nature portfolio

Corresponding author(s):	Yong-Biao Zhang and Stylianos Antonarakis
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Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

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For	all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Confirmed
	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
\boxtimes	A description of all covariates tested
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
\boxtimes	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
X	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
X	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.
50	ftware and code

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

No software was used

Data analysis

The commercial software used are mentioned in the methods

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The data of the exome sequences of individuals are not provided; however the authors could provide anonymously the .vcf files to interested scientists upon request.

Human research participants

	v informatio						

Reporting on sex and gender	Sex and gender data have been collected.
Population characteristics	The populations of patients with Craniofacial Microsomia are of European and Chinese ancestry as described in the text and tables of the manuscript.
Recruitment	The cohorts of patients with CFM were recruited in genetics clinics on the basis of clinical findings compatible with the clinical diagnosis of CFM.
Ethics oversight	The project was approved by the Swiss Bioethics Committee of the University Hospitals and the Canton of Geneva (Protocol number: CER 11-036) and by local ethics committees and conducted under the Principles of Helsinki or an IRB approved protocol from USA. All the European samples were collected after informed consent from the patients or the parents.

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Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

There was not blinding in this rather diagnostic study.

Field-specific reporting

Blinding

X Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences						
For a reference copy of t	For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf						
Life sciences study design							
All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.							
Sample size	Craniofacial Microsomia (CFM) is a rare genetic developmental syndrome. we have collected a sample of 670 affected individuals and members of their families. This sample size is the largest reported in the biomedical literature.						
Data exclusions	No data were excluded						
Replication	All relevant data from the exome and genome sequencing were validated by Sanger sequencing of PCR products.						
Randomization	There are no experimental groups other than affected and non affected individuals by clinical evaluations.						

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Ma	aterials & experimental systems	Methods			
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study		
	Antibodies	\boxtimes	ChIP-seq		
	Eukaryotic cell lines	\boxtimes	Flow cytometry		
\times	Palaeontology and archaeology	\boxtimes	MRI-based neuroimaging		
	Animals and other organisms				
	⊠ Clinical data				
\boxtimes	Dual use research of concern				

Antibodies

Antibodies used

The primary antibodies included anti-EGFP (Abcam, Cambridge, UK), nuclear protein internal control anti-H3 (Abcam, Cambridge, UK), cytoplasmic protein internal control anti-GAPDH (Abcam, Cambridge, UK).

Validation

Validation was done by the manufacturer Abcam, Cambridge, UK.

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about <u>cell lines and Sex and Gender in Research</u>

HEK-293T Cell line source(s)

Authentication The HEK-293T was authenticated by the Nest Scientific, Wuxi, Jiangsu, China

Mycoplasma contamination

Cell lines were tested negative for Mycoplasma

Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)

There are no misidentified lines

Animals and other research organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research, and Sex and Gender in Research

Mice C57BL/6 Laboratory animals

N/A Wild animals

Reporting on sex There are no sex differences in the resulting phenotypes

Field-collected samples N/A

Ethics oversight

All animal experiments were performed under the approval of the Animal Care Committee in Beihang University and the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee at Baylor College of Medicine.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about clinical studies

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration N/A

Study protocol

The subjects were recruited as part of diagnostic studies

Data collection

The recruitment of patients with CFM was done over a period of 4 years

Outcomes

N/A