

Supporting Information for

Characterization of LipS1 and LipS2 from *Thermococcus kodakarensis*: Proteins Annotated as Biotin Synthases, which Together Catalyze Formation of the Lipoyl Cofactor

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LipS1 (TK2109) codon-optimized gene sequence (Uniprot # Q5JEV3)

CATATGGCAGAGCCGAAAAAAGCTGAAAATCTATATTCCGGGTATCAAATTTCC
GAGCGTTAGCCTGACCGGTAATGCATGTGCACTGAATTGTGCACATTGCGGTAAACA
TTATCTGGAAGGTATGCGTAAACCGGAACGTGGTGAAGCTGCTGAGCTATTGTCTGCG
TCTGGCCGAAGAAGGTTATAACGGTTGTCTGCTGAGCGGTGGTATGGATGGTTCGTCT
GAAAGTTCGCTGGATTTTTATGCCAACGAAATCAAAGAGATCAAGAAACGCACCA
ACCTGAAACTGAATGCACATGTGGGTTTTATCGATGAAAGCGATCTGGAATGGGTG
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GTGTACAAAATCGACAAAACCGTTGATGATTATCTGCGCGTTCTGGATATTCTGACC
GAAGCCGGTGTTCGTGTTGCACCGCATATCACCATTGGTCTGGATTTTCGGCAAAATC
CACTGGGAATACAAAGCAATTGATATGCTGGTCAAATACCCGATTGATGTTCTGGTT
CTGGATGTGCTGATTCCGACCAAAGGCACCGAAATGGAAAATGTTCCGAAACCGAG
CGTTGAAGAAAGCCTGGAAGTTGTTAAATATGCCCGTGAAATGTTTGATGGCGAACT
GAGCATTGGTTGTATGCGTCCGTTAGGTCGTTGGCGTCTGGAATTTGATCGTGGTGC
AATTCTGACAGGTGTTGATCGTCTGACCAATCCGCCTCGTAAAGTTATTGAATGGGC
AAAAGGTATTCGTGATGTCGAGATTATCTATGAATGCTGCGTGATG**TAACTCGAG**

CATATG – *NdeI* restriction site

CTCGAG – *XhoI* restriction site

TAA – Stop codon

LipS1 (TK2109) protein sequence

MGSSHHHHHSSGLVPRGSHMAEPKKLKIYIPGIKFPSVSLTGNACALNCAHCGKHYL
EGMRKPERGELLSYCLRLAEEGYNGCLLSGMDGRLKVPLDFYANEIKEIKKRTNLKLN
AHVGFIDESDLEWVKYVDVVSDFVGDNDVIRRVYKIDKTVDDYLRVLDILTEAGVRV
APHITIGLDFGKIHWEYKAIDMLVKYPIDVLDVLIPTKGTEMENVPKPSVEESLEVVK
YAREMFDGELSIGCMRPLGRWRLEFDRGAILTGVDRLTNPPRKVIEWAKGIRDVEIIEYC
CVM

LipS2 (TK2248) codon-optimized gene sequence (Uniprot # Q5JHS9)

CATATGCCGGAAATGGTTCGTGTTAGCTATGGCACCGCAATTGCAATGGGTCTGATT
CGTGCAAAACTGCTGGCACGTCCGACCACCGCATATCTGATGACCTATTGGCCTGGT
CGTTGTAGCAATGATTGTGCATTTTGTGCACAGGCACGTAGCAGCCGTGCAGATCTG
GAAAAACTGAGCCGTGTTGTTTGGCCGAGCTTTATGCTGGAAGATGTTCTGGAAGGT
CTGAAAAAAGGTAACCTTTCACGTATTTGCCTGCAGACCATTGATTATCCTGGTATG
GTTGAAGATGTGTTTCGATCTGCTGGAAGCATTTAGCGATCTGAATCTGCCGATTAGC
GTTAGCATTACACCGGTTGATAGCGAAACCCTGGAACGTTTTAAAGAACGTGGTGTG
GATTATATTGGTGTGGTCTGGATGTTGCAAGCGAACGTCTGTTTCGTGAAATAAA
CCGGATCTGAGCTGGGAAGAAGTTTGGGATTTTGCAGGTCGTGTTATTGATGTTTTT
GGTCGTGGTAAAGCACTGCTGCATGTTATTGTTGGCCTGGGTGAAACCGATGGTGAA
CTGGTTAATACCTTTATTCGTGCACGTGAAATTGGTGCCGATGTTAGCATTTTTGCAT
TTACCCCGATTAAAGGCACCCGTCTGGAAAATCGTGAACCGCCTAGCCTGGAACATT
ATCGTAAAATTCAGCTGGCCAAATATCTGGTGAGCATTGGTAAAGAAGATGCCATTG
TTTTTGATGGCGATAGCATTAAAGGTTTCGCACTGAGCAAAGATGAAGTTGCAAAAA
TTCCGACCACAGTGTTTATGACCCATGGTTGTCCGGGTTGTAATCGTCCGTATTATAA
CGAACGTCCGGGTAAAGAACCGTATAACTATCCGCTGGCACCGAAACGTGAAGATT
TTGAACGTACCCTGCGTCTGATTCTG**TAACTCGAG**

CATATG – *NdeI* restriction site

CTCGAG – *XhoI* restriction site

TAA – Stop codon

LipS2 (TK2248) protein sequence

MGSSHHHHHSSGLVPRGSHMPEMVRVSYGTAIAMGLIRAKLLARPTTAYLMTYWPG
RCSNDCAFCAQARSSRADLEKLSRVVWPSFMLEDVLEGLKKGNFARICLQTIDYPGMV
EDVFDLLEAFSDLNLPISVSITPVDSETLERFKERGVYIGVGLDVASERLFREIKPDLW
EEVWDFAGRVIDVFRGKALLHVIVGLGETDGELVNTFIRAREIGADVSIFAFTPIKGTRL
ENREPPSLEHYRKIQLAKYLVSIGKEDAIVFDGDSIKGFALSKDEVAKIPTTVFMTHGCPG
CNRPYYNERPGEKPYNYPLAPKREDFERTLRLLIL

Table S1: Primers for constructing LipS1 auxiliary cysteine and other ligand variants

Mutant	Forward primer	Reverse primer
C54A LipS1	5'-GAACTGCTGAGCTAT <u>GCGC</u> TGGTCTGGCCGAA-3'	5'-CTTCGGCCAGACGCAG <u>CG</u> <u>C</u> ATAGCTCAGCAGTTC-3'
C65A LipS1	5'-GAAGAAGGTTATAACGGT <u>GC</u> <u>G</u> CTGCTGAGCGGTGGTATG-3'	5'-CATACCACCGCTCAGCAG <u>CG</u> <u>C</u> ACCGTTATAACCTTCTTC-3'
C230A LipS1	5'-GGCGAACTGAGCATTGGT <u>GC</u> <u>G</u> ATGCGTCCGTTAGGTCG-3'	5'-CGACCTAACGGACGCAT <u>CGC</u> ACCAATGCTCAGTTCGCC-3'
C276A LipS1	5'-GTCGAGATTATCTATGA <u>AGC</u> <u>G</u> TGCGTGATGTA ^{ACT} CGAG-3'	5'-CTCGAGTTACATCACGC <u>ACG</u> <u>C</u> TTCATAGATAATCTCGAC-3'
C277A LipS1	5'-GTCGAGATTATCTATGAATG <u>CGCG</u> GTGATGTA ^{ACT} CGAG-3'	5'-CTCGAGTTACATCAC <u>CGCGC</u> ATTCATAGATAATCTCGAC-3'
H159A LipS1	5'-GGTGTTGTTGCACCG <u>GCG</u> ATCACCATTGGTCTG -3'	5'-CAGACCAATGGTGAT <u>CGCCG</u> GTGCAACACGAACACC-3'

