Supplemental Online Content

Adler A, Biggs MA, Kaller S, Schroeder R, Ralph L. Changes in the frequency and type of barriers to reproductive health care between 2017 and 2021. *JAMA Netw Open*. 2023;6(4):e237461. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2023.7461

eTable. Sociodemographic Profiles of the National Survey of Family Growth, 2017 to 2019, and the Ipsos KnowledgePanel Populations, 2017 and 2021

This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

	National Survey of		
	Family Growth,	Ipsos Sample,	Ipsos Sample,
	2017-19	2017	2021
	(N=5557)	(N=7022)	(N = 6841)
	Weighted %	Weighted %	Weighted %
Percent of Federal Poverty Level^			
<100%	21.2	15.2	11.1
100 to 199%	22.6	16.0	13.6
\geq 200%	56.2	68.8	72.3
Missing			3.3
Age (years)			
18-19	5.8	4.6	2.8
20-24	14.8	14.8	14.4
25-29	17.1	16.8	17.1
30-34	16.2	16.5	17.6
35-39	16.0	15.8	16.8
40-44	14.5	15.2	15.9
45-49	15.7	16.2	15.3
Race/ethnicity			
Non-Hispanic white	57.9	57.1	55.1
Non-Hispanic Black	14.7	13.1	13.9
Non-Hispanic other	7.0	9.5	10.0
Hispanic	20.5	20.3	20.9
Language of the survey			
English	89.9	91.1	93.1
Spanish	8.0	8.9	6.9
Other ^a	2.2		
Highest level of education completed			
< High school (HS)	8.7	10.0	8.2
HS diploma or GED	25.4	22.8	21.6
Some college or associate's degree	22.5	32.0	29.3
College degree	43.5	35.2	40.9
Ever been pregnant			
Yes	65.8	n/a&	57.9
No	34.2	n/a	41.5
Refused		n/a	0.6

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[^] NSFG notes that they conduct multiple imputation on those missing household income; we do not perform multiple imputation and present a separate missing category. [&] Not asked in 2017 survey.