iScience, Volume 24

Supplemental information

Impact of hybrid immunity booster

vaccination and Omicron breakthrough

infection on SARS-CoV-2 VOCs cross-neutralization

Edwards Pradenas, Silvia Marfil, Víctor Urrea, Macedonia Trigueros, Tetyana Pidkova, Anna Pons-Grífols, Raquel Ortiz, Carla Rovirosa, Ferran Tarrés-Freixas, Carmen Aguilar-Gurrieri, Ruth Toledo, Anna Chamorro, Marc Noguera-Julian, Lourdes Mateu, Ignacio Blanco, Eulàlia Grau, Marta Massanella, Jorge Carrillo, Bonaventura Clotet, Benjamin Trinité, and Julià Blanco Figure S1



Figure S1. Participants infection history and nucleocapsid test (related to STAR Methods: study overview and subjects).

A. Temporal identification of circulating SARS-CoV-2 variants and their frequency in Catalonia Spain between March 2020 and March 2021 (source: <u>http://covidtag.paseq.org/</u>).
B. Temporal identification of circulating SARS-CoV-2 variants and their frequency in Catalonia Spain between December 2021 and March 2022 (source: <u>http://covidtag.paseq.org/</u>).
C. Anti-nucleocapsid protein IgG quantification for the status confirmation of uninfected participants. Threshold for positivity was calculated as the mean of negative controls + 2 standard deviations. Error bars indicate standard deviations. All uninfected participants were below threshold.

Figure S2



BA.1

BA.2



Figure S2. Direct comparison of variants neutralizing titers and ratios within -/2/- and +/2/- groups at 1 month after last vaccine dose (Related to Figure 1).

A/B. raw ID₅₀ (reciprocal dilutions) titers against the indicated variant spikes for -/2/- (A.) and +/2/-(B.) participants. Horizontal bars and numbers indicate ID₅₀ geometric means (GMT) for each variant and error bars indicate 95% confidence intervals. At the bottom are fold changes for the indicated comparisons. Only significant *p* values are indicated for comparisons between all variants (Friedman test with Dunn's multiple comparison, * *p* < 0.05, ** *p* < 0.01, *** *p* < 0.001, **** *p* < 0.0001). Dashed lines indicate the assay lower limit of detection (60 reciprocal dilutions). **C/D/E.** Ratio of WH1 ID50 over the indicated VOC ID50 calculated for spikes for -/2/- (C.) and +/2/-(D.) participants. E. is a reanalysis of C. excluding non-responders. Horizontal bars indicate ratio geometric means for each variant and error bars indicate 95% confidence intervals. Bottom numbers indicate fold reduction compared to WH1. Significant p values are indicated for comparisons between all variants (Friedman test with Dunn's multiple comparison, ** p < 0.01, ***** p < 0.0001)

F. Re-analysis of Figure 1C for variant BA.1 and BA.2 excluding non-responders.



Figure S3. Direct comparison of variants neutralizing titers and ratios within -/3/- and +/3/- groups (related to Figure 2).

A/B/C. raw ID₅₀ (reciprocal dilutions) titers against the indicated variant spikes for -/3/- (A.) and +/3/- (B.) participants. C. is a reanalysis of B. excluding participants who received only 1 dose as part of full vaccine schedule (highlighted in blue in B.). Horizontal bars and numbers indicate ID₅₀ geometric means (GMT) for each variant and error bars indicate 95% confidence intervals. At the bottom are fold changes for the indicated comparisons. Significant *p* values are indicated for comparisons between all variants (Friedman test with Dunn's multiple comparison, * *p* < 0.05, *** *p* < 0.001, **** *p* < 0.0001). Dashed lines indicate the assay lower limit of detection (60 reciprocal dilutions).

D/E/F. Ratio of WH1 ID₅₀ over the indicated VOC ID₅₀ calculated for spikes for -/3/- (D.) and +/3/- (E.) participants. F. is a reanalysis of E. excluding participants who received only 1 dose as part of full vaccine schedule (highlighted in blue in D.). Horizontal bars indicate ratio geometric means for each variant and error bars indicate 95% confidence intervals. Bottom numbers indicate fold reduction compared to WH1. Significant *p* values are indicated for comparisons between all variants (Friedman test with Dunn's multiple comparison, * *p* < 0.05, ** *p* < 0.01, *** *p* < 0.001)

G. Re-analysis of Figure 2C for variant BA.1 and BA.2 excluding non-responders.

Figure S4



Figure S4. Additional stratified analyses and 3 months follow up on participants who received a booster vaccines (related to Figure 2).

A/B. Reanalyses of Figure 2B and C, respectively, excluding participants who only received 1 dose as part of full vaccine schedule.

C. Follow-up neutralization titers about 1 month (=Figure 2B) and 3 month after booster vaccine.

Figure S5



Figure S5. Direct comparison of variants neutralizing titers and ratios within -/3/+ and +/3/+ groups (related to Figure 3).

A/B/C. raw ID₅₀ (reciprocal dilutions) titers against the indicated variant spikes for -/3/+ (A.) and +/3/+ (B.) participants. **C.** is a reanalysis of B. excluding participants who received only 1 dose as part of full vaccine schedule (highlighted in blue in B.). Horizontal bars and numbers indicate ID₅₀ geometric means (GMT) for each variant and error bars indicate 95% confidence intervals. At the bottom are fold changes for the indicated comparisons. Significant *p* values are indicated for comparisons between all variants (Friedman test with Dunn's multiple comparison, * *p* < 0.05, ** *p* < 0.01, *** *p* < 0.001, **** *p* < 0.0001). Dashed lines indicate the assay lower limit of detection (60 reciprocal dilutions).

D/E/F. Ratio of WH1 ID₅₀ over the indicated VOC ID₅₀ calculated for spikes for -/3/+ (D.) and +/3/+ (E.) participants. **F.** is a reanalysis of E. excluding participants who received only 1 dose as part of full vaccine schedule (highlighted in blue in E.). Horizontal bars indicate ratio geometric means for each variant and error bars indicate 95% confidence intervals. Bottom numbers indicate fold reduction compared to WH1. Significant *p* values are indicated for comparisons between all variants (Friedman test with Dunn's multiple comparison, * *p* < 0.05, ** *p* < 0.01, *** *p* < 0.001, **** *p* < 0.0001)

Figure S6



Figure S6. Additional stratified analyses (related to Figure 3).

A/B. Reanalyses of Figure 3B and 3C, respectively, excluding participants who only received 1 dose as part of full vaccine schedule.