Table S2: Primers for constructing LipS2 auxiliary cysteine and other ligand variants

Mutant	Forward primer	Reverse primer
C85A LipS2	5'-GGTAACTTTGCACGTATT <u>GCG</u> CTGCAGACCATTGATTATCCTG-3'	5'-CAGGATAATCAATGGTCTGCA <u>GCGCA</u> ATACGTGCAAAGTTACC-3'
C276A LipS2	5'-GTGTTTATGACCCATGGT <u>GCG</u> CCGGGTTGTAATCGTCCG-3'	5'-CGGACGATTACAACCCGGC <u>GC</u> ACCATGGGTCATAAACAC-3'
C279A LipS2	5'-GACCCATGGTTGTCCGGGT <u>GCGA</u> ATCGTCCGTATTATAACG-3'	5'-CGTTATAATACGGACGATTC <u>GC</u> ACCCGGACAACCATGGGTC-3'
T28A LipS2	5'-GCTGGCACGTCCGAC <u>GCG</u> GCATATCTGATGACCTATTG-3'	5'-CAATAGGTCATCAGATATGC <u>CG</u> CGGTCGGACGTGCCAGC-3'
S113A LipS2	5'-GATCTGAATCTGCCGATT <u>GCG</u> GTTAGCATTACACCG-3'	5'-CGGTGTAATGCTAACC <u>GCAA</u> TCGGCAGATTCAGATC-3'
S115A LipS2	5'-GAATCTGCCGATTAGCGTT <u>GCG</u> ATTACACCGGTTGATAG-3'	5'-CTATCAACCGGTGTAATCG CAAC <u>GCTA</u> ATCGGCAGATTC-3'
H178A LipS2	5'-GTCGTGGTAAAGCACTGCTG <u>GCG</u> GTTATTGTTGGCCTGGG-3'	5' -CCCAGGCCAACAATAAC <u>GCG</u> CAGCAGTGCTTTACCACGAC-3'

Table S3: Primers for constructing LipS1_{ARS} and LipS2_{ARS} cysteine variants

Mutant	Forward primer	Reverse primer
LipS1	5'-GCCTGACCGGTAATGCAG	5'-CAGATAATGTTTACCCGCATG
C27A/C31A/ C34A	<u>CGGCACTGAATGCGGCACAT</u> <u>GCGGGTAAACATTATCTG-3'</u>	TGCCGCATTCAGTGCCGCTGCAT TACCGGTCAGGC-3'
LipS2	5'-GACCTATTGGCCTGGTCGT	5'-CTGCTACGTGCCTGTGCCGCA
C39A/C43A/ C46A	<u>GCGAGCAATGATGCGGCATTT</u> <u>GCGGCACAGGCACGTAGC</u> AG-3'	AATGCCGCATCATTGCTCGCACG ACCAGGCCAATAGGTC-3'

Table S4: LC-MS gradient conditions for the analysis of substrates/products in LipS1 and LipS2 reactions

Time (min)	0.1% Formic acid in H ₂ O	Acetonitrile	Flow (mL/min)
0	95%	5%	0.3
0.5	95%	5%	0.3
3	50%	50%	0.3
4.5	50%	50%	0.3
5.5	95%	5%	0.3
7	95%	5%	0.3

Table S5: MRM fragmentation products monitored by LC-MS.

Compound	Parent ion*	Product Ion 1 [§]	Product Ion 2 [§]
AtsA peptide	474.4 (112)	229.1 (18)	153 (26)
5'-dAH	252.1 (90)	136 (13)	119 (50)
Trp	188 (114)	145.9 (13)	117.9 (25)
Methionine	150.1 (65)	104 (8)	56 (16)
Lipoyl peptide	996.5 (208)	776.3 (30)	274.1 (46)
Monothiolated peptide	964.5 (222)	584.3 (32)	242.1 (48)
Octanoyl peptide	932.5 (188)	712.4 (29)	210.1 (53)
Monothiolated ³⁴ S peptide	966.5 (222)	586.3 (32)	244.1 (48)
Lipoyl ^{34/32} S peptide	998.5 (208)	778.3 (30)	276.1 (46)

*Respective fragmentor voltage in parenthesis

§ Respective collision energies in parenthesis

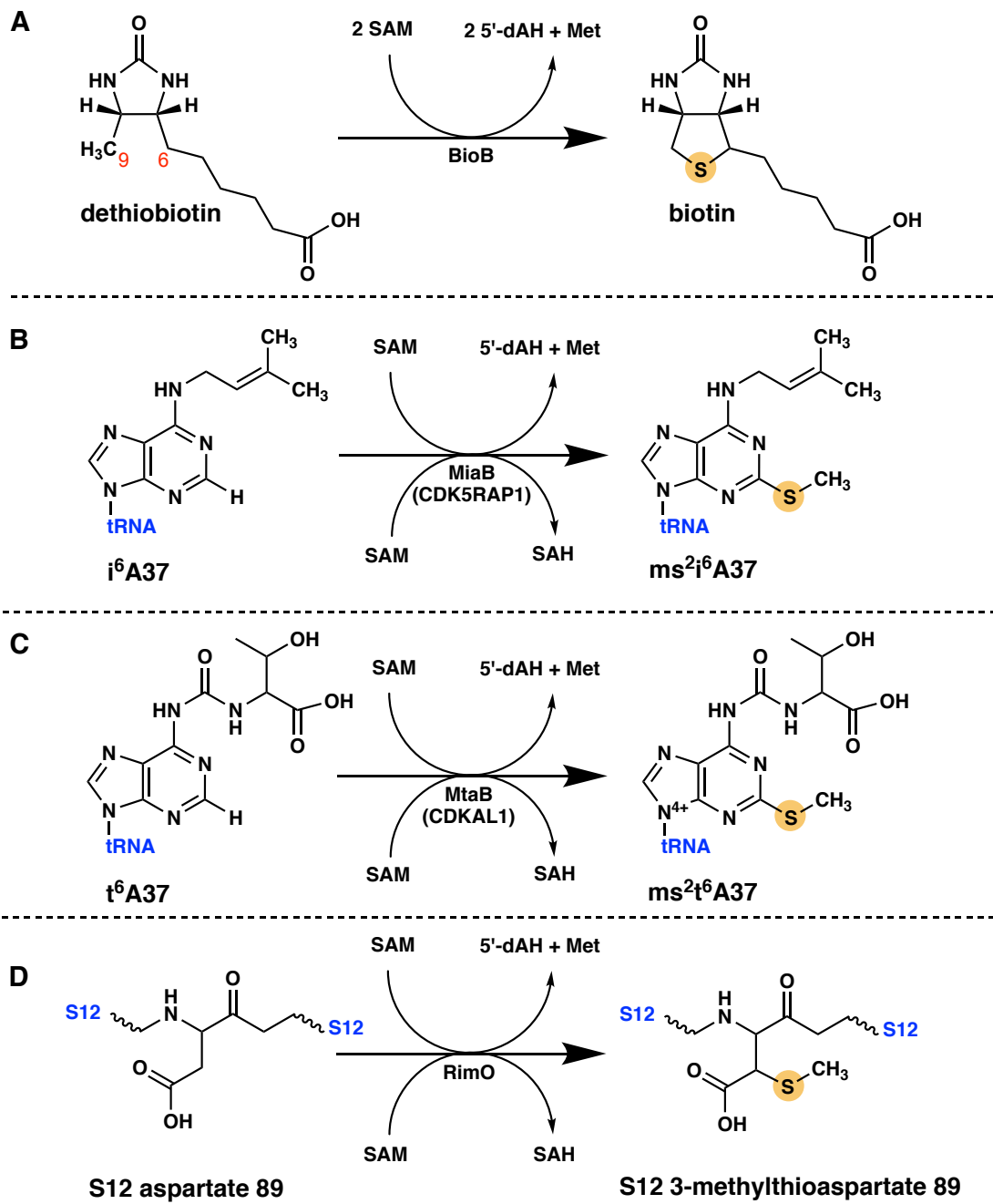


Figure S1: Other RS enzymes involved in sulfur insertion reactions **A)** BioB **B)** MiaB **C)** MtaB **D)** RimO

