elbow	/								
Ribs	/								
Spinous process	/								
Iliac crest	/								
Sacral	/								
Ischia tuberosity	/								
Trochanter	/								
Genitals	/								

Knee	/				
Malleolus	/				
Heel	/				
Foot	/				
Other location	/				

Has the ulcer been surgically treated: Yes No Unknown

If yes, date of last surgical intervention: YYYY/MM/DD

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