## **Supplementary Material**

A universal cell-free DNA approach for response prediction to preoperative chemoradiation in rectal cancer

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## **Content:**

- Supplementary Table 1: Additional clinicopathological characteristics of study population
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- 3. **Supplementary Table 2**: Coverage and quality statistics of the targeted bisulfite sequencing analysis. Due to file size, available as separate excel sheet.

## Supplementary Table 1. Additional clinicopathological characteristics of study population

	No pathCR	PathCR	Р
	(n = 30)	(n = 7)	
Total mesorectal excision	100%	100%	ns
(%)			
Low anterior resection/	67%/30%/3%	56%/0/44%	ns
Abdominoperineal			
resection/unknown (%)			
Distal surgical margins	14%		
involvement#			
Circumferential margins	10%		
involvement#			
Lymph node harvest	19.6	19	ns
(mean) <sup>\$</sup>			
Lymphovascular \ perineural	27%	0%	P < 0.05
invasion (%)\$			
Mismatch repair deficiency	9.5%		
(%)^			

ns – not significant

<sup>#</sup> Data not available for 1 patient

<sup>\$</sup> Data not available for 2 patients in non-pathCR group and 3 in pathCR group

<sup>^</sup> Data available for 21 patients (70%)

## Supplementary Figure 1: Tissue panel of eight colon-specific methylation markers.

The percentage of molecules with colon-specific methylation in genomic DNA was obtained from different cell types and tissues. In these experiments, we determined the fraction of molecules that were largely unmethylated across amplified CpG sites.