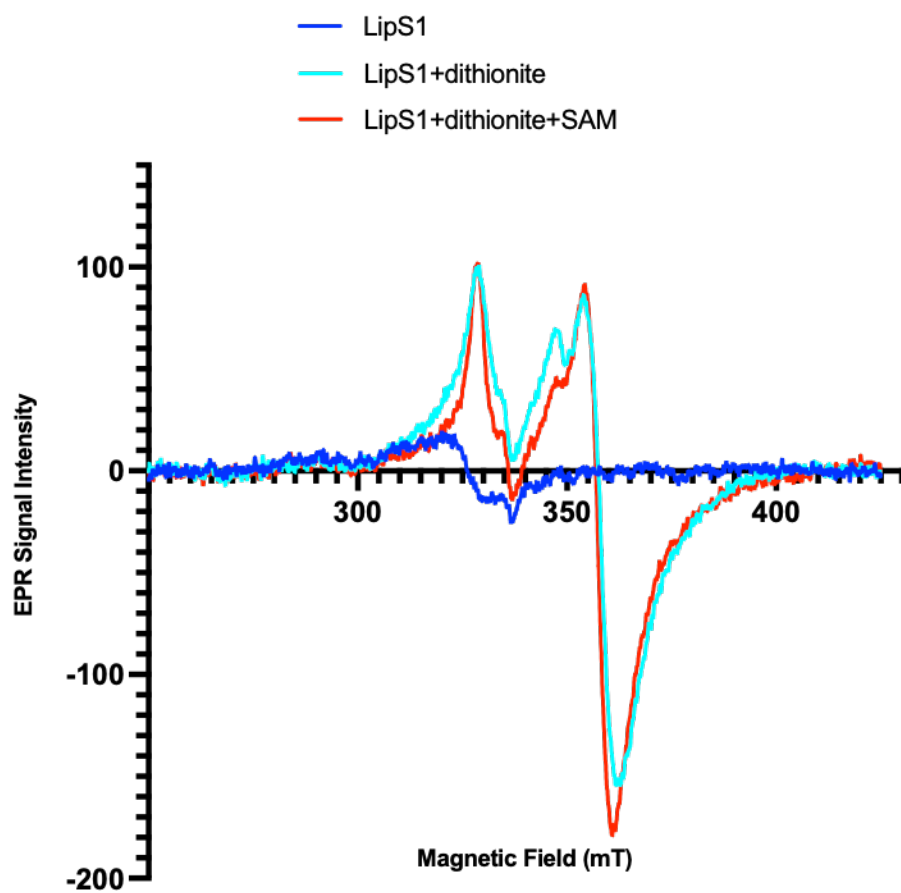


Figure S2. EPR spectra of 200 μM LipS1_{WT} (blue), 200 μM LipS1_{WT} + 2 mM dithionite (cyan), and 200 μM LipS1_{WT} + 2 mM dithionite + 1 mM SAM (red). Spectra were recorded at 10 K.

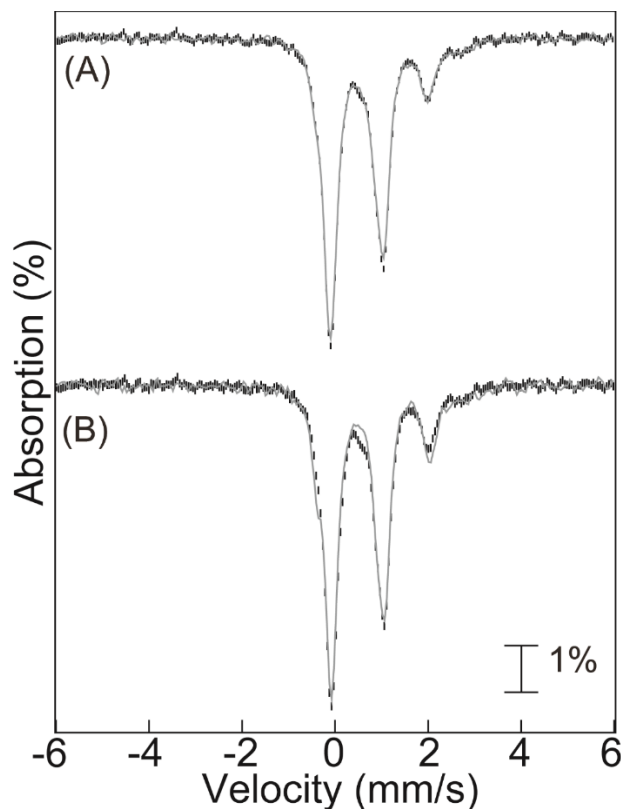


Figure S3. Comparison of the 4.2-K Mössbauer spectrum of reconstituted LipS1 Δ RS collected without an externally applied magnetic field (vertical bars) to the 4.2-K Mössbauer spectrum of reconstituted LipS1 Δ RS collected with a 53-mT magnetic field oriented parallel to the γ beam (solid line, **A**); the fact that these spectra are virtually identical reveals the absence of [Fe₃S₄]⁰-like clusters. Comparison of the 4.2-K Mössbauer spectrum of reconstituted LipS1 Δ RS collected without an externally applied magnetic field (vertical bars) to the 4.2-K Mössbauer spectrum of non-reconstituted LipS1 Δ RS collected without an externally applied magnetic field (solid line, **B**). The fact that the major contribution to the spectra is the quadrupole doublet associated with [Fe₄S₄]²⁺ clusters suggests that the auxiliary cluster as is an [Fe₄S₄] cluster.

