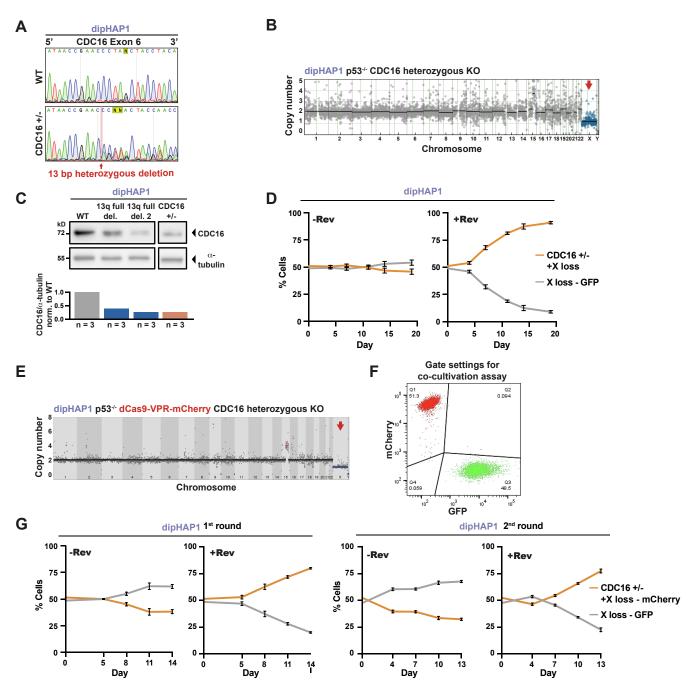
## Figure S13



**Figure S13. A,** DNA sequencing chromatogram of the heterozygous *CDC16* knockout in dipHAP1. **B,** Copy number profile of the dipHAP1 *CDC16+/-* knockout cell line with the additional monosomy of chromosome X. **C,** Western blot of CDC16 protein for the engineered chromosome 13q full deletion and *CDC16+/-* knockout cell lines. Alpha-tubulin was used as a loading control. The mean of the CDC16 intensity relative to the alpha-tubulin intensity and normalized to WT is depicted in the bar graph. **D,** Second independent co-cultivation of the dipHAP1 *CDC16+/-* + X loss cell line and the X loss-GFP cell line, related to Fig. 6C. The mean +/- SD for 6 separate populations of cells in one time course is shown. **E,** Copy number profile of the dipHAP1 dCas9-VPR-mCherry *CDC16+/-* + X loss knockout cell line, which was generated via lentiviral introduction of the dCas9-VPR construct into the dipHAP1 *CDC16+/-* knockout cell line from **B. F,** Schematic representation of the gates used for the measurement of the co-cultivation assay of GFP and mCherry labelled cells. **G,** Two independent co-cultivations of the dipHAP1 dCas9-VPR-mCherry *CDC16+/-* + X loss cell line and the X loss-GFP cell line without (-Rev) and with reversine (+Rev). The mean +/- SD for 3 separate populations of cells in one time course is shown.