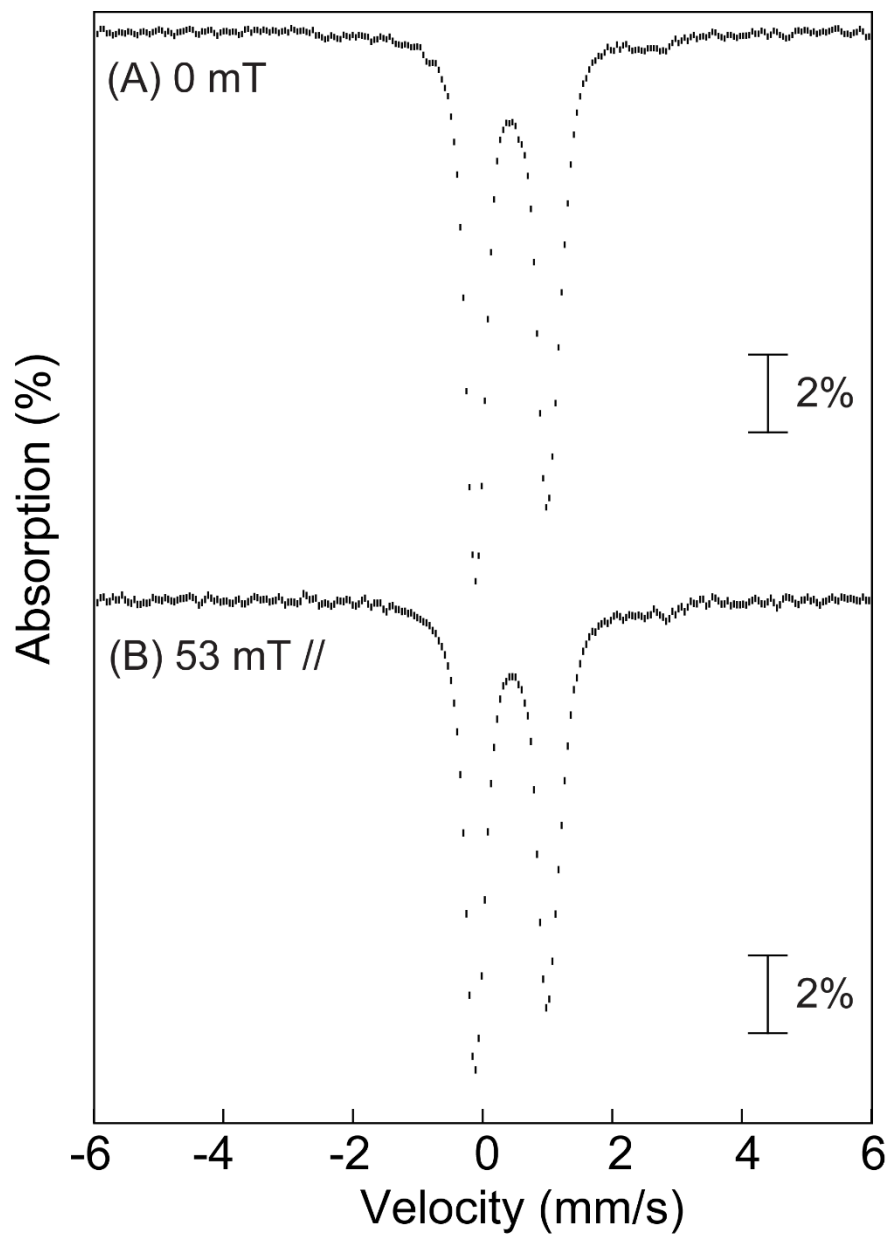


Figure S4. Mössbauer spectra of reconstituted LipS2_{WT} collected at 4.2 K with an external applied magnetic field of (A) 0 mT or (B) 53 mT oriented parallel to the γ beam (vertical bars).

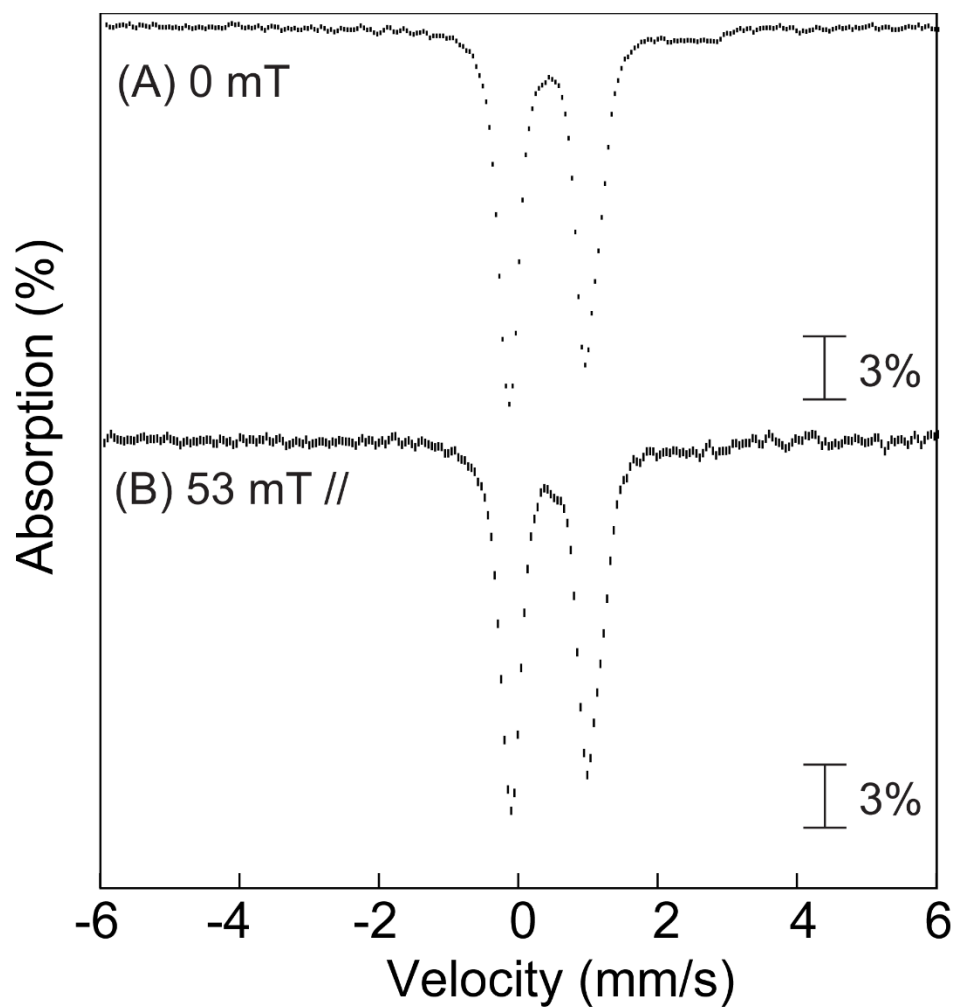


Figure S5. Mössbauer spectra of reconstituted LipS2 Δ RS collected at 4.2 K with an external applied magnetic field of (A) 0 mT or (B) 53 mT oriented parallel to the γ beam (vertical bars).

Table S6: Parameters used to simulate Mössbauer spectra

Protein	Fe species	δ (mm/s)	ΔE_Q (mm/s)	% ^{57}Fe	Total ^{57}Fe /protomer	# cluster(s)/protomer	of
LipS1 _{WT}	[Fe ₄ S ₄] ²⁺	0.46	1.12	47	3.29	0.8	
	[3Fe- 4S] ⁰	Fe ^{2.5} Fe ^{III}	0.45 0.31	1.00 0.50	20 10	2.10	0.7
	[Fe ₂ S ₂] ²⁺	0.25	0.67	12	0.84	0.4	
	N/O-coordinated high-spin Fe ^{II}	1.12	2.67	11	0.77	-	
LipS1 _{ΔRS}	[Fe ₄ S ₄] ²⁺	0.46	1.12	69	2.83	0.7	
	N/O-coordinated unique Fe site of [Fe ₄ S ₄] ²⁺	0.85	2.25	17	0.70	0.3	
	[Fe ₂ S ₂] ²⁺	0.25	0.67	9	0.37	0.2	
	N/O-coordinated high-spin Fe ^{II}	1.20	2.9	5	0.2	-	
LipS2 _{WT}	[Fe ₄ S ₄] ²⁺	0.47	1.12	90	6.12	1.5	
	[Fe ₂ S ₂] ²⁺	0.25	0.67	5	0.34	0.2	
	N/O-coordinated high-spin Fe ^{II}	1.28	2.71	5	0.34	-	
LipS2 _{ΔRS}	[Fe ₄ S ₄] ²⁺	0.47	1.12	90	3.48	0.9	
	[Fe ₂ S ₂] ²⁺	0.25	0.67	2	0.08	0.04	
	N/O-coordinated high-spin Fe ^{II}	1.28	2.71	8	0.31	-	

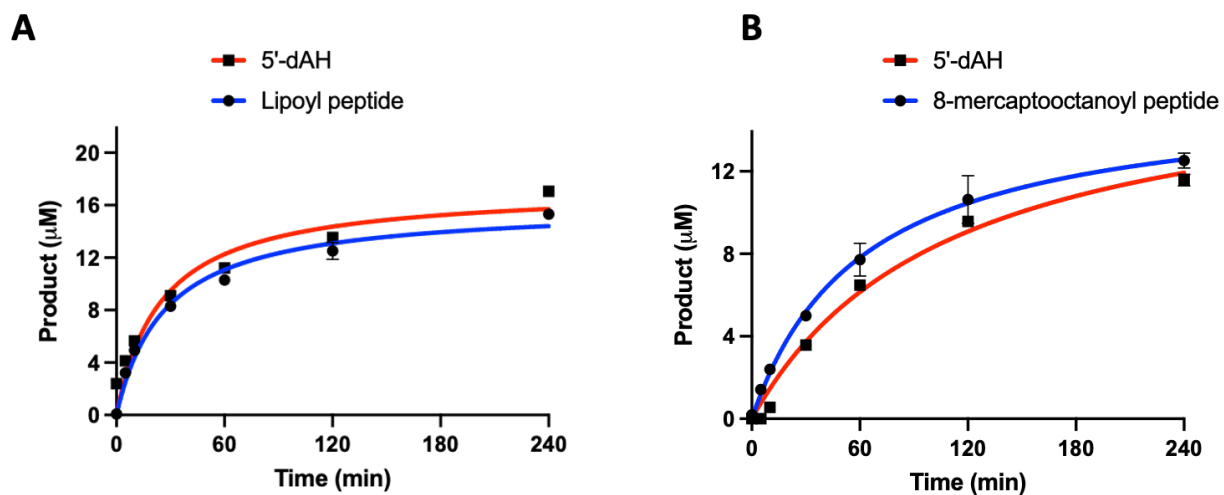


Figure S6. Reactions of **A)** LipS1_{WT} with 8-mercaptioctanoyl peptide substrate **B)** LipS2_{WT} with octanoyl peptide substrate. The reactions contained 10 µM LipS1 or 10 µM LipS2, 300 µM peptide substrate, 10 µM ferredoxin, 4 µM ferredoxin reductase, 1 mM NADPH and 0.5 mM SAM. Reactions were conducted at 40 °C in triplicate. Error bars represent one standard deviation from the mean.

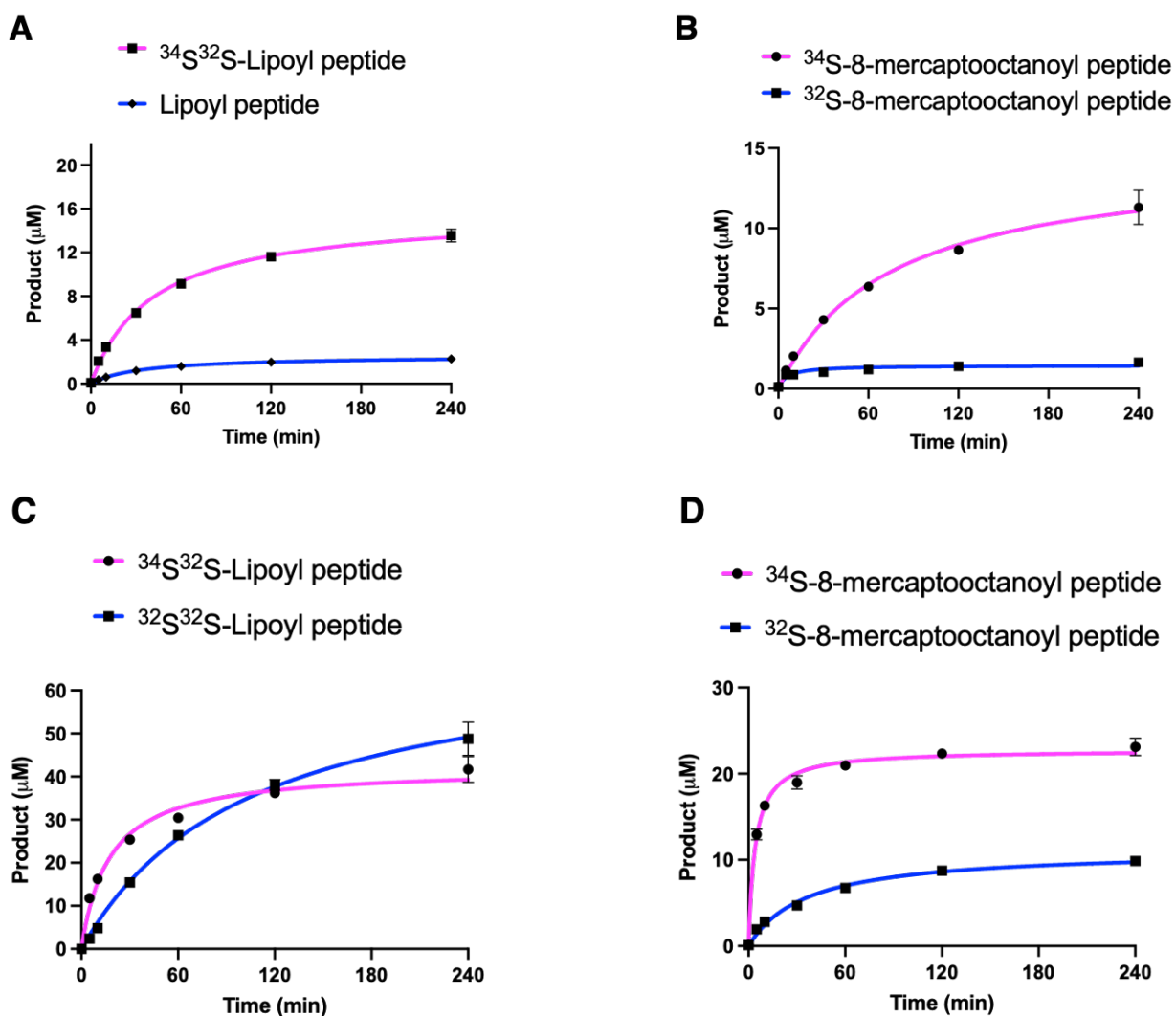


Figure S7. A) and B) ³⁴S-labeled LipS1 and ³⁴S-labeled LipS2 reactions with 8-mercaptooctanoyllysyl peptide or with octanoyllysyl peptide, respectively, using the ferredoxin/ferredoxin reductase/NADPH reducing system. C) and D) ³⁴S-labeled LipS1 and ³⁴S-labeled LipS2 reactions with 8-mercaptooctanoyllysyl peptide and octanoyllysyl peptide, respectively, using dithionite as a reductant. The reactions contained 10 µM LipS1 or 10 µM LipS2, 10 µM ferredoxin, 4 µM ferredoxin reductase, and 1.5 mM NADPH, 300 µM substrate, and 0.5 mM SAM. When dithionite replaced the ferredoxin/ferredoxin reductase/NADPH

reducing system it was used at a concentration of 1.5 mM. Reactions were conducted at 40 °C in triplicate. Error bars represent one standard deviation from the mean.

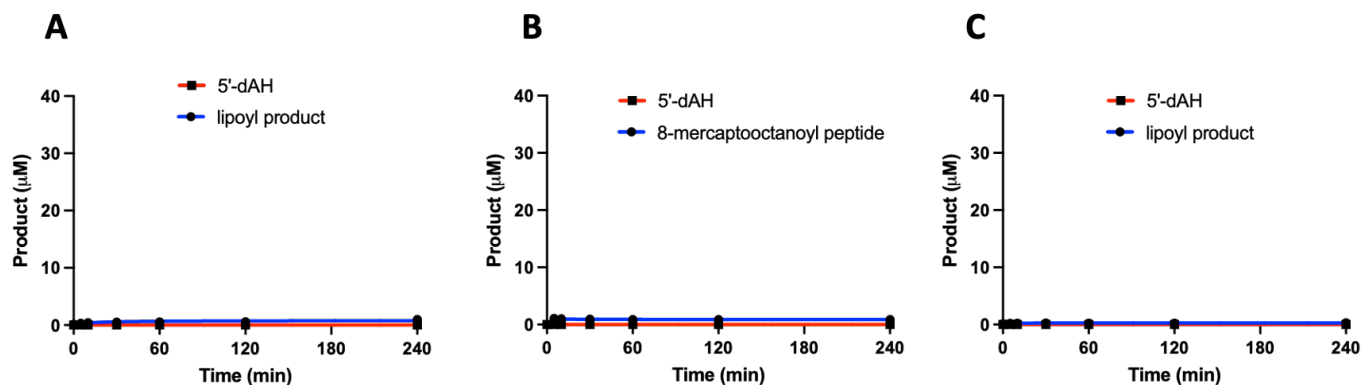


Figure S8. Reactions of **A)** LipS1 Δ RS with 8-mercaptooctanoyl peptide substrate **B)** LipS2 Δ RS with octanoyl peptide substrate **C)** LipS1 Δ RS and LipS2 Δ RS with octanoyl peptide. The reactions contained 10 μM LipS1 and/or 10 μM LipS2, 300 μM octanoyl peptide substrate, 0.5 mM dithionite and 0.5 mM SAM. Reactions were conducted at 45 °C in triplicate. Error bars represent one standard deviation from the mean.

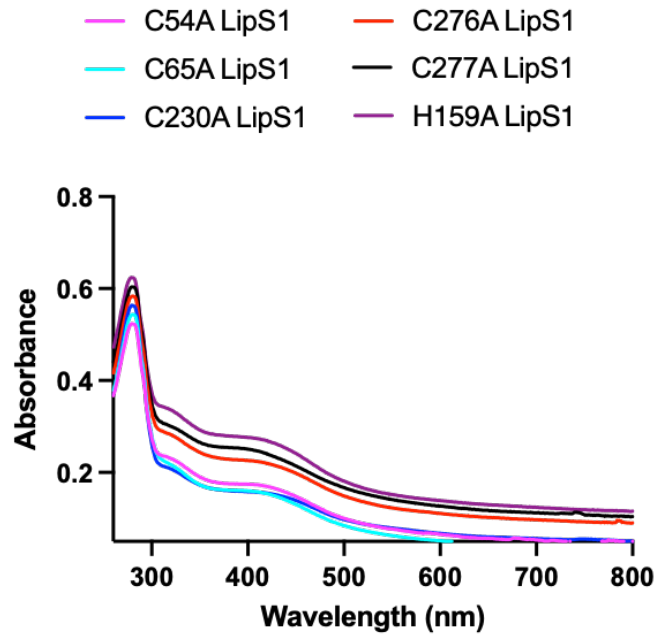


Figure S9: UV-Vis spectra of 8.4 μM LipS1 auxiliary cluster ligand variants (normalized to the absorption at 280 nm).

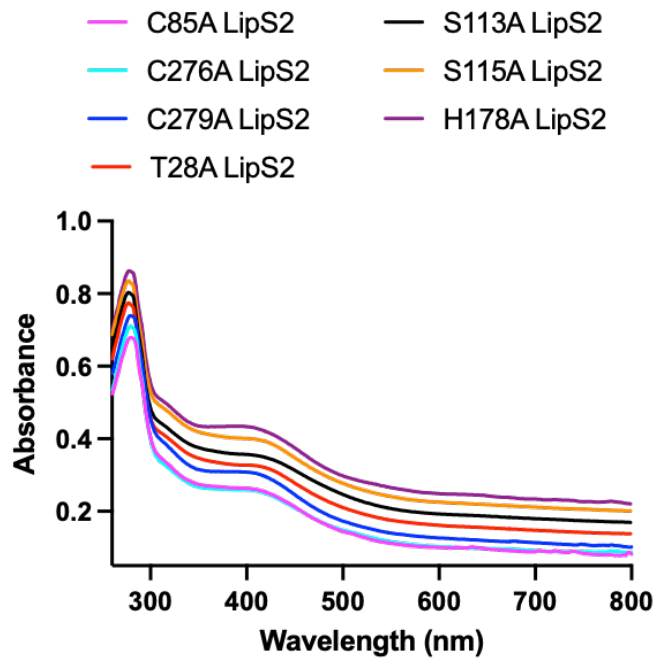


Figure S10: UV-Vis spectra of 9 μM LipS2 auxiliary cluster ligand variants (normalized to the absorption at 280 nm).

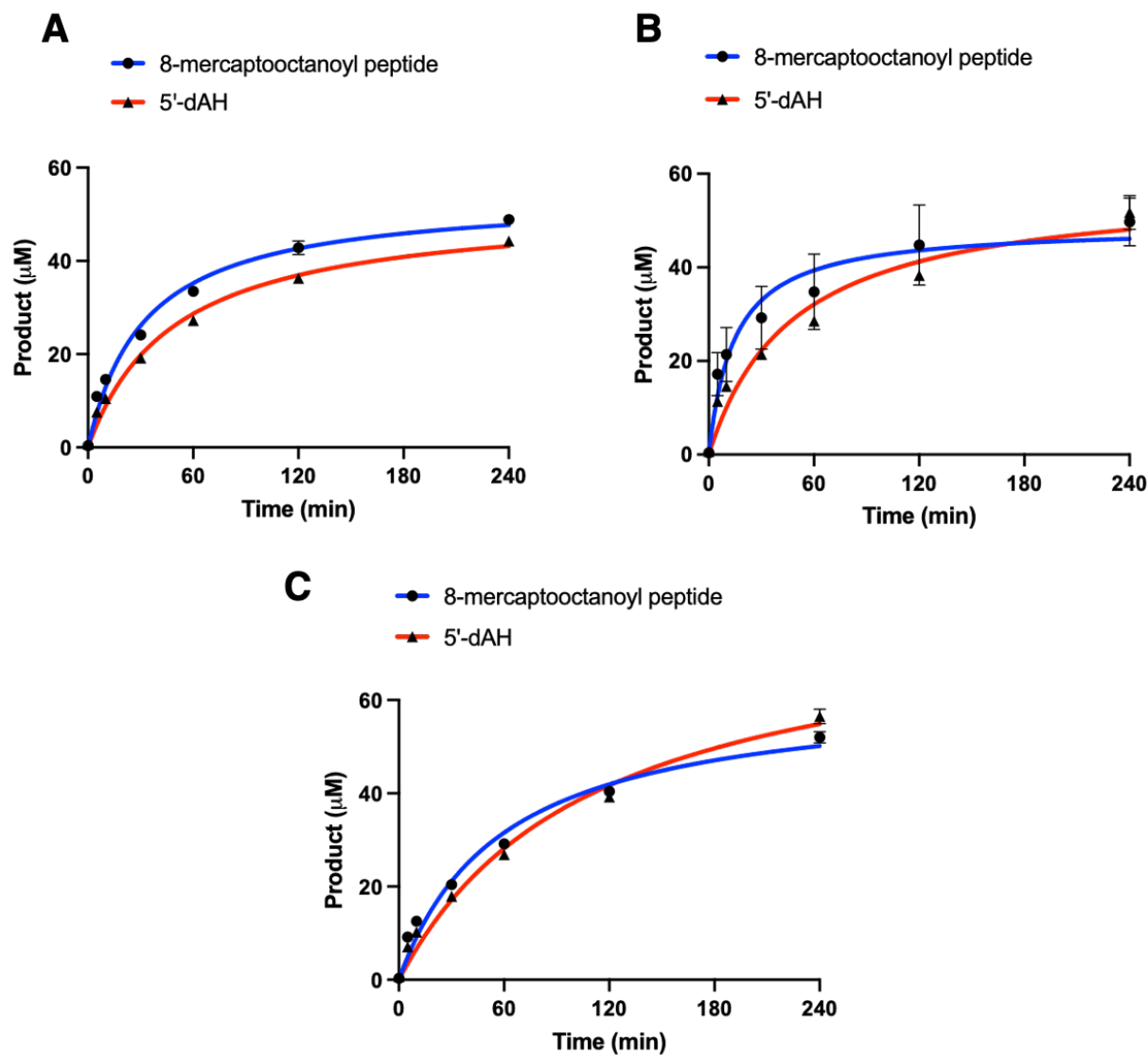


Figure S11. Reactions of **A)** T28A LipS2 **B)** S113A LipS2 **C)** S115A LipS2 with octanoyllysyl peptide. The reactions contained 10 μM LipS2 variant, 300 μM substrate, 1.5 mM dithionite and 0.5 mM SAM. Reactions were conducted at 45 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ in triplicate. Error bars represent one standard deviation from the mean.

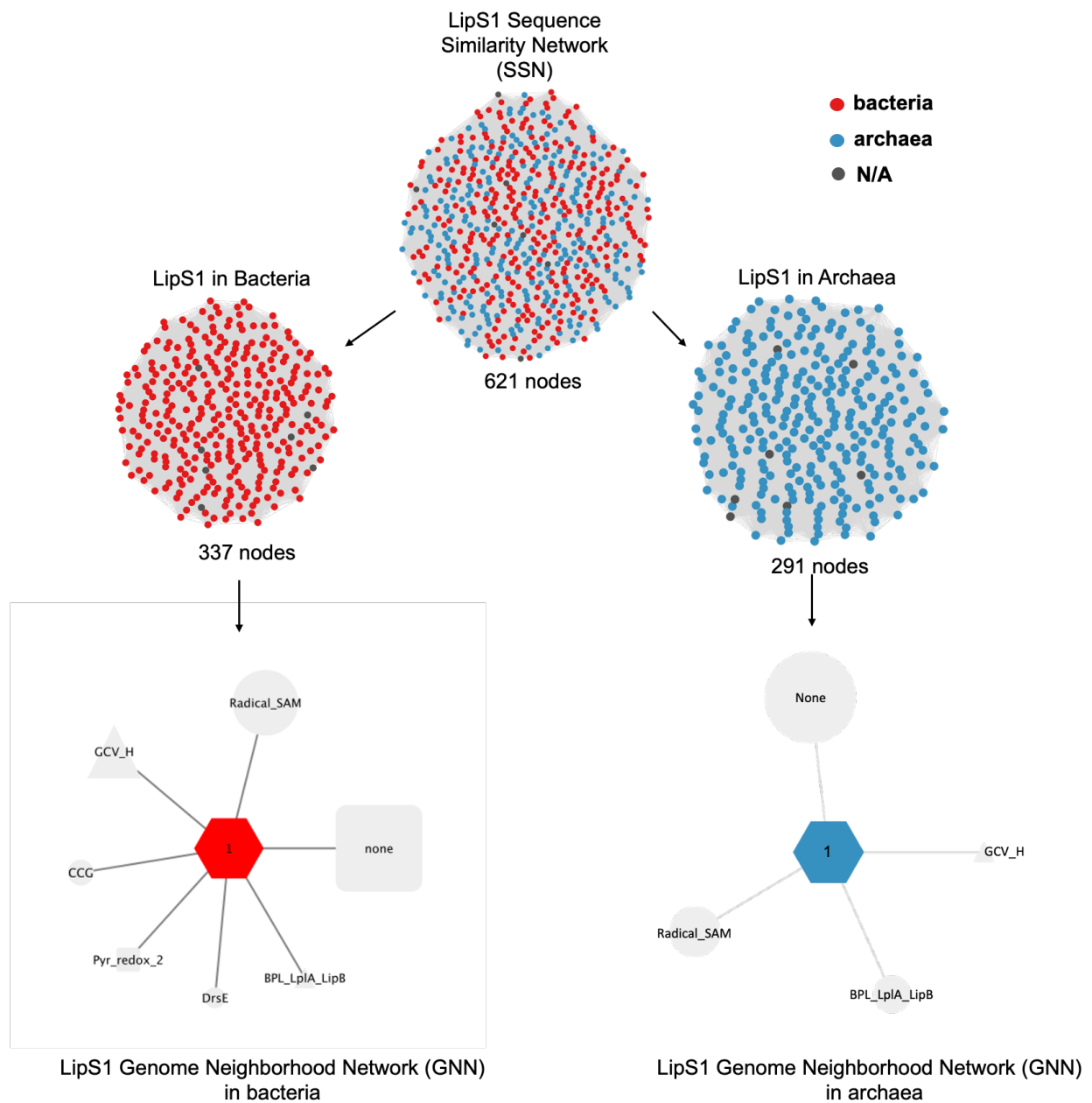


Figure S12. Genome neighborhood analysis of Megacluster 4_7 (LipS1) in bacteria and archaea obtained from radicalSAM.org.

GCV_H = H-protein of the glycine cleavage system (Pfam01597)

Radical_SAM = Radical-SAM domain containing protein (Pfam04055)

CCG = cysteine-rich domain/heterodisulfide reductase subunit B (Pfam02754)

BPL_LplA_LipB = Biotin/lipoate A/B protein ligase family (Pfam03099)

Pyr_redox_2 = Heterodisulfide reductase subunit A/pyridine nucleotide-disulphide oxidoreductase (Pfam07992)

DrsE = Putative peroxiredoxin/sulfur reduction protein (Pfam02635)

None = Neighbor not associated with a Pfam family (20% of protein in UniProt are not assigned to a Pfam family). 'None' assigned to the 'no Pfam' family.

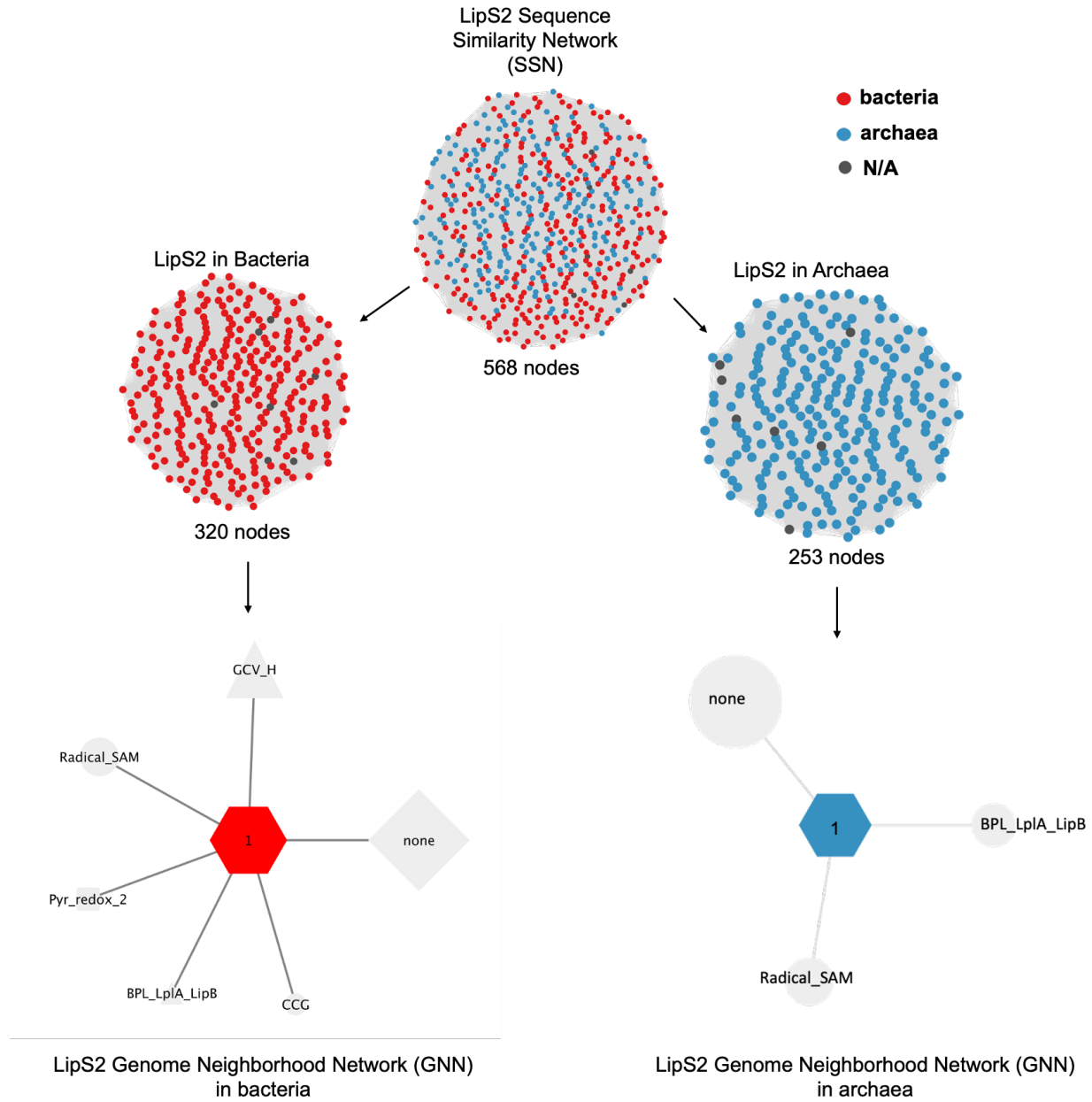


Figure S13. Genome analysis of Megacluster 4_8 (LipS2) in bacteria and archaea obtained from radicalSAM.org.

GCV_H = H-protein of the glycine cleavage system (Pfam01597)

Radical_SAM = Radical-SAM domain containing protein (Pfam04055)

CCG = cysteine-rich domain/heterodisulfide reductase subunit B (Pfam02754)

BPL_LplA_LipB = Biotin/lipoate A/B protein ligase family (Pfam03099)

Pyr_redox_2 = Heterodisulfide reductase subunit A/pyridine nucleotide-disulphide oxidoreductase (Pfam07992)

None = Neighbor not associated with a Pfam family (20% of protein in UniProt are not assigned to a Pfam family). 'None' assigned to the 'no Pfam' family.

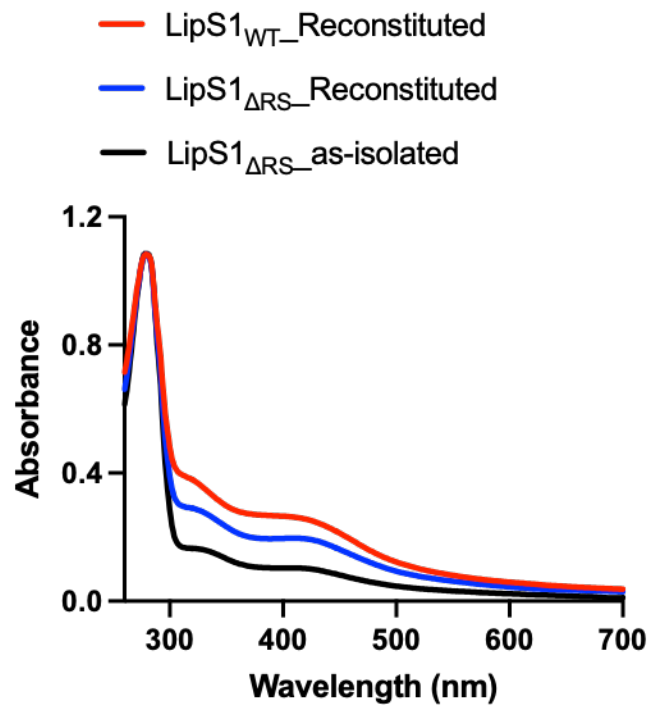
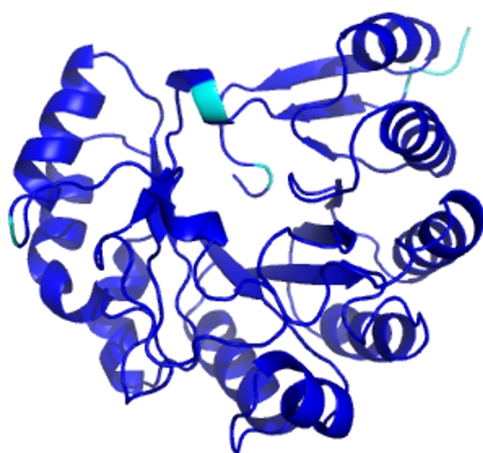


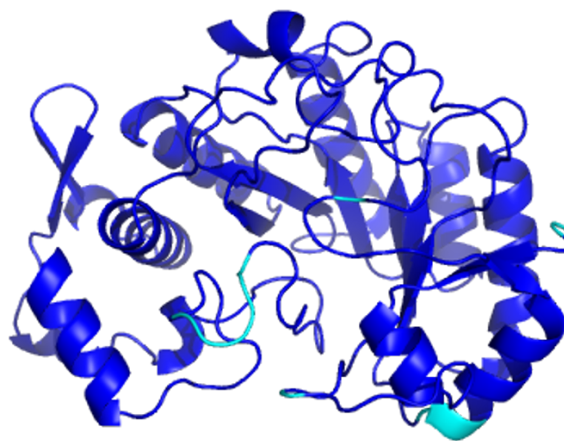
Figure S14. Comparison of the UV-vis spectra of reconstituted LipS1_{WT} (red), reconstituted LipS1_{ΔRS} (blue), and as-isolated LipS1_{ΔRS} (black) proteins (normalized to the absorption at 280 nm).

Model Confidence:

- Very high (pLDDT >90)
- Confident (90 > pLDDT > 70)
- Low (70 > pLDDT > 50)
- Very low (pLDDT < 50)



LipS1



LipS2

Figure S15. Confidence scores of LipS1 and LipS2 models based on AlphaFold server. AlphaFold server predicts per-residue confidence score (pLDDT) in the range of 0 to 100.